The New-York Times.

VOL. XI—NO. 3296.
NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1862.
PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE WAR IN THE SOUTHWEST.

An Important Movement Against the Rebels.

Their Communications Below Corinth Cut off by Our Forces.

Bridges on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Destroyed.

A FLAG OF TRUCE FROM BEAUREGARD.

Gen. Grant's Official Report on the Way to Washington.

ANOTHER GREAT BATTLE IMMINENT.

PITTSBURGH LANDING, Tenn., Monday, April 14.

A force of four thousand men, on five transports, left this landing on Saturday night, accompanied by the gunboats *Tyler* and *Lexington*, and proceeded up the Tennessee River to a point near Eastport, Miss., where they landed, and proceeded inland to Bear Creek Bridge, and *destroyed the two bridges on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad*, one measuring 121 feet, and the other 210 feet in length.

A cavalry force of 150 men was found there, who, after having four killed, "skedaddled" in the most approved Southern style. The expedition returned Sunday night, without having lost a man.

This was one of the most successful operations of its kind during the war, *completely cutting off communication of the main rebel body at Corinth with Alabama and the rest of the Confederacy, except New-Orleans.*

A flag of truce arrived at the outposts yesterday, with the son of Gov. JOHNSON, of Kentucky, asking for his father.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, April 15.

Several gentlemen connected with the Army at Pittsburgh, arrived here yesterday. Among them is Capt. LAGOU, of Gen. GRANT's Staff, who is the bearer of Gen. GRANT's official report of the battle of Pittsburgh. They left the army on Friday night.

Gen. HALLECK arrived in Pittsburgh on Friday, and immediately assumed command of the army.

Gen. GRANT, in his official report, estimates our loss 1,500 killed and 3,500 wounded. The loss of the enemy in killed and left on the field is greater than ours. In wounded an estimate cannot be made, as many must have been sent to Corinth and other places. The loss of artillery was great, many pieces being disabled by the enemy's shot; some losing all their horses and many men. Not less than 200 horses were killed.

The rebel army has its headquarters at the foot of Pea Ridge, extending two miles from Corinth. The advance of the National troops is eight miles from Pittsburgh Landing, *leaving a space of only two miles between the opposing armies. A battle may be fought at any moment. We have the strongest assurance that our army is ready for the encounter.*

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, April 15.

The *Commercial* has information from a reliable man, who left the battle-ground on Thursday evening. He estimated our loss in killed at from 1,200 to 1,500; wounded, 3,500 to 4,000, and missing, 2,500. The rebels lost more in killed than we did, but not so many wounded. About 1,000 unwounded rebel prisoners were taken, and about 1,200 wounded. Up to the time he left 2,200 rebels had been buried.

Our troops retook on Monday all the batteries lost on Sunday, and captured twelve pieces from the enemy. The rebels were so confident of their ability to hold our camps which they took on Sunday, that with a single exception they did not destroy them.

On Tuesday Gen. BEAUREGARD sent a flag of truce, requesting permission to bury his dead, and saying:

"Owing to the heavy reinforcements you received Sunday night and Monday, and the fatigue of my men, *I deemed it prudent to retire and not renew the battle.*"

The permission was not granted.

The bearer of the flag admitted that Gen. BEAUREGARD received a slight wound in the left arm.

DEATH OF GEN. WALLACE.

CAIRO, Sunday, April 13.

The body of Gen. WM. H. L. WALLACE, killed in the battle of Pittsburgh Landing, has arrived here; also, nearly 300 prisoners. The twice-repeated report of the escape of Gen. PRENTISS from the enemy is now contradicted; it is no doubt untrue.

PARTIAL LIST OF THE WOUNDED.

Dispatch to the Cincinnati Gazette.

ABOARD STEAMER COMMODORE PERRY,
EVANSVILLE, April 11.

We send you a list of wounded taken from the field at Pittsburgh Landing, and conveyed aboard steamer *Commodore Perry* on the 8th inst., the day after the fight at that place. We arrived there on Tuesday, at 4 P. M., with 500 troops from Nashville, expecting to be in time for the fight, but were a little too late, so I immediately organized those under my command and sent them into the field to gather up the wounded and bring them aboard. We left there Wednesday, at 3 P. M., under the advice and assistance of Dr. MURRAY, Medical Director of Gen. BUELL's forces, one of the most kind and efficient surgeons in the field. Every attention was shown us at Paducah by Drs. AUSTIN and HAINES, contributing largely to the comfort of the wounded. The officers and men of the 48th Indiana, quartered at that place, seemed to vie with each other in their attentions to the wounded. Under the kind and attentive assistance of Capt. M. A. HAWKS, of the 30th Indiana, Lieut. POSEY, of the 29th Indiana, and Drs. KING and MEEKER, of the 29th and 9th Indiana, the wounded were amply provided for. Capt. ANDREWS, in command of the boat, has left nothing undone that could contribute to the comfort of the men. The following is a list of the wounded under our care:

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

Second Lieut. J. Raft, 32d Indiana, slightly; Capt. M. S. Stuart, 30th Indiana, slightly; Capt. Wm. Dauson, 30th Indiana, slightly; Capt. J. B. White, 30th Indiana, slightly; 2d Lieut. L. S. Brown, 26th Kentucky, slightly; 2d Lieut. S. A. Saxton, 54th Ohio, slightly; 2d Lieut. A. B. Stanley, 26th Kentucky, slightly; 2d Lieut. S. C. Scott, 31st Indiana, slightly; Capt. Peter Emery, 6th Kentucky, slightly; Capt. Edward Johns, 32d Indiana, slightly; Capt. S. L. Allen, 29th Indiana, slightly; Capt. Casey, 29th Indiana, slightly; 2d Lieut. G. Woodmause, 39th Indiana, died of wound April 9; Maj. Fred. Arn, 31st Indiana, killed.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND MEN.

—— Pierce, 9th Indiana, slightly; William Mitchell, 9th Indiana, slightly; M. H. Horne, 9th Indiana, do.; George Blackman, 9th Ind., do.; C. H. Morris, 9th Ind., do.; C. E. Peaples, 9th Ind., do.; O. Brakeman, 9th Ind., do.; C. H. Gould, 9th Ind., do.; David Miller, 9th Ind., do.; James Marsh, 9th Ind., do.; Joseph Brooks, do.; John Marsh, do.; J. H. Weir, do.; Isaac Peterson, do.; Hiram Peterson, do.; Wm. Ryder, do.; Hanson Beck, do.; Wm. B. Gillman, do.; Peter Stanbury, do.; Thomas Brown, do.; W. H. Stewart, do.; A. B. Winfield, do.; J. W. Morehouse, do.; Chas. Morris, do.; T. W. Graham, do.; J. Abbett, do.; J. Morrow, do.; J. Reprogle, do.; Jonas Bartlett, do.; E. W. Porter, do.; Amos Daghoff, do.; Silas Rose, do.; Luther Johnson, do.; John Grant, do.; Murray McConner, seriously; Solomon Hanna, do., Henry Burgiss, do.; C. S. Wise, do.; Lewis Keeler, do.; Peter Cakeral, do.; Jno. Deardorff, slightly: Chas. Kelley, do.; Jessee Seigett and Adam Shaller, do.; D. W. Haydor, slightly; Lewis Roberts, seriously; A. L. Pierce, slightly; S. H. Taber, slightly; J. N. Becker, slightly; A. F. Morris, seriously: Nathan Rector, slightly; Israel Finch, slightly—all of the 29th Indiana. J. A. Chester, slightly, Benj. Evans, seriously; Peter Kingsugall, do.; H. B. Mebendey, slightly; C. Coe, seriously; Elane Rice, do.; Jacob Miller, do.; William H. Cole, do.; Milton Mitchell, do.; J. B. Eneard, slightly; J. W. Green, do.; H. C. Hawnall, slightly; George Myers, do.; John H. Geller, seriously; Orderly Cogley, slightly; D. Kohler, do.; J. Engert, do.; E. Chase, do.; A. Whitney, do.; J. Kynor, do.; J. Hood, do.; W. H. Coffin, seriously; J. McGowan, slightly; Jas. Woodworth, do.; Geo. Nagens, do.; Abner Beck, do.; Geo. Magers, do.; Wm. Jenkins, do.; Elam Rice, do.; George Maners, do.; Paris Henderson, do.; Daniel T. Welch, do.; F. Douglas, seriously; Wm. Enwert, slightly; C. W. Price, do.; E. B. West, do.; Fred. Flager, do.; Daniel Roger, do.; Joseph Buffet, do.; John H. Gillon, do.; R. H. Craig, do.; Dev. Kalahan, do.; John Olt, do.; T. S. Conly, do.; B. E. Mondervelt, do.; J. H. Bennett, do.; Wm. Foine, do.; D. F. Beach, do.; Henry C. Green, seriously; S. Bishop, slightly—all of the Thirtieth Indiana. Wm. McConnell, slightly; M. Cramer, seriously; Geo. Hasse, slightly; J. Ford, seriously; P. Romain, do.; W. D. Carder, do.; S. B. Irens, do.; R. E. Hurburt, do.; S. Erly, do.; A. Finly, do.; A. Wright, do.; J. S. Welch, slightly; J. G. Morris, do.; Wm. Archer, do.; John Lawrence, do.; J. Schultz, do.; Jacob Crowder, do.; W. H. Phelps, do.; A. Brown, seriously; C. Beuford, slightly; A. Harper, do.; J. H. Cissnee, do.; Capt. M. L. Stuart, do.; Capt. J. B. White, do.; Capt. Dawson, do.; Martin Whitmore, do.; J. Wornan, do.; R. McCash, do.; W. H. Allen, do.; J. Davis, seriously; J. Elliott, slightly; J. Michael, seriously; S. Gairton, slightly; T. M. Lane, slightly; J. Fidler, slightly; J. S. Hall, do.; C. A. Bennett, do.; W. Baker, do.; C. H. Castler, do.; J. Utley, seriously; J. Huffman, slightly; A. Carson, do.; H. McCulloch, do.; H. Bush, do.; C. Mozert, do.; B. F. Eatsell, do.; J. McGraw, do.; W. Neff, do.; A. Horriss, do.; D. Pollock, do.; D. S. Irish, do.—all of the Thirty-first Indiana. N. T. Ryman, slightly; G. H. Mahon, do.; J. Stevens, do.; T. Jacoby, do.—all of the Thirty-second Indiana. F. Jacoby, slightly.; G. Crearer, do.; C. Clendar, seriously; J. Elman, do.; J. Brant, do.; J. G. Weachler, do.; J. Wack, slightly; L. Knit, do.; J. Wantz, do.; J. Theobald, do.; J. Roeker, do.; P. Ketch, seriously; C. Miller, slightly—all of the Twenty-fourth Ohio.

Dr. Norriss P. Wiltney, Fifteenth Regulars; John Bush, N. Shuttler, W. Landis, Nineteenth Regulars.

J. Shelby, slightly; George Hauzer, do.; John Lester, do.; J. Bunn, do.—all of the 11th Indiana.

F. Eush, slightly; A. Berryman, do.; G. W. Durham, do., of 36th Indiana. R. Anderson, slightly; C. Barthoa, do.; F. Murray, do., 6th Indiana. W. J. Crossby, slightly, 39th Indiana. J. J. Williams, slightly; W. C. Elliott, seriously; J. Bailey, do.; H. Harrick, do.; J. Jackson, slightly, 21st Iowa.

D. B. Glenn, slightly, 54th Ohio; S. Ingle, slightly; J. H. Kirchberger, do.; Simon Coll, do.; P. Ullmer, do.; J. C. Schrenker, do.; W. Miller, of the 40th Ill.; R. Wiley, do., 11th Ky.; R. Harney, slightly; W. B. Rhodes, seriously, 45th Ill.; P. Maloy, slightly, 15th Regulars; C. A. Ahman, slightly; S. McDonald, do.; H. Weidmer, do.; W. G. Hasking, do.; R. Hunt, do.; J. Bridges, seriously; N. Webster, slightly; N. Weeks, do.; J. W. Evans, seriously; Z. Weir, do.; J. Kelley, slightly; L. D. Jones, do.; J. S. Low, do.; D. Clark, do.; W. C. Davis, do.—all of 77th Ohio.

L. Gross, slightly; A. Burroughs, do., 8th Wisconsin; B. W. Sarver, slightly, 15th Michigan.

C. Simonds, slightly, 23d Indiana; F. Shuber, slightly, 54th Ohio; J. L. Doline, slightly, 34th Illinois; D. C. Young, slightly; W. F. Corple, do.; S. R. Wertz, do.; J. J. Brown, do.; J. Gillett, do.; J. H. Riggard, do.; M. Bahan, do.; J. Everett, do.; J. Bornhizer, do.; Otho Lizer, do.; G. Tondine, do.; W. Carr, do.; D. Hinman, do.; J. M. Baird, do.; Thomas Butler, do.; J. A. Noel, do.; J. Barnlizer, do.; J. Watson, do.—all of the 7th Illinois.

C. P. Long, slightly; J. Walker, F. McKinness, do.; J. E. Larkin, do.; M. Haupton, do.—15th Michigan.

C. F. Tray, seriously, 16th Regulars; E. Picket, seriously, 19th Regulars; S. Melseler, seriously, 6th Kentucky; A. Lane, slightly, 24th Ohio; T. J. Moody, slightly, 25th Indiana; L. B. Jones, slightly, J. Shook, slightly, 6th Kentucky; J. D. Mideson, slightly, 19th Ohio.

A. Green, slightly, 23d Indiana; J. Davis, slightly, 25th Indiana.

J. S. Parker, slightly; 49th Illinois.

P. Reice, seriously, 23d Wisconsin; D. Grover, seriously, 19th Regulars; J. McDonald, seriously, 16th Iowa; J. M. Brower, slightly, 6th Ohio; J. Fairchild, slightly, 14th Wisconsin; E. Austin, seriously, 25th Indiana; John Webber, slightly, Charles Hainer, seriously, 24th Iowa; L. C. Peck, seriously, 16th Regulars; D. D. Patterson, seriously, 15th Regulars; J. Williams, seriously, 6th Iowa; B. F. Hutchinson, seriously, 18th Wisconsin; A. N. Coon, seriously, 16th Wisconsin; D. Nornpool, slightly, 49th Illinois.

D. McClain, seriously; S. J. C. Bryant, seriously, 7th Ill.; J. Donahao, seriously, 11th Ind.; J. E. Chatfield, seriously, 15th Ill.; Wm. S. Lathrop, slightly, 3d Ky.; A. B. Mankin, slightly, 11th Ill.

D. Sullivan, seriously; 32d Ind., Hendleam, seriously; Wm. Sabler, slightly; 15th Mich., C. Weldon, slightly.

Rebel prisoners—Maj. Samuel T. Love, 27th Tenn., mortally wounded; David Smith, Jackson Artillery, mortally wounded.

H. J. BLOWNEY, Major Commanding,
Aboard *Commodore Perry.*

AID FOR THE WOUNDED.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, April 15.

Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

We sent a boat laden with supplies and attended by doctors and nurses, to the seat of war. Will you pay the expenses of the boat alone, and enable us to use the money raised for the wounded? We have a number already here, and more on the way. Answer immediately. (Signed,) J. M. DELPH.

DOWN THE MISSISSIPPI.

Com. Foote and Gen. Pope en Route for Memphis.

CAIRO, Saturday, April 12.

The Flag-officer (Commodore FOOTE) left New-Madrid to-day with the flotilla and mortarboats, *en route* for Fort Pillow, accompanied by a large body of troops.

FROM THE FLORIDA COAST.

Interesting Dispatches from Commodore Dupont—A Colony of Contrabands Established.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 15.

The Navy Department has received dispatches from Commodore DUPONT, inclosing a communication from Commander GODON, dated United States steamer *Mohican*, March 30, from which it appears that on the 17th ult., with the launches and another armed boat, he entered Jekyl Creek, and proceeded to DUBIGNON's place, where he discovered a deserted battery of three guns commanding that stream, and the remains of a camp of some 200 men. A considerable number of cattle remained on the island, but were very wild upon our men approaching them. On the 22d the *Bibb* made her appearance, and Capt. BOUTELLE at once commenced placing the buoys for the bar and channels. Commander GODON says: Contrabands continued to come to us. I sent a number by the *Potomski* to Fernandina, and also several by the *Connecticut*. We landed our field-pieces and a strong force on Colonel's Island, and obtained what we needed; and that night, after again firing a shell or two at Fancy Bluff, proceeded to St. Simons. There I landed all the contrabands, with their corn and provisions, tools, &c., and, having housed them, set them to work. Already they have planted potatoes. To-morrow they will begin to prepare the land for corn.

They have set up their mill, and I have told them they are to plant cotton, and thus to become of use to themselves. They seem contented, but, without a vessel at the other end of the island they are in danger of being interfered with by soldiers landing in that direction and approaching them at night. St. Simon's is a fine, rich island, about ten miles long; on the north end is a village, Frederica. It is said to be healthy, and a thousand blacks could be usefully employed here and made self-supporting. Such a colony, properly managed, would do much good. Those now here, some forty in number, live on T. BUTLER KING's place, under cover of our guns.

THE FALL OF FORT PULASKI.

An Unconditional Surrender on Friday Afternoon Last.

Terrible Bombardment by the National Batteries.

Seven Large Breaches Made in the South Wall.

Over a Thousand Shells Exploded within the Fort.

NO LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED.

FORTRESS MONROE, Monday, April 14.

A flag of truce went up to Craney Island this afternoon, and brought back two Norfolk papers. They were taken to headquarters, and, although containing the important information of the unconditional surrender of Fort Pulaski, an effort was made, in accordance with the policy that prevails here, to keep even good news from the representatives of the Press. I am, however, able to give you the substance of the glorious news, as published in the Savannah *Republican.*

The *Republican* says, substantially, that it learns with deep regret, that after a gallant defence, against guns mostly superior, Fort Pulaski surrendered at 2 P. M., yesterday, the 11th. Corporal LAW, of the Pulaski Guards, who did not leave Fort Thunderbolt until after the flag was hauled down, brings the intelligence of the event. The surrender was unconditional. *Seven large breaches were made in the south wall by the National battery of eight Parrott guns, at King's Landing.* All the barbette guns on that side were dismounted, and also three of the casemate guns, leaving but one gun bearing on that point. *Three balls entered the magazine, and a clean breach was made in it.*

The balls used were conical, and were propelled with such force that they *went clear through the walls at nearly every fire.*

Col. OLMSTEAD, who was in command, telegraphed the previous evening that *no human being could stand upon the ramparts for even a single moment,* and that over 1,000 large shells had exploded within the fort.

The *Republican* publishes the above as a postscript to a part of its edition, and makes no comments, nor gives any particulars as to the number of men and officers in the fort at the time of the surrender. It says, however, that none of its defenders were killed, and but four wounded.

FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.

The steamer *Ranceros* went out this afternoon with a flag of truce, and was met by a rebel boat having on board Lieut. PRESTON, of S. C.

A copy of the Norfolk *Day Book* was brought back containing highly important information. It states that the Union forces captured Fort Pulaski on Friday night after a fight of a few hours. It is also stated that every one of the steel-pointed shot from our guns went through the walls of the Fort as if there had been no impediment.

We lost none in killed. The rebel loss was none killed, and only four wounded. The surrender was unconditional.

NEWS RECEIVED IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, April 15.

The Savannah *Republican*, of the 12th, announces the unconditional surrender of Fort Pulaski on the previous day.

Seven large breaches were made in the walls by our batteries of Parrott guns at King's Landing, and all the barbette guns on that side, and three casemate guns, were dismounted.

Three balls entered the magazine.

Col. OLMSTEAD, the rebel commander, signaled, the day previous to the surrender, that our fire was so terrible that no human being could stand upon the parapet for even a moment.

FORT PULASKI.

The best description of Fort Pulaski is that given by Mr. RUSSELL, of the London *Times*, who visited it less than a year ago, shortly after its seizure by the rebels. The same description will answer for the present day, as it has undergone few alterations except to mount a few guns:

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 1, 1861.

It is said that fools build houses for wise men to live in. Be that true or not, it is certain that "Uncle Sam" has built strong places for his enemies to occupy. To-day I visited Fort Pulaski, which defends the month of the Savannah River and the approaches to the city. It was left to take care of itself, and the Georgians quietly stepped into it, and have been busied in completing its defences, so that it is now capable of stopping a fleet very effectually. The river at Savannah is as broad as the Thames at Gravesend, and resembles that stream very much in the color of its waters, and the level nature of its shores. Rice fields bound it on either side, as far down as the influence of the fresh water extends, and the eye wanders over a flat expanse of mud and water, and green osiers and rushes, till its search is arrested on the horizon by the unfailing line of forest. In the fields, here and there, are the whitewashed square wooden huts, in which the slaves dwell. At one point a small fort, covering a creek by which gunboats could get up behind Savannah, displayed its "garrison on the walls, and lowered its flag to salute the small blue ensign at the fore, which proclaimed the presence of the Commodore of the Naval force of Georgia on board our steamer. The guns on the parapet were mostly field-pieces, mounted on frameworks of wood, instead of regular carriage.

After steaming down the river about twelve miles the sea opened out to the sight, and on a long, marshy, narrow island near the bar, which was marked by the yellowish surf, Fort Pulaski threw out the Confederate flag to the air of the Georgian 1st of May. The water was too shallow to permit the steamer to go up to the jetty, and the party landed at the wharf in boats. A guard was on duty at the landing—tall, stout young fellows, in various uniforms, or in rude mufti, in which the Garibaldian red shirt and felt slouched hats predominated. They were armed with smooth-bore muskets, (date 1851,) quite new, and their bayonets, barrels and locks were quite bright and clean. A few minutes' walk led us to the fort, which is an irregular pentagon, with the base line or curtain face inland, and the other faces casemated and bearing on the approaches. The curtain, which is simply crenellated, is covered by a redan surrounded by a deep ditch, inside the parapet of which are granite platforms, ready for the reception of guns. The parapet is thick, and the counterscarp are faced with solid masonry. A drawbridge affords access to the interior of the redan, whence the gate of the fort is approached across a deep and broad moat, which is crossed by another drawbridge. As the Commodore entered the redan the guns of the fort broke out into a long salute, and the band at the gate struck up almost as noisy a welcome. Inside, the parade presented a scene of life and animation very unlike the silence of the city we had left.

The garrison of the fort is 650 men, and fully that number were in and about the work, their tents being pitched inside the redan or on the terreplein of the parapets. The walls are exceedingly solid and well built of hard gray brick, strong as iron, upwards of six feet in thickness, the casemates and bombproofs being lofty, airy, and capacious as any I have ever seen, though there is not quite depth enough between the walls at the salient and the gun-carriages. The work is intended for 128 guns, of which about one-fourth are mounted on the casemates. They are long 32s with a few 42s and columbiads. The armament will be exceedingly heavy when all the guns are mounted, and they are fast getting the 10-inch columbiads into position *en barbette*. Everything which could be required, except mortars, was in abundance—the platforms, and gun-carriages are solid and well made, the embrasures of the casemates are admirably constructed, and the ventilation of the bombproof carefully provided for. There are three furnaces for heating red-hot shot.

It will take some hard blows before Georgia is driven to let go her grip of Fort Pulaski. The channel is very narrow, and passes close to the guns of the fort. The means of completing its armament have been furnished by the stores of Norfolk Navy-yard, where between 700 and 800 guns have fallen into the hands of the Confederates; and, if there are no columbiads among them, the *Merrimac* and other ships, which have been raised, as we hear, with guns uninjured, will yield up their Dahlgrens to turn their muzzles against their old masters.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

An order for the better regulation of Military Hospitals, and for facilitating the discharge of soldiers unfit for service, has been issued from the War Department.

All General Hospitals are placed under the direction of the Surgeon-General. The chief medical officer, to whom the charge of all the general hospitals in a city may be intrusted, will make out certificates of disability for such men as, in his judgment, should be discharged. The certificates must give such medical description of the cases, with the degree of disability, as may enable the pension-officer to decide on any claims to pension which may be based upon them. These certificates are to be forwarded to the Military Commander, who is authorized to give discharges, and furnish final statements of pay and clothing due to the soldier.

The Military Commander is instructed to collect stragglers and send them to their proper stations, or discharge them on certificates of disability, as above, if unfit for service. He will also send such patients as are reported fit for duty to their regiments, under proper escort. Convalescent, wounded, or feeble men, capable of acting as cooks, nurses and attendants, are to be employed as such, instead of being discharged. All officers and enlisted men of volunteers, who are on parole not to serve against the rebels, will be considered on leave of absence until notified of their exchange or discharge. They will immediately report their address to the Governors of their States, who will be duly informed from the Adjutant-General's office, as to their exchange or discharge. The duties of Military Commanders will devolve upon the following officers:

District of Columbia..	On the Military Governor.
City of Baltimore......	On the Commander of the Middle Department.
City of Philadelphia..	On Lieut.-Col. H. BROOKS, Second Artillery.
City of New-York and Mili'ry Posts in vici'ity	On Brevet Brig.-Gen. HARVEY BROWN.

The iron-clad sloop-of-war *Galena* arrived at the Navy-yard yesterday at 11 A. M., and immediately hauled under the shears to receive her armament. She will carry four 9-inch Dahlgren guns, and two 100-pound Parrott guns. Her rig is what is known in naval circles as that of an hermaphrodite brig, viz.: brig rigged forward and schooner rigged aft. As might be expected there was a good deal of bustle and excitement at the yard when the *Galena* came in, and a crowd of people thronged the wharf anxious to inspect her, but no one was permitted to go on board unless passed by a Naval officer. Among the crowd on the wharf we observed several would-be critics passing judgment on the untried vessel, and deciding to their own satisfaction how far she was shot-proof, and what were the defects of her armature. When the *Monitor* was at the yard there were very few outsiders who thought they should like to be aboard of her either at sea or during action.

The supply steamer *Massachusetts* will be put into commission to-day, under the command of Lieut. COOPER, who, we may mention, is to be presented with a handsome and valuable gold watch, by the Navy-yard employes, as a token of their appreciation of his gentlemanly and obliging disposition while Executive officer of the yard.

The General Order relative to the recruiting service, referred to about ten days ago, was not correctly given. As we stated at the time, it applied to the Volunteer force only. The following is a correct copy of the order:

"The recruiting service for Volunteers will be discontinued in every State from this date (April 3d.) The officers detached on Volunteer recruiting service will join their regiments without delay, taking with them the parties and recruits at their respective stations. The Superintendents of Volunteer recruiting service will disband their parties and close their offices, after having taken the necessary steps to carry out these orders. The public property belonging to the Volunteer recruiting service will be sold to the best advantage possible, and the proceeds credited to the fund for collecting, drilling, and organizing volunteers."

Capt. DONALD C. STITH, who has been dismissed from the service, belonged to the Fifth United States Infantry, not the Maryland Fifth Infantry, as published yesterday.

A detachment of one hundred blue jackets left the *North Carolina* Monday, for Cairo, Ill., accompanied by a guard of marines. Mr. JOHN BYRNES, carpenter of the *North Carolina*, went in charge of them.

Capt. GANSEVOORT, Chief of the Ordnance Department at the Yard, will take command of the sloop-of-war *Adirondack*, now fitting out. Capt. GANSEVOORT is a native of this State, and has been in the service since March 4, 1823. His last sea service was in 1856, since when he has been on duty on shore. Lieut. WILLIAM G. TEMPLE will succeed Capt. GANSEVOORT in the Ordnance Department, and another officer will be detailed, *vice* TEMPLE.

The destination of the store-ship *Release* is the Mediterranean squadron, not the blockading squadron, as printed.

Arrival of the United States Frigate Sabine

The United States frigate *Sabine*, Capt. CADWALLADER RINGGOLD, from a cruise in search of the United States ship *Vermont*, arrived at this port last evening. The *Sabine* left Hampton Roads March 12, and on the 29th of March, off Bermuda, fell in with the *Vermont*, lying unmanageable in the trough of the sea; kept in company with her for two days, during which time supplied her with sails, rigging, &c. April 1, during a heavy squall, parted company, and saw nothing of her since; left her in a good condition, and she would make for Port Royal.

The *Sabine*, since leaving Hampton Roads, has had a succession of heavy gales from all quarters of the compass, and during which she behaved nobly.

The following is a correct list of the officers of the *Sabine:*

Captain—CADWALLADER RINGGOLD.
Lieutenant and Ex.-Officer—H. C. Blake.
Paymaster—J. George Harris.
Surgeon—J. J. Abernethy.
Master—C. A. Walker.
Acting Masters—J. Ewer, J. K. Beatie, W. R. Hathaway, E. B. Hennessey, D. B. Taylor.
Assistant-Surgeon—D. M. Skinner.
Lieutenant Marines—W. R. Remey.
Captain's Clerk—E. Brown, Jr.
Paymaster's Clerk—C. D. Boss, Jr.
Acting-Master's Mates—L. H. White, H. M. Noe, B. W. McKeever, Jas. Courtney.
Carpenter—G. E. Beucham.
Sailmaker—T. E. Chavalier.
Acting-Gunner—C. Seymour.
Acting-Boatswain—R. Robinson.

The *Sabine* was towed up to the Navy-yard.

Rebel Prisoners En Route to Fort Warren.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 15.

The rebel officers Major-Gen. MAKALL, Gens. BROWN and GAUNT, and Majors DAVIDSON and MCCALL, and Capt. SELLERS arrived here this morning, under charge of Capt. SELFRIDGE, United States Army. They breakfasted at the Delevan House, and proceeded on to Fort Warren.

OLD POINT AND YORKTOWN.

Nothing Seen of the Merrimac on Monday or Yesterday.

Fears of the Rebels for the Safety of Richmond.

One of the Rebel Papers Shows How the Monitor, the Naugatuck and the Galena Might Take the City.

PROGRESS OF THE SIEGE OF YORKTOWN.

Rebel Batteries on the York River Shelled by Our Gunboats.

SPECIAL DISPATCH FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 15.

I have just received the following under date of Fortress Monroe, April 14:

Although the weather has been unusually fine to-day, the *Merrimac* has not made her appearance. The opinion prevails with many, that she will remain as a protection to Norfolk, while the rebel troops that have been stationed there will be removed to Yorktown, to take part in the impending battle. The apparent desertion of some of their batteries around the Point, would seem to confirm this opinion.

The Norfolk *Day-Book*, received by flag of truce, claims the battle at Pittsburgh Landing as a great rebel victory. They state that VAN DORN and PRICE joined forces with BEAUREGARD, and gave battle again on Wednesday with great success.

The Captain of the Rebel boat that met the *Rancocas* admitted the defeat of the Rebel Army at Pittsburgh Landing on Monday.

Up to this hour, 4 P. M., we have no important news from our army before Yorktown.

DISPATCH FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

FORTRESS MONROE, Monday, April 14.

A Richmond paper contains an editorial, exhibiting considerable fear for the safety of that City. It intimates that the *Monitor*, *Naugatuck* and *Galena*, all armored vessels, might easily come up James River, and by their invulnerability and powerful guns take and keep possession of the city. To prevent such a result, it proposes that the channel of James River shall be obstructed by stone, which it says is abundant for the purpose, and should be used at once.

The *Merrimac* has not come out, and nothing has been seen of her to-day. The tide has been low, and this may have kept her in. Early in the morning a rebel tug ran out from behind Sewall's Point, but soon returned. Later in the day there was a large fire in the woods on the Point, apparently from the burning of brush, which engaged the attention of the curious, and gave rise to some speculations that the rebels were building a new battery there.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 15.

Dispatches received from Old Point up to 9 o'clock this morning, report all quiet there. Various rumors were current about the *Merrimac*, but nothing reliable was known. She had not made her appearance up to the hour above referred to.

THE LATEST NEWS FROM YORKTOWN.

BEFORE YORKTOWN, Tuesday, April 15.

Yesterday morning about two o'clock, a section of artillery was posted within half-a-mile of the rebel works near the river, supported by sufficient infantry to prevent their being captured. Fifteen shots were fired into the rebel earthworks before they were able to bring their guns to bear, when our men withdrew without damage.

A fine view was yesterday obtained of the position of the rebels both at Yorktown and Gloucester, from FAIRCHILD's house, at the mouth of Wormlith's Creek. Twenty-four guns were seen in the water-battery at Yorktown, and nine at Gloucester. At the latter place a large number of workmen were engaged in erecting new works.

At Yorktown the old works used during the siege of 1780 were still visible and readily distinguished from those of recent construction. Heavy guns were mounted on their walls, and the rebel flag was flying from its battlements. The principal wharf was covered with commissary stores, while the river was dotted with sails. Every one appeared to be busy, as though the coming struggle depended upon his individual exertions.

Late in the afternoon, a schooner anchored a short distance above the wharf, was burnt.

The flotilla was yesterday afternoon engaged in shelling out a body of rebels, who were engaged in constructing a shore battery, about four miles below Gloucester. The result of the firing was not known.

On Saturday, Corporal WALTER H. BEAN, Company E, BERDAN's Sharpshooters, was shot through the neck and back while on picket.

Last night things were remarkably quiet. A slight shower occurred this morning, but the sun soon made its appearance.

DISPATCH FROM GEN. WOOL.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 15—4 P. M.

Hon. E. M. Stanton:

Nothing has occurred since my dispatch of this morning to disturb the quiet then represented. The fine weather is very favorable to the operations at Yorktown, and it is probable that Gen. MCCLELLAN will soon be able to open his batteries at the fortifications of the enemy.

The French Minister honored me with a visit this morning. He has gone to Norfolk and will go to Richmond. On entering the fort I gave him a salute of thirteen guns.

(Signed) JOHN E. WOOL, Major-General.

OPERATIONS ON THE YORK RIVER.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 15.

The steamer *Yankee*, Capt. EASTMAN, arrived at the Navy-yard to-day, having left York river at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

The *Yankee* went about eight miles up the York river on Sunday night, and anchored off Gloucester Point, where the steamers *Penobscot*, *Marblehead*, and *Wachusett* were already lying.

The rebel batteries at the Point, which are said to be very extensive, mounting mostly 100-pound rifle guns, tried the range of their guns on the steamers about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the shot falling very little short of the *Marblehead*. The vessel then dropped down the river, and, about three miles below the Point, discovered a party of rebels building a battery on the North bank, on whom the *Yankee* opened fire at the distance of three-fourths of a mile. The rebels seemed loth to abandon their works, and although the shells of the *Yankee* fell in their midst, they did not leave the vicinity, but took refuge in the woods and behind some neighboring log houses. The *Yankee*, after firing some 60 or 70 shot and shell during an hour and a half, left the scene, the other boats having come up to do their share.

As the *Yankee* was leaving, the boats of the *Marblehead* were on the way to the shore to burn the houses behind which the rebels had taken refuge.

During the engagement a battery up the river fired some eight or ten shots, but they fell far short of them. The guns in the batteries at Gloucester Point are said to be only in a position to reach vessels below them in the middle of the river, and light-draught vessels can approach within a short distance of the point with safety by hugging the shore.

LETTER FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

AFFAIRS IN FRONT OF YORKTOWN.

CONGRESSMEN AND GOVERNMENT OFFICERS ON A LEE SHORE—ROADS ON THE PENINSULA—LIFE IN CAMP.

IN FRONT OF YORKTOWN,
Friday Morning, April 11, 1862.

Yesterday morning I left the comfortable quarters I had found in farmer HUDGER's house near Ship Point, intending to reach the front of the army, somehow, during the day. I waded through the mud to the landing, to find some opportunity of sending a letter to the TIMES. The steamers were all anchored out in the bay, and there was no transportation to them except such as persons in my situation might invent. I soon found two others seeking the same object, and we three borrowed a leaky skiff, wherein we set sail; not much wiser, in some respects, than the three "wise men of Gotham" that once "went to sea in a bowl." Your correspondent, being the best seaman of the three, had to do the rowing. The wind was still high, the three days' storm not having abated, and the bay very rough. The mile and a half of pulling at the oars then and there performed by me cost an hour's time and the sorest pair of hands I have had for some years. But I was rewarded by success and the commendation of my comrades, and that is what a "soldier" chiefly values.

On board the boat, the *King Philip*, I found Senator GRIMES, Mr. SEDGWICK, of the House, Col. LEE, of the Massachusetts Twentieth, and one or two others who had come up with us the day before, and had spent the dreary day and night on board, rocked by the waters and housed by the rain, with nothing to amuse them but a score or more of transports around, loaded with horses, hay, commissary stores, heavy guns, mortars, shot and shell, which rocked as ceaselessly as they, with no prospect apparently of ever reaching a landing. Occasionally our imprisoned and desperate legislators did what other men do in such trying circumstances—they took something to drink; and wondered when the war would end, if it progressed at this rate.

The successful voyage of your correspondent to the weather-bound ship, inspired the distressed exiles with the thought of themselves reaching land; which they were soon enabled to do through the courtesy of the *King Philip's* Captain, who sent them off in a long-boat. Not long after, I found them wandering in the rebel village of camp-huts, much surprised at their neat construction and comfort. We all met at length at the head-quarters of Gen. THOS. FRANCIS MEAGHER, and while there, a messenger arrived from the headquarters of the army. It was Hon. E. B. WASHBURNE, who had "piled" into a forage wagon the evening before, determined to see what he could of the famed Peninsula and the vicinity of Yorktown. Capt. FOX, of the navy, had followed behind the wagon, mounted on that abhorrence of a sailor, a horse. It was a perilous movement for a seaman to leave his official element; and when, in the morning, Mr. WASHBURNE returned alone, hardly recognizable through the several coatings of mud that encased him, we were fearful the right arm of the navy had been lost. But in a short time the Captain, too, returned. Both had a tale of horrors to outpour, regarding the state of the country they had traversed. They had ridden to camp through a pitiless rain—the whole surface of the earth a sea of mud, the roads patched just badly enough to compel a man to shun them wherever he could turn off, only to find the roadside worse, enforcing his immediate return. It was nightfall when they reached Gen. MCCLELLAN's headquarters. These were in a dreary open field, the floor of the tents being mud, and mud ankle deep everywhere outside of the tents. And the General's quarters were a specimen of the quarters of the great army—rain, mud and darkness threw a pall over everything.

Capt. FOX and Mr. WASHBURNE, having rejoined their friends at Ship Point, they all proceeded on board the *King Philip*, and your correspondent was duly commissioned to take the Captain's horse back to the army; which public service he, being on foot, most willingly and gallantly performed.

I shall never be able to make any human being realize what a desperate road it is that leads from Ship Point to the place where Gen. MCCLELLAN's headquarters were pitched. I recalled all that I had ever read of the road from Balaklava to the front of Sebastopol, over which the French and English armies first drew their stores and siege guns. That was universally conceded to be the worst road ever seen, and the English language, and probably the French, was exhausted in describing it. But this road must have been worse than that. This road crossed frequent sloughs, over which poles had been thrown cross-ways, to make a corduroy road. But the immense rains had so saturated the soil, that everything was soft, three feet deep by the plummet, and the poles floated in the mud as they would in water. They would turn under the horses' feet, trip and throw them down, catch in the wagon-wheels, and torment where they were designed to help. Here and there a cleared place on the road-side would be seen, an old field or heather, which would tempt the thoughtless teamster or horseman aside. But sorrow for all such. The smooth surface covered a treacherous quicksand. The wagons would plunge in to their hubs, from which no horse or mule power could extricate them; and the mounted horse would struggle with such desperate contortions as nearly to dislocate his limbs and unseat his rider. Six miles had we of this road. It was a sea of mud, boundless and fathomless. We might have added endless, if we had been required to go beyond the six miles. Wagons were stuck fast along the whole line of march. Mules were seen sitting down on their haunches in the mud, buried up to their bellies in the mud, lying down on their sides in the mud, falling exhausted in their traces. Teamsters thrashed, damned and swore—and swore, slashed and thrashed. It was of no avail; for nothing short of omnipotence could draw an army's retinue through that Stygian bog. The dry wind and the sun, that seemed to have bidden the earth farewell, were the only source of hope for feeding the grand army of the Potomac.

I did not reach Gen. MCCLELLAN's camp till 2 P. M. It was somewhat improved from Mr. WASHBURNE's description, but yet only a vast muddy bull pen in appearance. Gen. MCCLELLAN was absent reconnoitering near Yorktown, and selecting a site for a new camp. I was, however, kindly received by Gens. MARCY and WILLIAMS, and Cols. KINGSBURY and ASTOR, and other members of his staff. Col. ASTOR kindly proffered to pilot me nearer to Yorktown, and after an hour's rest I started toward that famed spot, about four miles distant. Having approached near Gen. HEINTZELMAN's camp, Col. ASTOR showed me the road and left me to pursue my course. I rode along some distance and asked for Gen. BUTTERFIELD's camp, Gen. B. being in HEINTZELMAN's corps. I was pointed still ahead, and rode on till I saw a frowning fortification

[*Continued on Eighth Page.*]

DEPARTMENT OF THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

News not Contraband—The Weather—Moving under Difficulties—A Sea Change—Moral Reflections.

From Our Own Correspondent.

VIRGINIA, April, 1862.

There was a time when the rather threadbare telegram, "All quiet along the Potomac," bade fair to go down to posterity with the epigrammatic but comforting "All Right" of the suppositious DESAUTY, in sweet unison blended, a philological monument to the patience of a people. But time works changes as well as revenges, and it now seems likely that correspondents will be compelled to construct some neat little sentence expressive of serenity and repose in the region of the Rappahannock. In mentioning the name of this river, I trust I am guilty of no indiscretion; the rebels have long been aware of its existence, and the fact that a department of similar nomenclature has been created was some time since published with official sanction. Perhaps, without impinging my pen against the fifty-seventh article of war, or seriously incensing the Censor of the Press, I may also venture to make public a little startling news relative to the weather, inasmuch as this theme is generally regarded as particularly open to discussion and criticism, and at last dates from the authorities that control the destinies of the world—and other enterprising dailies—no official prohibition had been issued forbidding meteorological revelations.

The weather which a special dispensation has lately allotted to the Department of the Rappahannock, may be ranked as decidedly phenomonical. Sunday was pleasant enough, but of what avail are pleasant Sundays in a land where the sound of the church-going bell is not heard; where, indeed, they propose to recast their few bells into cannon. But Monday opened damply, drizzily and drearily; toward evening the "silent sadness of snow" made itself manifest in the air, assuming, before Tuesday dawned, the type of an aggravated sorrow. Throughout that day and the ensuing one, rain, hail and snow fell alternately; the state of roads naturally produced by these singular atmospherical conditions HACKLEY can never achieve in the streets of any city which he may contract to clean. I do not intend to disparage the efforts of that gentleman in producing bewildering mazes of mud in which unhappy travelers may hopelessly involve themselves, but the truth compels me to confess that Virginian roads, under certain extraordinary circumstances, can indeed bear away the palm of nastiness, and rob the streets of your metropolis of their preëminence in that particular.

But unpromising as the prospects of pleasant journeying seemed, necessity has no law, and correspondents must move when duty drives. There were rumors of an advance and an imminent engagement blossoming beyond the Rappahannock, and we prepared to respond to the call. In company with a very pleasant representative of the Metropolitan Press, whom a kind Providence sent to alleviate sorrows that no mortal could possibly bear alone, your correspondent nerved himself to moistly ride across the country in a pouring rain. It is somewhat singular that however antagonistic papers themselves may be in principles and politics, those who write for them invariably meet upon the friendliest footing, and interchange courtesies and confidences and other social amenities with a heartiness that must astonish those who do not know that deep down under the dead sea of journalistic bitterness lies a well of good feeling that only an accidental plummet can sound. Beguiling the tedious hours with cheerful conversation we rode along; our horses, however, plodded silently side by side, voiceless and mute. It is rather to be regretted that the dialect of horses consists only of dissenting neighs, as in the interchange of ideas they could express a mutual good feeling which, under existing restrictions, they can only make manifest by sharing each other's oats, and hobnobbing together over hay. Tradition says that the animal which Baalam did erst bestride was endowed with rare conversational gifts, but as Baalam's horse was an ass, the case is to be looked upon as exceptional. Perhaps had even that remarkable animal been following the advance of an army he would have been too tired to talk, too wise to attempt remonstrance with his rider, rushing upon the flaming sword that promised to end his unhappy existence with a feeling of joyful relief.

Beyond Manassas we learned that the swollen streams had burst their natural barriers, and borne away the bridges upon their broad bosoms as triumphal badges. But there seemed no other resource than to ride on. Duty urged; drowning was imminent whether we halted or advanced, and it was certain that the unfortunate country round about offered entertainment for neither man nor beast. There was the prospect of hearing EDWIN FORREST, if we encamped at Manassas, as he was to play one of his most favorite and deafening characters at Washington that night, and experience assures us that even his softest soliloquies would come rolling out on the line of the road a much greater distance. But even this cheerful inducement failed to tempt us to neglect the interests of our respective papers and linger on the roadside.

Some three miles beyond Manassas we encountered a stream known as Broad Run—the name is indelibly impressed on my memory. Bivouacking on its borders were a number of batteries and several companies of cavalry, that feared to plunge in and attempt the ford, accoutred as they were. No one offered us shelter for the night, but several kindly volunteered to show us the ford. There was certainly no desire on our part to display individual heroism by doing what so many hundreds of heroes did not dare attempt, but the stream at least offered us a bed, and this was more hospitality than any of our acquaintances on land thought of extending. Our horses were singularly averse to the enterprise, hinting by gentle snorts expressive of distaste and indignation, that they were not fishes; but, headstrong as the prophet of old, we urged them on, quieting all conscientious scruples on their part by spirited applications of spur and the utterance of wild shouts. The result was unfortunate. Rushing with the velocity of a mill-race, the stream lifted my horse bodily from his feet, and bore him to a miniature maelstrem, where, like aquatic Ixions, we revolved for some seconds on a watery wheel, the furthest remove from a "right wheel" that ever horse or rider attempted. You would have thought we were members of some fresh-water circus company, performing for the entertainment of a sub-aqueous audience, and that it was a benefit night. On escaping the clutches of the whirlpool my horse developed a peculiarity of swimming on the part of that interesting animal that never before obtruded itself quite so violently on my notice. Settling down by his stern in the water, as though he intended to walk upon his hind legs, but sagaciously elevating the tip of his nose some two or three inches above the surface of the water, he suddenly instituted a series of more startling and spasmodic struggles than I shall attempt to describe. For the first time I learned that in making his arrangements for swimming, this otherwise unselfish animal is not at all solicitous as to the comfort and possible fate of his rider. For the first time in my life I learned why those singular little fish in BARNUM's Aquaria, that wiggle through the water perpendicularly by aid of their tails, are called "sea-horses." It is stated by those who stood upon the banks, that for some minutes, amid the rush of waters, the tip of a horse's nose and the crown of a correspondent's hat were alone visible. In such cases a horse's mane is the rider's main reliance, and to this I clung with a desperation worthy a better cause. Had the mane proved as treacherous as did the tail of Tam O'Shanter's mare, dire indeed would have been the consequences. But, fortunately, nothing broke.

The water was cold—in fact there was snow in it. Such a baptism as we then endured—of course where the soil is sacred, it follows that the water is holy—never fell to the lot of either correspondents or converts before, I fancy. It reminded me forcibly of the remark made by the darkey that underwent baptism by total immersion at the hands of a Baptist clergyman, who held him under for a longer time than was [illegible]: "Look a-yere, Massa, some man will [illegible] dis nigger by dis dam nonsense."

It is said that at such critical moments all the inexcusable deeds of one's lifetime pass before us in rapid review. How it may be with others I do not know; my experience, however, does not quite bear out the statement, though it did, indeed, occur to me, while whirling in the [illegible], that I wrote a paragraph complimentary to Secretary STANTON when he assumed office. But the most prominent impression on my mind at the time was that the TIMES was in imminent danger of losing both a correspondent and a horse, and that I was personally interested in the result. How we finally extricated ourselves from the unpleasant dilemma and escaped what is sometimes strikingly and freshly called a "watery grave" I know not; but probably the sweet little cherub that is said to sit up aloft to watch over the fate of all mariners, momentarily descended from his elevated perch, and took the reins in his own hand. Certain it is that we reached the shore some rods below where we rode in, both wetter and wiser. Everything in pockets and saddle-bags was saturated—even some sardines that we providently carried got uncomfortably wet in their snug little tin-boxes. My wallet that, under ordinary circumstances, would never attract the attention of even a pickpocket of unambitious aims, presented itself then as an object of curious contemplation. Free tickets; complimentary notices of various articles of my own intended for distribution among the editors of country newspapers; peremptory demands and pathetic appeals from Metropolitan tailors; Treasury notes, (not many,) and perhaps a dozen withered rose-leaves, were all mingled together in a most extraordinary pulp. Of a raven tress which I had promised to carefully cherish forever and forever after, but a few individual hairs remained; of the others by this time threads of amber are undoubtedly made. It was a wondrous "sea-change" indeed that our portable property then underwent. As to the cold that struck through our livers immediately we reached the bank, it can only be fully understood and appreciated by the curious mortal who chooses to pack himself in a patent freezer and undergo the chilly churnings that are commonly employed in the production of ice-cream. An artillery company permitted us to enter their hut and dry ourselves. I am very certain that the fire of artillery was never so graciously encountered before in either front or rear. But of the kindness and warm hospitality wherewith Major ADAMS, of the Lincoln Cavalry, received us the next morning, I cannot speak in too grateful acknowledgment. He furnished us food and easy chairs, and almost led us to believe that our lives had fallen in a well-conducted hotel, supplied with all the luxuries of the season, instead of in a major's temporary quarters. Rev. Mr. RICHMOND, of the Second Wisconsin Regiment, too, was such a Richmond as one likes to meet in either field or house, though it seemed for some time doubtful whether the cheerful task of preaching our funeral sermons would not devolve upon him. Certain it is that had it not been for the united care and kindness of these gentlemen you would now have an obituary to print instead of this letter.

The moral conclusions afforded by this adventure may be summed up briefly: a correspondent is not bound in the faithful performance of his duty to drown himself, unless the emergency is very pressing indeed. In going to Richmond by land it is well to count upon performing some distance of the journey by water, and, accordingly, provide oneself with a good, steady-going, easy-riding duck, a salmon that will not particularly object to the saddle, a hippopotamus with a groom from the River Nile, or, at least, a few courier fishes to bear dispatches across streams.

It is a singular peculiarity of these mountain streams to fall so speedily, that one rather wonders they ever trouble themselves to rise. We forded Broad Run, the morning after our adventure, with very little difficulty. To satisfy my curiosity and thirst, I scooped up a little of the water in the hollow of my hand, and tasted it—a distinct flavor of gray mare was plainly to be detected. A brisk ride of a mile or more brought us to Bristol, where the hospitality of Gen. KING and the officers of his staff soon caused us to forget all previous discomforts. When it is so easy to be both soldiers and gentlemen, why is not the combination of the two characters oftener attempted?

It will gratify those who have friends in Gen. MCDOWELL's command, to know that even under the execrable weather that ruled for some days, the health of the camps was excellent. Beyond two mild cases of varioloid, no sickness at all fell under my notice. With the snow falling around them, we saw soldiers sitting by their flickering fires, indulging in song and "seven up," with a jollity that no legion of Mark Tapley's could attain under such remarkable conditions. It is much to be regretted that more provision had not been made for the soldier's comfort, for, with the railroad completed some miles beyond, there seems to be no reason why the men should be short of rations, and the horses compelled to split straws to eke out their miserable days. The greatest anxiety prevails to meet the enemy, though officers and men are alike beginning to despair of any such good fortune, and so is your correspondent, for the nearest approach to a general engagement that I've seen since leaving New-York, has been the accidental shooting of a horse, and a railroad accident, by which one man was killed and several wounded.

I telegraphed you that Manassas was occupied at present by drunken guerillas. An electric change was effected on the word, making it read "gorillas." I much regret the error, and herewith offer most humble apologies to that eccentric but respectable beast.

The state of things prevailing at Manassas when we passed through—on our return from Bristol—was simply disgraceful, and some one should be made to shoulder the responsibility. Several contrabands, who were peacefully sitting around on fragments of plank to rest their weary feet, were cheered by these drunken brutes with oaths and abuse, far beyond the confines of the camp, and threatened with being shot to death if they dared return. There was no lack of officers to preserve order, but some of them were staggering arm in arm over the ruins, and others slunk away whenever the band of brutes approached, in evident fear of consequences. For the credit of the army, it must be distinctly understood that this scene is exceptional, and that, in all my experience, I have not before witnessed anything approaching it. But once to encounter it is like *Mercutio's* wound, "'twill serve." The moral degradation of being made a witness of it, only able to remonstrate, and obliged to see outrages committed by men wearing the uniform of United States soldiers, which one is powerless to prevent, is quite enough to dampen a man's self-respect for a life-time.

C. H. W.

Mayor Opdyke and the Health Bill.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

You are right in stating that the public will hear with amazement that Mayor OPDYKE has visited Albany to resist the passage of the Health bill. It is well known that, in former years, Mr. OPDYKE was a consistent and ardent supporter of this bill, and even visited Albany to urge its passage through the Legislature. At the commencement of the present session the friends of this measure endeavored to secure again the coöperation of the Mayor, but he turned the cold shoulder upon them, alleging that he did not believe in State Commissioners, that the health inspection should be committed to the police, and that the head of the police should be his Honor the Mayor. He had, in fact, adopted the favorite political theory of Mayor WOOD, that there should be a one-man power in this City. In his Inaugural the Mayor developed his plan for attaining that power by charter amendments, which, if adopted, would inevitably place the City again under the control of FERNANDO WOOD at the close of Mr. OPDYKE's term.

The Mayor at that time evidently ignored the Health Bill, as not giving him a sufficient grasp of power, and its friends left him to concoct his charter amendments, and set themselves earnestly to work to get the bill through the Legislature. During the entire Winter this measure has been canvassed in the public prints, before Senate and Assembly committees, and in public meetings, but nothing was heard from the Mayor or his friends. At length the session is drawing to a close. The Health Bill, after a great personal sacrifice of time and effort by some of our most prominent citizens, has successfully overcome the opposition of the City Inspector and his hirelings in the Assembly, and now awaits the action of the Senate. What is our astonishment to find a Democratic City member of that body, in close alliance with the City Inspector, rising in his place and stating that Mayor OPDYKE wished to be heard on this bill, the privilege having been denied him in the other House.

The question was at once asked by scores of citizens, "Is the Mayor in league with the enemies of this great measure?" That question can be answered only in the affirmative. He knows very well that at this late hour of the session the Health Bill cannot be successfully returned to the Assembly with an amendment; and such is the express understanding of its enemies.

The reported remarks of the Mayor's attorney before the Senate Committee, are too trifling to influence the Committee, or any one. The ground he assumes (and he must assume it as a lawyer, not as a citizen of New-York) is, that the Mayor must be gratified, or the bill must be defeated. Is Mr. FIELD aware of the fearful responsibility which he assumes in attempting the defeat of this measure? We believe that the person at whose door this charge will be laid, will invoke upon his head a storm of indignation which will render his name a hissing and a by-word.

Mr. Editor, I am aware that it is no time now for argument, but I cannot forbear calling the attention of Mayor OPDYKE and Mr. FIELD to the character of the measure which they talk so flippantly about defeating, if their personal prejudices are not complied with.

Several years since some of our most philanthropic citizens became strongly impressed with the great improvement in the public health of the City of London, under a Board of Health having jurisdiction of London and its suburbs, and having for its Health Wardens educated medical men. The death-rate gradually diminished, until from 4 deaths in every 36 of its population, it was but 1 in every 42. We may add that the death-rate of London has continued to diminish, until that city is now as healthy as the country. Hear the proud boast of one of her leading papers less than a month ago: "We can now point to our great metropolis and say, Behold! this is the largest city of the world. A century ago or more it was the most unhealthy. Other cities have endeavored to surpass us, but in vain; we are the great Babylon of the earth, and, moreover, we are now the most healthy. We have widened our streets, and the plague has ceased to visit us; we have made sewers and enforced cleanliness, and dysentery and scurvy have disappeared and fever has diminished; we have provided purer water as a drink and cholera has lessened its hold upon us. The nation exults justly in its manufactures; but the progress of its manufactures is surpassed by the progress of the health of its capital."

They found New-York just where London was when this reform was made in her Health Department, which led to such beneficent results, and they took the resolution to obtain the enactment of a similar health law for this city. For five years they have labored to bring about this reform. At length success seems about to crown their efforts, when they are met by the Mayor himself, who threatens them with defeat through his Attorney, if he is not elevated to power. Let our citizens then understand that the fate of the Health Bill rests with the Mayor.

Yours, &c., J. C.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 418, 429, 433, 438, 441, 470, 471, 481, 490, 491, 493, 354, 191, 402, 403, 317, 486, 488, 494.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Oyer and Terminer. *Part II.*—Nos. 118, 1264, added to Calendar of Tuesday.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—*Part I.*—Nos. 1571, 1721, 1411, 2783, 1187, 1163, 1033, 2181, 1121, 3005, 659, 597. *Part II.*—Nos. 1754, 660, 2394, 1818, 1828, 1064, 294, 1650, 1348, 1848, 2770, 3618, 798.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—*Part I*—Nos. 963, 910, 718, 736, 615, 992, 994, 1041, 354, 1050, 1051, 1054, 639, 979, 318. *Part II.*—Nos. 424, 649, 684, 693, 603, 1020, 953, 428, 2067, 405, 1814, 973, 2068, 1056.

Vendor and Purchaser—When a Purchase, for Value, Confers no Title.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Before Justice Robertson.

James H. Irwin vs. John Kelly, Sheriff, &c.—This was an action to recover the possession of a quantity of dry goods, which had been seized by the defendant on the 11th day of July, 1861, under an attachment in favor of Graham & Atkins against the property of Hard & Pierce. The plaintiff, a brother-in-law of Pierce, claimed, under a bill of sale executed to him by the firm on the 22d of June, 1861, and offered evidence to prove that he had paid therefor the sum of $3,600, part of which was in the notes of Hard & Pierce, for money which he had loaned to them, and the balance, about $1,700, in cash. The defendant claimed that the sale was fraudulent and void, as against the creditors of Hard & Pierce, and that the plaintiff had notice of their intent in making the sale. The Court, after reviewing the facts, charged the jury in substance that if Hard & Pierce made the sale with intent to hinder or delay, or defraud their creditors, and the plaintiff purchased with a knowledge of that intent, or with notice of such facts as would put him, as a *prudent* man, upon inquiry, that he could not recover, even though the jury believed that he made the payment of the consideration he alleged. Jury disagreed.

Wakeman & Smith for plaintiff; A. J. Vanderpoel and L. Johnston for defendants.

A Mechanic Sues to Recover for the Loss of an Arm.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Before Judge Hilton.

Hugh Robinson vs. Wright Gillies and James Gillies.—This was an action brought by the plaintiff, who is a machinist, claiming the right to recover the sum of $10,000 for damages alleged to have been sustained by him by reason of the negligence of the defendants. The plaintiff alleged that the defendants in March, 1860, employed one William McKenzie to work on their building, No. 235 Washington-street, in this City, and that McKenzie, as contractor, employed plaintiff to work for him. That while at work on the building, the defendants, or their servants, carelessly set the machinery in operation, and that his left hand was caught between a band and cylinder, and so crushed that he was carried to the New-York Hospital, where his arm was amputated. The defence set up was a denial, and negligence on the part of the plaintiff, and that he was not working according to the instructions of McKenzie, at the time of the accident.

T. B. Turner for plaintiff; S. B. Brague for defendants.

Mechanics' Liens.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Before Justice Hoyt.

Campbell et al. vs. Price.—This case was stated in the *Times* of yesterday. The action was brought to recover for work done and materials furnished in the building of certain houses in Weehawken.

The defence was, that the work was not done according to contract, and a counter claim.

The jury now give the plaintiff a verdict for $409 63.

Rights and Powers of Surviving Partners.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Mason.

Shulter et al. vs. Hatfield et al.—This case was stated in the TIMES of yesterday. The action was brought to set aside certain conveyances of real estate and other property, made by a surviving partner of a firm.

The Court gave judgment for the defendants, except as to Samuel D. Addison, against whom it was held that the plaintiff was entitled to judgment, to the effect that all the right, title and interest of said defendant in the choses in action mentioned in the complaint, held by the Pacific Bank, be assigned to a receiver, and that it be referred to a referee to appoint such receiver, and take from him the requisite security.

Court of General Sessions.

In this Court, yesterday, Daniel McGarry pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, and was remanded for sentence.

Mary Reynolds pleaded guilty to petit larceny, and was sent to the Penitentiary for three months.

Augusta Marsh, a servant in the employ of Mrs. Caroline Clark, of No. 213 West Twenty-second-street, pleaded guilty to petit larceny from her employer, and was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

Notice.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Justice CLERKE will not hold Chambers on Good Friday, the 18th inst., but he will attend at his residence from 8½ to 10 A. M., and from 12½ to 2 o'clock P. M., on that day, for the purpose of granting *ex parte* orders in urgent cases. By order of the Court,

H. W. GENET, Clerk.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Clerke.

Rogers vs. Godfrey.—Motion denied, with $5 costs, without prejudice to defendant's right to move on the merits.

Pomeroy vs. Wells et al.—Motion granted on payment of costs of General Term, as taxed. Costs of action against sureties, and $10 costs of this motion.

Before Justice Barnard.

Chambers vs. Voorhies.—Motion denied. Injunction dissolved.

Before Justice Leonard.

McBrair vs. Hanson et als.—Case settled.

Ward et al. vs. Kelsey.—Motion granted, with $10 costs.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Brady.

Bonton vs. Kane, &c.—Demurrer overruled. Defendant may answer in twenty days, on payment of costs.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 15, 1862.

$1,000 U. S. 6s '81..Cou 93¾	10 Pacific M. S. Co....100⅛
500 do.............. 93¾	50 do.........s30.100⅛
7,000 Trea. 7 3-10 p.c.N. 99⅞	50 do.........s60.100⅛
5,000 Ohio State 6s '60..100	50 do.............100⅞
4,000 Ohio State 6s '86..100⅛	166 do.............101
13,000 Tenn. State 6s '90 55	150 N. Y. Cen. R.....s30 82¼
2,000 do........s10 55	480 do............ 82⅜
2,000 Louisiana State 6s 68	450 Erie Railway.....s30 36⅜
800 N. Y. Cen. R. 7s. 102⅛	200 do........b30 36⅝
3,000 E.R.3dM.B.'83 s10 91⅝	350 do............ 36⅜
1,000 E. R. 4th M. B.... 83⅛	150 do.........s30 36⅜
1,000 E. R. 5th M. B.... 78	200 do.........s10 36⅜
3,000 Hud. Riv 1st M...105⅛	300 do........b30 36⅜
2,000 Hud. Riv. 3d M.B 84	50 Erie R. Pref.....s10 61⅛
2,000 Harlem 1st M. B. 101⅛	100 do.........b3 61⅜
3,000 Harlem 3d M. B. 75	200 do............ 61
1,000 M.C.8 ₱c.B.old s10 97¼	200 do.........s30 61
4,000 M. C. 8 ₱c. 1st M. S. F. Con. B... 99⅝	100 Hud. Riv. R......... 38
1,000 N. I. 1st mtg..... 92	100 Harlem R........... 12½
1,000 T. & W. 1st mtg. 78	50 Mich. S. & N. I. R... 23⅛
1,000 T. & W. 2d mtg.. 49	100 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip.. 61
1,000 N. J. Cen. 1st m.104	50 do..........s5 61⅛
20,000 American Gold..101⅞	150 do............ 61⅛
10,000 do.......b60 102	50 do.........s10 61⅝
15,000 do......s30 101⅞	100 do.........s30 61
55 Phœnix Bk........ 94	50 do............ 61⅛
10 Am. Ex. Bk......... 89⅝	200 Clev. & P'g R....s30 17
5 Bk. of N. America.. 93	50 Galena & Chic. R.. 67¾
100 Mich. Cen. R....... 54⅛	500 Clev. & Tol. R.....c 45⅝
50 do.........b30 55	150 Chic. & R'k Isl. R.. 54⅝
420 do............ 55	20 Tol. & Wabash R.... 9⅛
50 do.........s10 55	50 Mil. & Pr. Du Chien 2d Pref.......b30 53⅛

SECOND BOARD.

$15,000 U. S. 6s '81. Cou. 93⅛	10 Pacific M. S. Co...101⅛
1,000 U. S. 6s '81..Reg. 93⅛	50 do.........s60.101⅛
5,000 U. S. 6s 1 year C. 97⅝	50 do.........s60.101⅛
7,000 Tenn. S. 6s, '90... 55	25 do.........s30.102
10,000 do........s10 55	50 do............102⅛
10,000 Va. State 6s..... 57	250 do.........s60.102
1,000 Missouri S. 6s.... 49⅝	50 do............103
5,000 do............ 49⅝	50 do.........s10.103
5,000 do........b30 49⅝	50 do.........s30.103
5,000 do............ 49⅝	25 Ill. Cen. R. scrip.... 61⅛
2,000 C.B.&Q.R. 8₱c.b 95⅜	100 do........b30 61⅜
2,000 Chic. & R.Isl.B. 100	10 do............ 61⅛
6,000 Tol. & Wab. 2d M 49	100 do........b30 61⅛
5 Bank of North Am. 92½	200 Gal. & Chic. R..... 67¾
10,000 Am. Gold.....s10 101⅛	100 Clev. & Tol. R...ex div...........b10 42⅛
50,000 do.......b60. 101⅞	25 Chic. & R'k. Is'd R. 54⅛
75,000 do............101⅛	50 do............ 54⅝
125 N. Y. Cen. R....... 82⅛	20 Mil. & Prai. Du C.R. 26
100 Harlem R.......... 12⅛	
55 Panama R.......... 122	

TUESDAY, April 15—P. M.

The market for Stocks is firmer to-day, and for Money easier than yesterday. The movement on the Stock Exchange is not yet decidedly buoyant, though a much better disposition among buyers is shown than on Saturday or yesterday. The Federal Stocks are firmer, and a speculative demand is shown on Pacific Mail and New-York Central. Both classes of Erie Stock are also firmer, and among the Western Shares there is a good demand for Illinois Central. Among the Border State Stocks the rise is ⅜ ₱ cent. on Tennessees, and ½@¾ ₱ cent. on Missouris, with a good demand for both descriptions. The market for Gold was ⅛ ₱ cent. lower than yesterday, the cash bid this afternoon being 101¾ ₱ cent. while seller's options were put out at 101⅝ ₱ cent. The course of the Government continues to puzzle the Bankers and Brokers of the Street, and opinions of the future of prices are as wide apart as they were two months ago. The rate of Exchange on London is 112¼@112½ ₱ cent., steady, which figures would justify rather better offers for Gold, if they could be had in any considerable amounts. But we understand the market for the Boston mail to close at our quotations, after a moderate demand, and it is questionable whether a large amount of Exchange could be placed at the inside figure of 112¼ ₱ cent. The market for Money is 6 ₱ cent. on nearly all current negotiations. The exceptions above this rate are not so frequent as at the close of last week, while the sums left on temporary deposit with some of the old Stock Exchange firms, at 5 ₱ cent., are on the increase.

The War news to-day is generally regarded as encouraging to the National cause. The capture of Fort Pulaski was made public early in the day. By way of set-off to this, certain rumors were circulated about 2 o'clock that BEAUREGARD had again attacked the National army on the Tennessee River, but these were soon found to be erroneous, and the impression on the street at 5 o'clock in the afternoon was that our great army in the Southwest is not only safe, but in a fair way to win new laurels in driving back or dispersing the rebel force at Corinth. At 5 o'clock the General Market left off steady at about the following prices:

New-York Central..	82⅛	Mich. Guaranteed...	46⅛
Erie	36⅛	Panama	122⅛
Erie Preferred.......	60⅞	Pacific Mail.........	103⅛
Missouris.............	49⅝	Illinois Central......	61⅜
Tennessees...........	55⅛	United States 6s.....	92⅛
Mich. Central........	55⅛	Toledo.........	42¾ ex. d.

The following are the bids made to-day for the City Bank Shares:

New-York...........	92⅛	Bank of N. America	93
Manhattan...........	125	Hanover.............	76
Merchants'...........	95	Irving.................	61
Mechanics'..........	102⅛	Metropolitan........	96¾
America..............	102	People's.............	80
Phœnix..............	94	Nassau...............	88
State of New-York..	85	Shoe & Leather......	90
Commerce...........	87⅛	Continental..........	85
Broadway............	125	Marine...............	100⅛
American Exchange.	89⅛	Park.................	101
Bank of the Repub..	91		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. sixes.......	96	Mich. Cen. 8 ₱c. '69-'72	97⅛
N. Y. Cen. six's, R'l Es	90	Mich. Cen. n.f. 8 ₱c., '82	99⅞
N. Y. Cen. sixes subscr	90	Chi., B. & Q. 8 ₱c. firsts	95
N. Y. Cen. sevens, '64.	102⅛	Mich. So. 7 ₱c. seconds	74⅛
N. Y. Cen. sevens, '76..	103	N. Ind. firsts	92
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con., '74.	103⅛	Mich. S.&N. I. s. f 7 ₱c.	91⅛
Erie firsts, '68	106⅛	Pac. R. 7 ₱ c. g. by Mo.	46
Erie seconds, ext., '64...	100	Chi. & N. W. int. bds..	67
Erie seconds, ext. '79...	101	N. J. Cen. firsts	104
Erie thirds, '83	91	Gal. & Chi. firsts	99¾
Erie fourths, '80	83⅛	Galena & Chi. seconds	100
Erie fifths, '88	79⅛	Chi. & R. I. firsts	95
Buf., N. Y. & E. firsts, '77	80	L. E. & Wabash firsts..	77
Hudson firsts, '69	105	L. E. & Wabash seconds	48¾
Hudson seconds, '85....	99⅝	Mil. & P. Du Ch. firsts..	89⅛
Hudson thirds, '75	84	Del., Lack. & W. firsts.	102
Hudson convert., '67...	75	Del., La. & W. seconds.	93
Harlem firsts, '69-'73...	101	Long Dock Co. Bonds..	107
Harlem seconds, '64....	92⅛	Mil. & P. Du Ch. 2ds Prf	56⅛
Harlem thirds, '68......	75		

The following is the comparative statement of the Exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New-York to foreign ports, for the week ending April 15 and since Jan. 1:

	1860.	1861.	1862.
For the week.........	$2,156,227	$2,642,772	$2,458,539
Previously reported..	22,437,286	35,674,505	34,903,292
Since January 1.....	$24,593,513	$38,317,277	$37,361,831

The Assistant-Treasurer received from Washington this morning $200,000 of Treasury notes of small denominations, making $5,800,000 which have thus far been received.

The United States Sub-Treasury received to-day $834,000, on deposit, for United States 5 ₱ cent. certificates.

The City Bank has declared a dividend of 4 per cent., payable May 1.

WEEKLY AVERAGES OF THE PHILADELPHIA BANKS

BANKS.	LOANS.		SPECIE.	
	April 7.	April 14.	April 7.	April 14.
Philadelphia....	$3,159,000	$3,238,000	$1,039,000	1,037,000
North America..	3,455,335	3,233,919	609,545	611,062
Farmers & Mech.	4,475,310	4,677,632	1,112,077	1,110,590
Commercial.....	1,639,000	1,632,000	248,000	250,000
Mechanics'......	1,925,000	1,897,000	234,458	232,000
N. Liberties.....	1,582,000	1,591,000	364,000	381,000
Southwark.......	853,239	836,290	234,422	234,063
Kensington......	677,211	684,877	136,935	138,331
Penn Township.	845,745	844,004	175,533	175,674
Western.........	1,598,524	1,631,656	409,968	409,973
Man. & Mech....	1,308,000	1,287,716	150,980	150,256
Commerce.......	617,513	632,446	170,079	170,986
Girard..........	2,065,195	2,108,989	314,622	311,742
Tradesmen's....	539,870	538,986	191,378	192,507
Consolidation..	655,213	628,948	120,585	131,184
City............	874,336	830,205	121,057	125,467
Commonwealth.	594,199	588,049	77,785	76,035
Corn Exchange.	657,000	658,000	103,000	103,000
Union...........	516,000	537,000	73,000	72,000
Total........	28,037,691	28,076,717	5,886,424	5,912,870

BANKS.	DEPOSITS.		CIRCULATION.	
	April 7.	April 14.	April 7.	April 14.
Philadelphia....	$1,841,000	$1,868,000	$198,000	$211,000
North America..	1,942,982	1,965,752	512,218	528,079
Farmers & Mech	3,246,292	3,690,159	343,925	329,805
Commercial.....	922,000	1,008,000	143,000	149,000
Mechanics'......	926,493	960,085	124,205	146,900
N. Liberties.....	1,101,000	1,199,000	134,000	130,000
Southwark.......	53,094	623,488	81,550	83,235
Kensington......	596,514	646,196	202,795	209,855
Penn Township.	627,704	665,540	144,072	140,787
Western.........	1,109,106	1,170,008	60,345	54,059
Man. & Mech....	661,600	732,550	203,570	208,383
Commerce.......	448,899	480,631	88,200	89,975
Girard..........	935,034	1,016,462	264,952	316,478
Tradesmen's....	443,115	458,546	93,055	95,214
Consolidation..	283,500	279,456	210,225	207,046
City............	445,860	464,430	131,948	135,372
Commonwealth.	218,345	226,244	161,910	160,232
Corn Exchange.	380,000	391,000	139,000	139,000
Union...........	238,000	267,000	142,000	152,000
Total........	16,636,538	18,112,546	3,378,970	3,496,420

The aggregates compare with those of preceding statements as follows:

	April 14.	April 7.
Capital Stock...........	$11,970,715	$11,970,690
Loans....................	28,076,717	28,037,691
Specie..................	5,912,870	5,886,424
Due from other Banks..	2,634,171	2,231,889
Due to other Banks.....	4,868,841	5,607,488
Deposits................	18,112,546	16,636,538
Circulation.............	3,496,420	3,378,970

The Cleveland and Toledo transfer books closed to-day for the 3 per cent. dividend, and reopen on the 25th instant.

The Toledo and Wabash Railroad earned the first week in April:

	1861.	1862.
Passengers..................	$4,905	$3,991
Freight......................	12,461	13,537
Total....................	$17,366	$17,429

The March earnings of the Norwich and Worcester Railroad were:

	1861.	1862.
Passengers.................	$7,459	$9,124
Freight.....................	13,994	15,125
Total....................	$21,454	$24,250
Increase................		$2,795

The following was this day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer:

Total Receipts..........................	$2,054,822
Total Payments.........................	1,444,397
Total Balance..........................	8,350,400
For Customs $100,000.	

The earnings of the Erie Railway for the

Month of March 1862, were.............	$636,615 27
Earnings March, 1861, were...........	458,560 08
Increase................................	$178,055 19

United States Notes—The Effect of their Circulation.

From Hallet's European Circular, April 15.

The almost instant addition to the specie currency of the country of $150,000,000, could not fail to be followed by a large increase of prices, from the excess over the ordinary volume of the common standard, or measure of value. Such would be a necessary result. Now the effect will be precisely similar of the addition to the currency of what must perform, by law, the functions of specie—Treasury notes made legal tender in all contracts. The volume of the circulating medium would be enlarged, without any corresponding increase in the amount of property or merchandise in the country.

The action of Government, consequently, necessarily tends to inflation. But if the elements at work were all embraced in such action, the effect of it might be comparatively trifling and harmless. But we must remember that the Government with its $150,000,000 of Treasury Notes, will supply only a very small portion of the currency. We have the usual amount of gold and silver, and the currency and discounts of some 1,200 State Banks. All these Banks being relieved of the obligation to pay specie, they can, with apparent safety, increase their loans to the amount held of Treasury Notes, and the obligations of other banks. For the present there are no limits to such increase, provided the whole mass of currency furnished by Government and the banks swells together. No matter how rapid the inflation, it appears sound and normal for a time, provided no party furnishing the currency, gets ahead or lags behind in the grand movements.

Is such inflation going on? We are free to confess that the issue of the Treasury Notes has not, so far, produced to the degree anticipated, the results predicated of it. It has advanced the price of gold, but not excessively. It has to an equal degree affected the Share Market, and probably, the value of all other kinds of property. But the eagerness with which Treasury Notes have been sought, and their apparent scarcity, prove the ability of the country to absorb a very large quantity, and the useful function they perform as currency. The country is rich and strong; and a paper currency of equal value in any portion of the country is a new chapter in the experience of our people. We have had nothing like it for a generation. If the value of these notes could be kept at par, as well as limited in amount, they would prove a valuable addition to the machinery of business, and by the addition of what would serve as so much capital, afford, perhaps, a not unhealthy stimulus to enterprise.

But the function that the Government assumes, the Banks will naturally copy. The former has issued $150,000,000 to serve as currency, payable at pleasure. The same act practically legalizes suspension by the banks. When called upon to redeem these notes or liabilities, all they will have to do will be to offer the notes of Government. These they will soon hold to an amount much greater than their usual averages of specie previous to the suspension. When called upon for an amount greater than it holds, a bank will be always enabled to borrow from others. In this way Treasury notes will, with these institutions, take the place of specie for the redemption of their own liabilities. As Government expands its issues, so will the banks. This expansion will be in the main, if not entirely, independent of the natural volume of business; and to the degree that the former exceeds the latter, will the market value of merchandise and property rise; or, what amounts to the same thing, that of the notes, or currency, by which all contracts are discharged, fall.

Such, there can be no doubt, has been and will be, the tendency of the measures inaugurated by Government. The degree of the effect or consequence produced will depend upon the amount and continuance of the irredeemable currency issued. All understand why gold and silver are, by universal consent, adopted as currency. The reason for, or process of, the substitution, in place of the precious metals in effecting exchanges, of symbols, or title deeds to merchandise, is almost equally palpable. The function of gold and silver as currency being simply to transfer property, so far as this can be done by delivery of the evidence of, or title deeds thereto, the interposition of a costly medium is avoided, and a corresponding saving effected. The science of exchanges is now so perfect, that the precious metals, except as small change, are hardly ever used, either between nations or persons, comprising the same community, but in payment of balances remaining upon final settlements. The working of the Clearing-house in this City affords a good illustration in point. For the millions of liabilities daily canceled in it, thousands of specie have sufficed. The amount of specie required may be taken as full evidence of the condition of trade. Where it is large, it shows that liabilities are contracted that cannot be met by property or merchandize. In our internal trade, if a large balance is discovered against any section, requiring the movement of specie, it shows that it has over-traded, or expanded, and must correct the evil by increasing its products, and in this way, by restoring the equilibrium, recover again the gold it has lost. But if the expenditures of every section, or each indvidual composing it, were always in exact ratio to their production and earnings, then the machinery of the exchanges would work with perfect harmony—the various balances liquidating each other and not a dollar of coin called for.

The moment we part with this thermometer, or measure, of commercial balances, we are afloat without rudder or compass. The tendencies to excess in trade, to over-production and to extravagance, which are universal, have no adequate check, and will soon carry a community, whether it will or no, out of its true course. We are now using, and basing business transactions upon symbols which have no constituent. The act of Government will not long be wanting without a plenty of imitators, both among banks and individuals, while the worst feature in the whole is the fact that we cannot now see the extent to which the inflation may be carried, and how and where it will end.

But entirely independent of the action of Government, there is every reason to believe that money will be very abundant. It is a period of cheap money throughout the world, and so intimate are the relations between nations that low rates in one produce low rates in others. Money in England is only about 2 ₱ cent. The moment that the full success of our Government is seen, capital will be attracted to this country till the rates in the two approach something like equality. The demand in this country for commercial purposes is yet small. Our importations still continue light, though increasing. The expenditures of Government being all made at home have so far tended to make money plenty instead of scarce, while the confidence which now universally prevails will influence capitalists to lend freely at the lowest rates. The first thing to feel the influence of cheap money will be the securities of Government, as these, with our military success, which insures political stability, will be as attractive to foreigners as to our own people.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 15, 1862—6 P. M.

The reported receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 45 bbls. Ashes, 11,263 bbls. Flour, 310 bbls. and 1,025 bags Corn Meal, 18 bush. Wheat, 13,318 bush. Corn, 1,021 bushels Rye, 3,148 bushels Barley, 5,205 bush. Oats, 625 bushels Malt, 5,938 pkgs. Provisions, and 1,083 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Sales to-day 42 bbls. at $5 62½ for Pots, and $5 50 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

CANDLES—Have been sparingly sought after at former rates.

COPPER—Refined Ingot is heavy and languid at 21¼c.@21½c., cash, ₱ lb. Nothing new in other kinds.

COTTON—Is in lively demand and is now quoted up to 28c.@29c. for Middlings, ₱ lb. Sales have been reported, to-day, of 3,000 bales, to spinners and speculators.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand has been quite moderate for State and Western Flour, though buyers have had any existing advantage. Sales have been made since our last, of 9,300 bbls., including Superfine State at $4 85@$4 95; very inferior to choice extra State at $4 95@$5 30, chiefly at $5 @$5 10; Superfine Western, inferior to choice, at $4 80@$4 95; extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois at $4 90@$5 90; extra Indiana and Michigan at $5 @$6; inferior extra Ohio at $5 40@$5.45; round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 50@$5 60, ₱ bbl.

Superfine State........................	$4 85	@$4 95
Extra State.............................	4 95	@ 5 30
Superfine Western....................	4 80	@ 4 95
Extra Iowa, Wisconsin and Illinois....	4 90	@ 5 90
Extra Indiana and Michigan............	5 00	@ 6 00
Inferior extra Ohio....................	5 40	@ 5 45
Extra Ohio, round hoop, shipping brds.	5 50	@ 5 60
Extra Ohio, trade brands..............	5 65	@ 6 50
Fancy Genesee........................	5 35	@ 5 45
Extra Genesee.........................	5 50	@ 6 60
Inferior to Choice, Extra Missouri....	5 35	@ 6 60

Southern Flour continues dull and heavy. Sales 950 bbls., at $5 20@$5 75 for poor to good superfine Baltimore, and $5 80@$7 25 for fancy to choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is in moderate demand, including extra at $5@$6 40 ₱ bbl.; sales 1,450 bbls. Rye Flour rules quiet at $3 10@$4 25 for fine and superfine, ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is less active, at $2 80@$2 85 for Jersey, and $3 10@$3 15 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very dull, and prices have been unsettled to-day. Sales have been confined to small lots, including White Western, at $1 40; Red Western, (Winter,) at $1 33; Milwaukee Club at $1 28 @$1 30, and Red State at $1 28 for Spring, and $1 36 for Winter, ₱ bushel. Corn is declining, and is sparingly sought after. Sales 41,000 bush., at 58c.@59c. for Mixed Western, in store and delivered, closing irregularly; 59c.@60c. for New Yellow Jersey and Southern, ₱ bushel. Oats are in moderate request, including Canadian, at 38½c.@39½c.; Western, at 39c.@39½c.; State, at 40c.@40½c., chiefly at 40c., ₱ bush. Rye continues in fair demand, at 79c.@82c., from dock and delivered, ₱ bushel. [illegible] Barley is unchanged; sales were made of 7,700 bush., including State at 80c.@85c.; Canada West at 81, and Canada East at [illegible], ₱ bush.

HAY—North River Bale is in very moderate demand, at 85c.@90c., chiefly within the range, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are inactive, at unchanged prices, including last year's crop, at 12c.@18c. ₱ lb.

IRON—Has been quiet, to-day, at previous quotations.

LEAD—Pig has attracted more attention, including foreign at $6 25@$6 37½ ₱ 100 lbs.

MOLASSES—Sales, to-day, 170 hhds., including Porto Rico at 35c., English Island at 27c.@28c., and Cuba Muscovado at 24c.@30cts. ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin is in good request at buoyant prices, including common at $7 37½@$7 50 ₱ 310 lbs. Spirits Turpentine is inactive at $1 10@$1 20 per gallon.

OILS—The inquiry for all descriptions continues very moderate at generally declining prices. We quote: Crude Sperm at $1 38@$1 40; Crude Whale at 48c.@51c.; Unbleached Winter Sperm at $1 60; Bleached Winter Whale at 60c.; Olive at $1 32½@$1 37½; Linseed at 84c.@85c.; No. 1 Winter Lard at 65c.@75c.; City Red at 50c.; Crude Petroleum at 12c.@13½c.; Refined Petroleum at 25c.@30c. ₱ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET, WEEK ENDING APRIL 14.—Sperm is without material change. The sales, since our last, embrace 260 bbls., good, at $1 38 and 40 bbls. inferior at $1 22½ ₱ gallon. Whale is in fair demand, and prices remain unchanged. The transactions for the week include sales of 620 Hhds. at 48c., 500 Hhds. Brown at 48c., and 100 Hhds. do. at 49c. ₱ gallon. Whalebone—nothing done.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. sp.	Bbls. wh.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to April 14, '62..	2,218	7,498	167,000
Same time last year..........	13,036	42,719	567,400

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in limited request, at drooping prices. Sales, 800 bbls., in lots, at $12 75 @$12 87½, for Mess; $12 25@$13 25 for Prime Mess; and $10@$10 37½ for Prime, ₱ bbl. Cut Meats continue in good demand, at 5½c.@7c. for Hams, and 4½c.@5c. for Shoulders, ₱ lb. Bacon is in request at full rates; sales, 600 boxes, at 7c.@7¾c. ₱ lb. Lard is unchanged; sales 2,300 tcs. and bbls., poor to choice, at 7¾c.@8¾c. ₱ lb. Beef continues unaltered; sales since our last, 300 bbls., at $14 25@$15 for extra Mess, and $12 25@ $13 75 for plain Mess, ₱ bbl.; Prime Mess, $20; India Mess, $22 50@$23 50 ₱ tc. Beef Hams, $17@$17 50 ₱ bbl. Butter is in fair request at 9c.@14c. for poor to choice Western, and 15c.@20c. for State, ₱ lb. State Cheese is salable and buoyant at 7½c.@8½c. ₱ lb.

SUGARS—Have been quiet, to-day, sales having been confined to 234 hhds., including Cuba, at 6¾c.@7¾c., and Porto Rico, 7¾c.@8¾c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Have been in moderate request at former rates.

TALLOW—Sales 60,000 lbs. at 8¾c.@8⅞c. ₱ lb. The business of the week Messrs. KNIGHT & SONS review thus: "In the beginning of the week the market was moderately active for export; the business, however, has been confined to a few houses, most of the orders here being at prices considerably below present rates. The stock has somewhat increased, and the arrivals have been heavier. These circumstances, together with the firmness in Freights and fall in Exchange, have caused prices to give way fully an eighth, and at the close the market is dull. Price this date, 1858, 10½c.; 1859, 10½c.; 1860, 10¼c.; 1861, 9¾c. ₱ lb."

WHISKY—Sales 1,000 bbls. in lots, chiefly at 23½c.@24c., now held at higher rates ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Engagements were limited, to-day, at our revised quotations. For Liverpool—Flour, 1s. 3d.@1s. 6d. ₱ bbl.; Wheat, in bulk and bags, 5d.@5½d. Corn, 4½d.@5d., ₱ bushel; Beef, 3s.@3s. 6d. ₱ tc.; Pork, 1s. 9d.@2s.; Bacon and Lard, 14s.@16s. Butter and Cheese, 20s.; Tallow, 12s. 6d.@15s. ₱ ton. For Glasgow—Flour, 2s. ₱ bbl.; Grain, 5d.@6d., ₱ bushel; Pork, 2s. 3d. ₱ bbl.; Beef, 4s. ₱ tc.; Bacon and Lard, 20s., and Cheese, 22s. 6d.@25s.; Tallow, 17s. 6d. ₱ ton. For London—Flour, 1s. 9d. ₱ bbl.; Grain, 5½d.@6½d. ₱ bushel; Pork, 2s.@2s. 3d. ₱ bbl.; Beef, 4s.@4s.6d. ₱ tc.; Butter and Cheese, 22s. 6d.@25s., and by steamer, 55s.; Bacon and Lard, 18s. 6d.@20s., and by steamer, 47s. 6d.,@48s. 6d. and Tallow, 17s. 6d. ₱ ton.

Sales of Real Estate—APRIL 15, 1862.

By ADRIAN H. MULLER.—House and lot No. 10 West 22d-st., 27.3 by 98.9; $18,550.

PERSONAL.

CHARLEY S.—YOURS RECEIVED; AM WELL but sad without you; sent notice Dec. 30 and March 12. When will you come to me? Write soon; send your address so I can write you; have very much to tell you. God bless and protect you.

Baltimore *Sun* please copy.

INVALID.—YOU WILL GET THE RECEIPT FOR a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all lung affections, by sending to D. ADEE, No. 381 Pearl-st., N. Y. He sends it free. Write for it. It has cured thousands.

MATRIMONIAL.

A GENTLEMAN OF THE FIRST RESPECTABILITY would like to open a correspondence with a lady of the same character, with a view to matrimony. She must be intelligent and refined, and of prepossessing appearance; age not over twenty-one. Any lady answering the above requirements will confer a favor on the undersigned by addressing him in sincerity. Address LESTER, Box No. 160 *Times* Office.

CHURCH PEWS.

FOR SALE—A PEW IN THE CHURCH OF THE Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, situated on the corner of Montague and Clinton sts., fourth pew from the chancel, in the middle aisle, and one of the best situated in the church. For particulars, address S. HONDLOW, Brooklyn; or JOHN MAYHER, No. 197 Water-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—PEW NO. 110, HANDSOMELY LOCATED in the north aisle of the Presbyterian Church, on 5th-av., corner of 19th-st. Dr. Rice Pastor. Inquire of ELIAS G. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

GRACE CHURCH.—A GOOD PEW IN THE middle aisle will be leased or sold at a very low price. Apply at No. 77 Cedar-st., Room No. 14.

PEW FOR SALE, IN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 5th-av., corner 19th-st., (Rev. Dr. RICE,) No. 150, near the pulpit. Inquire at No. 45 Broadway, up stairs.

LOST AND FOUND.

$5 REWARD.—LEFT, IN A PASSENGER CAR of the Morris and Essex Railroad, in the down-train between Newark and Jersey City, on Friday morning, the 11th inst., a PAPER PARCEL, containing two finely embroidered ladies' night-gowns, marked T. H. To be delivered at No. 31 Gold-st., New-York.

LOST OR STOLEN.—A NOTE MADE BY A. W. GRIPPEN and indorsed by J. CONKLING, for ten hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty-six cents, dated March 10, 1862, at six months—payment of which has been stopped—was this afternoon lost or stolen. Parties are cautioned against receiving or negotiating the same.

MUSICAL.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—First-class. For sale, to let, or sold on installments, on favorable terms. Peloubet Harmoniums, one, two or three banks of keys, $135 to $400. Cottage Pianos, fully warranted, 6½ and 7-octave, $150 to $250.
J. M. PELTON, 841 and 843 Broadway, New-York.

PIANOS AT WAR PRICES.—SQUARE PIanos, $60, $75, $85, $110, $125, $150, $200, &c. Upright boudoir or cottage pianos for sale or to rent, by T. H. CHAMBERS, in the Bible House, 8th-st., corner of 4th-av.

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

POLAR REFRIGERATOR AND WATER-COOLER—The best provision preserver made; wholesale and retail; BARTLETT & LESLEY, Manufacturers, No. 426 Broadway.

IMPROVED STEEL COFFEE MILLS, AT $10 and upwards. Old mills repaired, at 342 West 18th-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black, flows freely, and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally. JESSE G. KEYS.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL, STATIONERS, Steam Printers and Bookbinders, No. 45 Maiden-lane. Orders solicited for anything in our line.

BURNING FLUIDS, OILS, &C.

JOHN S. STANTON, MANUFACTURER OF
COAL OIL, BENSINE, BURNING FLUID, COAL OIL LAMPS AND LAMP MATERIALS.
DEALER IN
ALCOHOL, CRUDE PETROLEUM, &C. REFINED OIL packed in cans and cases for export, with dispatch.
NO. 139 MAIDEN-LANE, NEW-YORK.

GENTLEMEN HAVING COUNTRY SEATS AND GARDENS WILL FIND THE LODI MANUFACTURING CO.'S POUDRETTE the CHEAPEST as well as the BEST fertilizer in market for Lawns, Grass Plots, General Garden Culture, Grapevines, and for early Potatoes; $3 worth will manure an acre of Corn, will increase the crop from one-third to one-half, and will manure the crop two weeks earlier than any other manure. Price, for 7 bbls. and over, $1 50 per bbl., or only $15 per ton, delivered free on board of vessel or railroad. Apply to the only genuine office of THE LODI MANUFACTURING CO., No. 66 Cortlandt-st.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT the Brush Factory, No. 329 Pearl-st., Harpers' Building. All articles at the lowest factory prices. Paint Brushes of a superior quality constantly on hand.
JOHN K. HOPPEL.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible], Auctioneer.

FURNITURE SALES IN BROOKLYN, BY JOSEPH HEGEMAN.

THURSDAY, April 17,

At 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 33 [illegible]-place, between Clinton and Henry sts.,

HANDSOME FURNITURE—Rosewood parlor suite, [illegible] seven pieces, with covers; splendid French [illegible] glass, with rich carved cornices and pier table; [illegible] and marble mantel clock, lace curtains, [illegible] Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, handsome mahogany [illegible]-table, oak buffet and chairs, rosewood and mahogany chamber furniture, rich china dinner, breakfast and tea set, rich cut-glass, with kitchen furniture, &c.

SAME DAY,

Immediately after the above, at 1½ o'clock P. M., at No. 103 First-place, between Court and Smith sts.

HANDSOME FURNITURE—Rosewood parlor suite in brocatel, 7 pieces, with covers; piano, etagere, marble [illegible], oval mirror, rich medallion velvet carpets, oil-cloths, rosewood and mahogany marble-top chamber furniture, mattresses, China and glassware, &c., with kitchen furniture.

Catalogues at the salesroom on Wednesday.

If you require the services of an auctioneer this season, before you decide, call on JOSEPH HEGEMAN. With a personal experience of 21 years in the business in this city, the largest and best arranged salesroom, the most obliging and faithful assistants, most of whom have been with us for ten years past, and unequaled facilities for the prompt and satisfactory conduct of our business on our own original system, we offer our services at a uniform and moderate charge.

A. M. Merwin, Auctioneer.

S. T. WILLIAMS, No. 353 BROADWAY,

Will sell through Messrs. BANGS, MERWIN & CO., at public auction, without reserve, commencing

On MONDAY, 21st instant,

And continuing throughout the week, at 10 A. M. of each day,

THE EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

MIRRORS, FRAMED AND UNFRAMED ENGRAVINGS, OIL PAINTINGS, PORTRAIT AND PICTURE FRAMES, ORNAMENTAL BASES, CORNICES, &c.

Contained in said establishment.

Among the oil paintings will be found the celebrated large original of "Niagara," by Gignoux; the important picture, "Sabbath Evening," by George Harvey, R.S.A.; "Land Storm," by Innes; works by George Hall, Sonntag, Oddie, Nichols, Culverhouse and others. Also, framed and unframed engravings in immense variety; the latter including works of all the leading artists of the English, French and German schools, suitable for framing or the portfolio.

As the sale will be peremptory, purchasers may rely upon an opportunity to supply themselves such as perhaps has never before occurred in this City.

Catalogues will be ready on Wednesday next.

Daniel A. Mathews, Auctioneer.

DANIEL A. MATHEWS WILL SELL, TO-MORROW, (Thursday,) at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 48 West 24th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., the entire contents of above house, consisting in part of elegant rosewood parlor suite, 9 pieces, in blue and gold brocatel; centre and side-tables, marble-tops; rich lace curtains and cornices, superior rosewood 7-octave piano-forte, made by Lindemann & Son; rosewood lounges, Voltaire and side-chairs, in hair-cloth; real bronze mantel clock, ornaments to match; Brussels and ingrain carpets, gas chandeliers and brackets, elegant rosewood buffet, extension table, dining-chairs, mirrors, French china dinner and tea sets, rich cut glassware, mahogany French bedsteads, dressing bureaus, washstands, work-tables, curled hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters, pillows, bedding, toilet crockery, window shades, floor-cloths, stair-rods, rosewood hall-stand, hall-chairs, &c. Also, the kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues may be obtained at salesroom, No. 79 Nassau-st., this afternoon.

Edward Schenck, Auctioneer.

FINE OIL PAINTINGS.

By EDWARD SCHENCK, on THIS DAY, 16th inst., at 11 o'clock, at his salesrooms, Nos. 155 and 157 Broadway, a collection of fine oil-paintings, many of them bearing the certificates of the artists. Among them will be found

A FINE WINTER-SCENE..........By SMETS
SHEEP..........By ROSA VENNEMAN
STABLE-SCENE..........By WOUWERMANS
THE UNBIDDEN GUEST..........By P. E. NICOLIE
TWO WINTER-SCENES..........By DE BRUYN

and several fine specimens by J. Northcote, Tannuer, Berghius, and others. The paintings are now on exhibition, and will be positively sold without reserve.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSE, NO. 56 WEST TWENTY-SECOND-ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 23, 1862, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange:

West Twenty-second-st.—The handsome four-story, brown-stone, high-stoop house and lot, No. 56 West 22d-st., between 5th and 6th avs. The house is 23 feet front, in perfect order, has recently been painted and papered throughout, and contains every convenience. Lot 23x98.9. $8,000 can remain on the premises.

Maps and full particulars at the Auctioneer's office, No. 3 Pine-st.

A. S. Richards, Auctioneer.

1,000 CASES OF

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,

At Auction,

BY RICHARDS & WHITING.

On WEDNESDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock A. M., at store No. 44 Cortlandt-st., comprising a full assortment of men's, women's, Misses' and children's wear for CITY AND COUNTRY TRADE.

Auction sales every Wednesday, at 10½ o'clock A. M.

Bangs, Merwin & Co. Auctioneers.

SHELLS AND MINERALS.

BANGS, MERWIN & CO., Irving Buildings, Nos. 594 and 596 Broadway, offer at private sale, a large collection of shells and a cabinet of minerals, gathered, with much care, during many years, principally in Europe, and embracing very choice and scarce specimens. Also, an elegant sideboard of elaborate workmanship, inlaid with carved ivory, representing Oriental Mythology.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

IMPORTANT SPECIAL SALE OF VERY SUPERIOR OLD WINES, BRANDIES, CIGARS, &c., WITHOUT RESERVE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, April 17, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom No. 23 Nassau-st., a large assortment of the above, from the stock of an old-established importing and jobbing-house, recently engaged in the business in this City, including a reserve stock not heretofore offered, being the substance of their importation and selections for the past twenty years, consisting of Stalker's Amontillado, 1843; Duff Gordon Imperial Sherry, 1836, imported 1842; very old Brown & Golden do. Harmony and Portella Sherry; old South Side Madeira, very choice; dry old White Port, some of rare quality; Green Seal and other fine choice Champagnes; Cognac Brandy, 1836; an invoice of Brandy in bond, do.; W. I. Rum, Clarets, Hocks, &c. Also, in doz. cases as imported, Wines, Brandies, &c., bottled by the London and Peninsular Wine Company, one ullage octave; very fine Brandy, 1795; Bourbon Whisky, Holland Gin in cases, &c.; no other goods admitted.

Also, a select importation of about 75,000 Havana cigars, viz.: Figaro, Cabanas, Cervantes, Gaviota, Rosa, El Mora, Vijilancia, Henry Clay, and other favorite brands, in 10th boxes, consisting principally of Conchas, Zaruelas, Londres, Regalias, Brevas, Prinsados and Millar Communes, &c., which must be closed at any sacrifice.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON THIRTY-FOURTH, FIFTY-SIXTH, AND ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-THIRD STREETS AND BENSON'S-LANE.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 23, 1862,

At 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, by order of John N. Hayward, Assignee:

West Thirty-fourth-st.—The first-class brown-stone house on the south side of 34th-st., 175 feet east of 6th-av. The house is four stories, high stoop, 25x60 feet, with extension, attic, basement and counter-cellar; is finished in the very best manner with improvements, black walnut doors, staircase, &c. Lot 25x98.9.

Fifty-sixth-st.—The large plot of ground on the north side of East 56th-st., 321 feet east of 2d-av., 46 feet front, 20 feet rear, 143 feet on east side, and 141 feet west side.

One Hundred and Twenty-third-st.—Five lots on the south side of 123d-st., 30 feet east of 8th-av., 25x100 feet each.

Benson's-lane—Five gore lots immediately in the rear of the above, 25 feet front each. Maps at No. 3 Pine-st.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF MACHINERY, PATTERNS, FIXTURES, &c., of a Paper Hangings Manufactory—By order of the Assignee.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, THURSDAY, April 17, at 11 o'clock A. M., at Nos. 152, 154 and 156 West 25th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., New-York, all the machinery and appurtenances of a first class paper hangings manufactory, nearly new, and of the latest and most improved kind, embracing stamping presses for embroidered gilt papers, made by Austin & Campbell, New-York, and polishing, grounding and embossing machines, made by Waldron, of New-Brunswick, with calendars and other machinery. Also, a large assortment of printing rollers and blocks, many entirely new, with printing presses, stands, tables, tubs, shelves, partitions and racks, and all other articles used in the business. Also, a large number of satin and other grounds, plain and figured papers and finished paper hangings. To be sold without reserve. Catalogues ready on morning of sale. Goods can be inspected the day previous.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 16, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 26 West 27th-st., household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood sofa in hair cloth, carved rosewood suite, elegant gilt frame pier mirror, carved rosewood corner etagere, mahogany card-table, rosewood bedstead, rosewood marble-top dressing bureau, mahogany wardrobe, mahogany wine-chest, Brussels stair-carpets, stair-rods, oil-cloth, double hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, rosewood book-case, gilt oil-paintings and engravings, black walnut book-rack, &c.; also, an assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

Wm. Dumont, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO, &c., AT AUCTION.—WILLIAM DUMONT will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 17, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 17 St. Timothy's-place, 52d-st., between 8th-av. and Broadway, a general assortment of handsome household furniture, consisting of Wilton, tapestry and Brussels carpets, pier and mantel glasses, rosewood sofa covered with satin damask, large drawing-room chair to match, a superb etagere, centre-tables, rosewood piano, 7-octave, (by Chickering,) tête-a-tête, cut-glass, china dinner set, rosewood bedsteads, hair mattresses, marble-top bureaus, dining table, &c., &c. Catalogues now ready.

Edward Pettinger, Auctioneer, No. 50 Wall-st.

WILL SELL, ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, at 10½ o'clock, at the office of Henry J. Crate, No. 1 Franklin-square, all the printing materials contained therein, consisting of presses, wood and metal type, devices, borders, galleys, chases, cabinets, tinted and white papers, and office furniture. Sale positive, without reserve.

William Irving, Auctioneer.

WILLIAM IRVING WILL SELL AT auction, on FRIDAY, April 18, in front of salesroom, No. 35 Nassau-st., at 1 o'clock, P. M., a splendid [illegible] Messenger horse, 15½ hands, trots in 3½; sound, [illegible] and gentle in all harness; good saddle beast, very [illegible] and a fine family horse.

AUCTION SALES.

[illegible], Auctioneer.

BY [illegible] & CO.

Salesrooms, Nos. 450 Broadway and 18 Crosby-st.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF AN IMPORTING AND JOBBING HOUSE, CONSISTING OF HARDWARE, FINE SHEFFIELD POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, OF RODGERS', WOSTENHOLM'S, MAPPIN'S, AND OTHER CELEBRATED MAKERS, GUNS, SPORTING IMPLEMENTS, &c.

BY ORDER OF

James Lynch, Sheriff of the City and County of New-York.

AT NO. 176 FULTON-ST.,

COMMENCING ON

THURSDAY, April 17, 1862,

At 10 o'clock.

And to be continued daily until the entire Stock is disposed of.

Catalogues will be ready on Wednesday, 16th inst., and may be had by applying at the salesrooms of the Auctioneers, No. 450 Broadway.

The stock will be on exhibition at the store, No. 176 Fulton-st., one day before the sale.

Terms of sale—Cash in bankable money.

INSTRUCTION.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE

Offers to young ladies superior advantages for a thorough and accomplished education. Special attention will be given to French, under the instruction of an accomplished governess from Paris; also to music, under the direction of one of the best masters of New-York. For circulars address the Principal,

C. G. HAZELTINE, Morristown, N. J.

TOGHCONIC INSTITUTE—LANESBOROUGH, Berkshire County, Mass. The fourteenth Semi-annual Session of this select family school for boys will commence on THURSDAY, May 8. The Principal invites the most thorough examination of his claims to public confidence. He will be at the residence of E. L. CHILDS, Court-st., corner of President and Court sts., Brooklyn, until THURSDAY, April 17.

City References—Rev. H. B. Smith, D. D., Union Theology Seminary; Milton St. John, Esq., No. 22 John-st.; Andrew Stewart, Esq., No. 146 Broadway; R. L. Scott, Esq., No. 60 Wall-st.

BURLINGTON COLLEGE, BURLINGTON, N. J.—Rt. Rev. WM. H. ODENHEIMER, D. D., Bishop of New-Jersey, President.

Rev. J. BRECKINRIDGE GIBSON, A. M., Rector.

The Preparatory Department is in full operation, educating boys from the Primary Branches up through the Freshman Collegiate Studies.

The smaller boys are under maternal care and watchfulness.

Boys are admitted at any time in the term. There are two terms in each year, beginning Nov. 1 and May 1.

Application for admission and for further information should be addressed to the Rector.

"AM. SCHOOL INST.," ESTABLISHED 1855 For supplying Schools of Every Grade, and Families, with competent teachers *without charge*:

For aiding Teachers to secure suitable appointments:

For *giving* Parents and Guardians information and circulars of good schools:

For selling and renting School Properties.

References: Pres't Hitchcock, Amherst Coll.; Prof. Porter, Yale; Prof. Greene, Brown University; Mess. Barnes & Burr, and Mess. Ivison & Phinney, Publishers, New-York; Prof. Marcius Willson, at Harpers, N. Y.

G. S. WOODMAN & COMPANY, 596 Broadway.

ST. MARY'S HALL—THE BISHOP OF NEW-Jersey, President; Rev. ELVIN K. SMITH, Principal. Terms in full, for board and tuition, $150 per session of five months, beginning May 1 and Nov. 1. Thorough instruction in music, drawing and painting, modern languages, Latin, and all the branches of a complete English education. Apply, for admission, to the Principal, at Burlington, N. J. Catalogues can be had at Appletons, Nos. 443 and 445 Broadway.

ROSE HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG Ladies at Danbury, Conn., will reopen on MONDAY, May 5. A liberal deduction from previous prices will be made to pupils now entering the Seminary. The Principals can be seen until the 16th inst., from 4 to 6 P. M., at the St. Julian Hotel, No. 2 West Washington-place.

MRS. C. M. WHITE, } Principals.
MRS. A. C. ELTING, }

AT $2 50, WRITING—BOOK-KEEPING, $10—Lessons unlimited. Arithmetic and Penmanship, $10 per quarter—78 lessons each. Hundreds of young men are dragging out discontented lives for want of better knowledge of these essentials, which may be acquired at PAINE'S, No. 62 Bowery, New-York, or No. 285 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, at hours suiting, day or evening.

GREYLOCK INSTITUTE—SOUTH WILliamstown, Berkshire County, Mass., commences its Fortieth Semi-annual Session WEDNESDAY, May 7. Number limited to 30. Circulars can be had of A. S. Barnes & Burr, No. 51 John-st., of Wm. W. Rose, No. 68 Cedar-st., or by addressing the Principal,

BENJ. F. MILLS.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE—NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.—The SUMMER TERM of this Collegiate Seminary will commence April 18. Special attention is given to music and physical culture. For admission, or catalogues with full particulars, address

L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS—AT BEDford, Westchester County, N. Y., A. WILLIAMSON, A. M., Principal. Number of pupils limited to 10. Terms $90 a session. Next session will open May 5. Circulars may be had of W. Underhill, No. 183 Water-st.; of W. J. Elger, No. 882 Broadway, or of the Principal.

FAIR HAVEN SEMINARY—T. G. SLOAN, PRINCIPAL.—A family boarding-school for 12 pupils, pleasantly located in the village of Fair Haven, within one mile of New-Haven, Conn.; has been established 11 years. Summer term begins May 7. Circulars at E. GOODENOUGH'S, No. 122 Nassau-st.

DWIGHT INSTITUTE—LITCHFIELD, CONN. —Twelve boys only received and carefully instructed. Particular attention given to small boys. Terms very moderate. For circulars, apply to J. R. WILCOX, No. 185 5th-av., corner 23d-st., where the Principal can be seen daily, from 10 to 4 o'clock.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 218 4th-st., on Washington-square, corner of Macdougal-st., (CLARKE & FANNING, Rectors, with twelve assistants,) prepares pupils of all ages for business or College.

ENGLEWOOD INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG LADIES—Englewood, N. J.—Beautifully located on the slope of the Palisades, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, 45 minutes from New-York City.

J. A. FOWLER & W. B. DWIGHT, Principals.

MR. TH. BOVEL, CLERGYMAN IN GENEVA, Switzerland, wishes to receive in his house four young men, for their education. References: Mr. C. A. Roberts, New-York; Mr. le Comte de Gasparin and Mr. le Prof. Merle d'Aubigne, Geneva.

A SCHOOL FOR TEN BOYS.—THE SCHOOL is near the City, a very healthy and beautiful location; the teacher has had many years experience; two vacancies only; ages between 8 and 14 preferred. Address A. S., Box No. 159 New-York City Post-office.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y. —The Forty-ninth Semi-annual Session will commence May 1. For circulars address the Principal,

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

WILTON INSTITUTE, WILTON, CONN. —Summer term commences May 1, 1862. For particulars apply to LOCKWOOD & BROWN, Principals.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars, address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL—NORWALK, Conn. Terms $140 per annum. For full particulars, apply to the Principal, C. H. WHEELER.

YOUTHS' HOME BOARDING SCHOOL—On a large farm near Hackensack, N. J. Board, tuition, &c., $120 per year. A. B WINANT, Principal.

TEACHERS.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN from Yale wants a position as teacher in a family of New-York or Brooklyn; can fit a boy for college; is also a highly successful teacher of singing and beginners on the piano; has a fine instrument which his pupils might use; would like board and pleasant room as compensation. Address TEACHER, Box No. 103 Williamsburgh.

AS TEACHER, HOUSEKEEPER, OR GOVERNESS.—A young lady, competent to teach the English branches, with music, desires a situation in a school, or as housekeeper and governess to young children. Address, one week, A. V., Box No. 82 Broadway Post-office.

AS RESIDENT GOVERNESS, OR COMPANION.—An English lady of much experience, fully qualified to give instruction in the several branches of a thorough English education, with music and French, and offering the highest testimonials, wishes an engagement. Address J. M. C., Post-office, Union-square.

AS TEACHER.—AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER (graduate of Yale) desires a situation for the ensuing Summer; has the best of testimonials respecting his uniform success, both as an instructor and as a disciplinarian. For full particulars address TEACHER, Box No. 1,633, New-Haven, Conn.

AS GOVERNESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION as governess, in a private family, by a lady competent to teach common English, higher mathematics, Latin, French and drawing, and who can furnish the best evidences as to scholarship and character. Apply, for two days, at No. 89 East 13th-st.

AS TEACHER.—A YOUNG LADY, WHO HAS had experience in teaching music, the higher English branches, and French, desires to obtain a situation as teacher in a private family. Address Miss H., Randolph's Bookstore, corner of Amity-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—A NATIVE TEACHER OF THE French and German languages, in a well-established school in this State. A liberal salary will be paid. A gentleman preferred. Address, with full particulars, N. HILL FOWLER, No. 79 Nassau-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—A FURNISHED COUNTRY PLACE for the Summer or year, at a very low rent, for a gentleman and wife; not particular about distance; must be comfortably furnished, healthy location, horse and cow not objectionable; best of care taken; reference given; payment in advance, if an object. Address, stating rent, location, &c., or call on W. H. WELLS, No. 47 Ann-st., New-York.

WANTED TO RENT—TWO SMALL COTTAGES, in a pleasant location, (on the water preferred,) and not over one hour's ride from the City Hall. Address, stating rent, means of access, commutation, &c., Box No. 4,119 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED, IN WILLIAMSBURGH—THE lower part of a house, by a small family; must have water and gas, and be near the ferries; rent not to exceed $225. Address S. A. R., No. 199 East 25th-st.

WANTED TO LEASE OR PURCHASE—A small country house, with some land, within short distance of City, on railroad route. Address W., Box No. 180 *Times* Office, for three days.

TO LET.

TO LET.—THE UPPER PART OF THE TWO-story house, No. 88 Henry-st., consisting of three rooms and one attic, with use of basement for washing. Rent, $17 per month. Apply on the premises.

LOW RENTS TO GOOD TENANTS.

TO LET—Store No. 249 Front-st.
Store, &c., No. 13 Wall-st.
House with stable, &c., No. 108 East 39th-st.
Large house, No. 21 Clinton-place, near Broadway.
Brown stone house, No. 111 East 39th-st.
Three-story brick house, No. 126 East 39th-st.
Three-story modern house, No. 149 East 50th-st.
Small brick house, No. 109 East 17th-st.
Two-story, &c., house, No. 60 Bleecker-st.
Brown stone house, No. 62 East 38th-st.
Large house and lot, No. 100 East 13th-st.
Very nice house, No. 255 Greene-st.
Two-story, &c. house, No. 4 Charlton-st.
Basement No. 346 3d-av., corner 27th-st.
Coal yard, &c., No. 68 Wooster-st.
Small modern house, No. 153 East 50th-st.
Light stone house, No. 114 East 34th-st.
First and third floors, (modern) No. 346 Third-av.
Four-story house, No. 153 West 24th-st.
Three-story house, No. 160 West 26th-st.
Three-story, &c., house, No. 95 East 29th-st.
Store and second floor, No. 26 Cedar-st.
House and seven lots, cor. 1st-av. and 30th-st.

Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET.—THE COMMODIOUS 3 STORY HIGH stone stoop, brick house (25x55, with large garden, 4 grape-vines, &c.) No. 215 Adams-st., Brooklyn, 8 minutes walk from Fulton, 6 minutes walk from Wall-st. Ferry; contains gas, hot and cold water, speaking tubes, water-closets, bath and furnace. Is being altered, cleaned, improved and painted inside and out; neighborhood quiet and respectable. Rent low; part would be taken in merchandise.

TO LET—NO. 270 4TH-AV., NEAR 21ST-ST., RENT $400; No. 67 West 42d-st., rent $350; No. 713 6th-av., rent $300. These houses have all the conveniences required by a family. Two stores and basement corner 37th-st. and Broadway, with room in yard for workshops or machinery. Apply to I. ROGERS, No. 59 East 13th-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & Co., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS OF brown-stone front house, 25x60, No. 477 3d-av., two parlors, four rooms, six closets, kitchen, washroom and cellar; gas fixtures and marble mantels; a complete home on one floor. Apply, from 10 to 3 o'clock, to THOS. McPHERSON, No. 477 3d-av.

TO LET ON SEVENTY-NINTH-STREET, 1½ blocks from Central Park, a medium-sized and very convenient frame house in the centre of 8 lots of ground, containing a garden and a variety of choice fruit, with a stable and chickery on 80th-st. Inquire at No. 486 Broadway, corner of Broome-st., Room No. 8.

TO LET—TO A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, THE upper part of a house in the Ninth Ward, consisting of six rooms with water and gas; it has a large yard and its location is unexceptionable: rent $250; parties addressing H. T., Box No. 151 *Times* Office, will be called upon; must state the number of family and give real address.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE OF BUILDING NO. 45 Leonard-st., together with engine, boiler and machinery complete, for box manufacturing or almost any other mechanical purposes. Machinery all new. Inquire of TAYLOR & WILSON, corner Reade and Hudson sts., or at No. 224 West 37th-st.

TO LET.—A NEAT, SMALL BRICK HOUSE, with the modern conveniences—water, gas, bath, kitchen-range, &c, No. 42½ Douglass-st., near Court-st., Brooklyn. Apply to CHARLES JENKINS, at No. 22 Monroe-place, Brooklyn, or at the East River Bank, No. 680 Broadway.

MEDIUM-SIZED HOUSES TO LET—WITH modern improvements and low rents, Nos. 185 and 207 and 209 East 19th-st., No. 168 East 13th-st., No. 109 St. Mark's-place, Nos. 16 and 18 Stuyvesant-st. Also, part of Nos. 197 and 201 East 19th-st. Apply to C. J FOLSOM, No. 136 1st-av., corner of 8th-st.

TO LEASE—CORNER OF BROADWAY AND Howard-st.—The building No. 432 Broadway, with the adjoining one, No. 41 Howard-st., separately or together. Also, the entire building No. 428 Broadway; to good tenants a lease will be given at moderate rents. Inquire at No. 19 William-st., Room No. 23, from 1 to 4 o'clock.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS TO LET IN the buildings Nos. 446, 448, and 450 Water-st. Nine lofts, 25x40 feet, with hatchways, hoistwheels, &c. Good light, front and rear; location good, and premises suitable for almost any manufacturing business. Apply at No. 224 South-st.

TO LET—STORE NO. 55 CORTLANDT-ST., FIVE stories high, 27 feet front and 70 deep, thoroughly built and in complete order. The best location on the west side of the town for a wholesale grocery. Apply to H. D. SEDGWICK, No. 34 Wall-st., or E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

STORES NOS. 36 AND 38 WHITEHALL-ST., TO LET.—The former with an L on Pearl-st., either together or separately. The stores are opposite the new Produce Exchange. Apply to JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON, No. 69 Wall-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS 4-STORY HOUSE IN thoroughly good order; newly painted and papered, baths and water-closets below and above, and gas and gas fixtures throughout; will be let on liberal terms to a first-class tenant. Apply at No. 261 Greene-st.

STORE NO. 72 SOUTH-ST. TO LET.—THE doorway will be opened, and store made complete in itself, or it can be leased in connection with the premises adjoining, belonging to estate of George Griswold. Apply to JOHN TAYLOR JOHNSTON, No. 69 Wall-st.

TO RENT—THE STORE IN THE ASTOR HOUSE, now occupied by the Western Transportation Company. Apply to

HUGH ALLEN,
No. 1 Coenties-slip.

LIGHT ROOMS AND STEADY POWER, TO LET.

By JOHN GAUDU,
No. 102 Walker-st.

TO LET—SEVERAL SNUG TWO-STORY AND attic houses in Greene-st., containing the modern improvements, with fine yards, and rent suited to the times. Inquire of F. A. MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

TO LET—SEVERAL SMALL, VERY NEAT AND convenient houses, brown-stone fronts, with modern improvements complete, in 20th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. Rent only $400 each. Apply to J. MACFARLAN, No. 180 East 10th-st.

TO LET—A NUMBER OF HOUSES WELL LOcated up town, from $400 to $1,000 per annum. Also, a number of houses for sale, from $5,000 to $20,000. Terms easy. Apply to RAYNOR & BLACKWELL, No. 1,275 Broadway, next to corner of 34th-st.

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS BRICK HOUSE, WITH water and gas, corner of Warren and Henry sts., Brooklyn; the house will be repainted, and put in complete repair, and possession given on the 1st of May. Rent moderate. Apply to A. G. JEROME, 20 Exchange-place.

STORE, AND WHOLE OR PART OF DWELLING TO LET—No. 528 Hudson-st.; possession immediately, if desired; good location for any retail business. Apply from 10 to 12 o'clock, A. M., or after 4 o'clock, P. M.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE English basement houses, Nos. 236 and 238 West 35th-st.; the location is very desirable, and the houses are in good order, and contain all modern improvements. Rent, $650. Apply to T. G. CHURCHILL, No. 10 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY AND attic brick house, No. 73 Greenwich-st., near Perry-st.; gas and Croton introduced. Apply to

C. GILBERT, No. 73 6th-av.

BRICK SHOP AND STEAM-ENGINE TO LET.—The three-story and basement brick shop No. 291 West 24th-st.; 25x40, with six-horse power steam-engine.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH-BASEment, brown-stone house, No. 47 West 13th-st.; will be rented a bargain. Inquire of F. A. MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

TO LET—AT A MODERATE RENT, THE HOUSE No. 76 State-st., Brooklyn, 3-stories, with all the modern improvements; is in good order. Apply to F. WAYDELL, No. 36 Dover-st., New-York.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS TWO-STORY AND attic brick house, No. 76 Christopher-st, near Bleecker-st.; gas and Croton introduced. Apply to

C. GILBERT, No. 73 6th-av.

HOUSES, NOS. 45, 47 AND 51 LISPENARD-st., near Broadway, and house No. 136 Franklin-st., near Varick-st., to let at low rents. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 373 Broadway.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HOUSE NO. 6 St. Mark's-place. To a good tenant it will be rented low. Possession immediately. Apply to JAMES CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

TO LET—THE LARGE ENGLISH BASEMENT house, No. 23 West 22d-st.; gas and Croton introduced; house in good order. Apply to

C. GILBERT, No. 73 6th-av.

TO LET—A SUPERIOR NEW FOUR-STORY high-stoop brown-stone house, of full width, sixty-five feet deep, with an extension, in the most desirable location in the City. Apply at No. 143 Madison-av.

OFFICE TO LET.—A FRONT BASEMENT ON 9th-st., a few doors west of Broadway, to let to a respectable physician, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. Address J. C., Box No. 178 *Times* Office.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY ATTIC and basement house, No. 6 Allen-st. Has water and gas, and adapted to two families. Apply to G. OSTRANDER, Naval Office, Custom-house.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY HIGH BASEMENT house, replete with all modern improvements, No. 189 West 18th-st. Rent low to a good tenant. Apply to WASHINGTON SMITH, No. 261 West 18th-st.

TO LET—THE STORE No. 2 CORTLANDT-ST., near Broadway, 25x50. Immediate possession. Apply on the premises.

FOR RENT—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY, brown-stone English basement house, in 22d-st., near 7th-av. Inquire of J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway.

TO LET—THE STORE NO. 2 (NEW) CHAMBERS-st., corner of Chatham-st. Rent $1,000 per annum. Apply to W. L. CONKLIN, No. 102 Reade-st.

STORE IN THE BIBLE-HOUSE TO LET —Fronting on Astor-place—a very desirable location. Inquire at the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, TWO NICE HOUSES, Nos. 147 and 153 Rivington-st. Rent reasonable to a good tenant. Inquire of C. T. WHITE, No. 7 Worth-st.

TO LET—VERY DESIRABLE OFFICES IN THE Bible House, Astor-place, on second and third stories. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET—A LARGE HOUSE IN BLOOMFIELD New-Jersey, with ornamental grounds. Inquire of F. D. PINE, near the dépôt.

TO LET.—THE THREE-STORY, BROWN-STONE front house No. 100 East 19th-st. For terms and admission, apply to THOMAS VERNON, No. 31 Nassau-st.

BUSINESS ROOMS TO LET—EXCEEDINGly cheap, at No. 60 Fulton-st.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE TIMES' BUILDING—Fronting Spruce-st., suitable for lawyers' offices. Inquire in the Times' Counting-room.

TO LET—THE FOLLOWING DESIRABLE houses AT REDUCED RENTS.

No. 146 East 13th-st., 4-story, brown-stone, English basement.
No. 152 East 13th-st., 4-story, brown-stone.
No. 176 East 15th-st., 3-story, high stoop.
No. 137 East 19th-st., 3-story, high stoop.
No. 21 Stuyvesant-st., 3-story and attic.
No. 149 East 13th-st., 4-story, high stoop.
No. 210½ East 20th-st., 3-story, English basement.
No. 16 Livingston-place, brown-stone, 4-story, English basement, opposite Stuyvesant-square.
No. 48 Clinton-place, between 5th-av. and University-place.
No. 69 West 26th-st., brown-stone, high stoop.
No. 186 East 16th-st., 3-story, high stoop.
No. 84 East 15th-st., 4-story, English basement.
No. 83 St. Mark's-place, rent $900.
No. 151 2d-av., four-story, brown-stone, English basement, rent $750.
North side 78th-st., between 3d and 4th avs., brick 2-story, high stoop, $300.

Apply to THOS. MACFARLAN, No. 180 East 10th-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY STORE BUILDING, No. 181 Pearl-st., corner of Pearl and Cedar sts., now occupied by Durkee & Co.

Also upper part of No. 47 Dey-st.
Also store and basement, No. 2 Cedar-st.
Also store and basement, No. 8 Cedar-st.
Also lofts and offices at No. 142 Broadway.
Also rooms and offices in Nos. 12, 14 and 16 John-st.

Inquire of W. VENVILL, 142 Broadway, rear building.

TO LET—THE ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE, No. 60 Bergen-st., Brooklyn—14 rooms—10 minutes from South Ferry—or would let part. Rent low. Also, stores, basements, and floors for dwellings, each complete with gas fixtures, water closets, &c., in new buildings on Greenwich-av., opposite Jefferson Market. Apply to

MEIGS D. BENJAMIN, No. 241 Broadway.

TO LET—AT HARLEM, A THREE-STORY house, having gas, Croton water, and every convenience, with a large garden attached. Inquire on the premises northeast corner 125th-st. and 5th-av., or at the office of the Harlem Bridge Commissioners, corner of Chambers and Chatham sts.

TO LET—IN BROOKLYN, A FIRST-CLASS house on Rapelye-st., five minutes from Hamilton-av. Ferry, three stories and basement, high stoop, court-yard in front, and with all modern improvements. To be let low to a good tenant. Inquire of W. VENVILL, No. 142 Broadway, rear building.

TO LEASE—THE LARGE BUILDING, FOOT OF East 23d-st., suitable for manufacturing purposes; will be leased for a term of years, at a low rent. Apply at the office of the Empire Works, foot of East 24th-st.

S. LEGGETT, Superintendent.

TO LET—THE FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS of the brown-stone front house No. 477 3d-av., consisting of parlor, dining-room, kitchen, three bedrooms and six closets on each floor; gas fixtures, marble mantels, &c. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—TWO-STORY AND ATTIC BRICK houses, Nos. 78, 80 and 84 4th-st., between Perry and Hammond sts.; gas and Croton water introduced; to good tenants would be rented low. Apply to F. BLANCHET, No. 294 6th-av.

TO LET—AT A LOW RENT, THE WHOLE OR part of the three-story house No. 692 Washington-st., near Charles-st.; would accommodate two families; water and gas in the house. Rent $375. Apply to R. S. KING, No. 774 Greenwich-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY, HIGH-STOOP, 25 feet front house, No. 222 Thompson-st., near Washington-square; will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply to WM. CHURCHILL, No. 84 William-st.; or JOHN CULYER, No. 231 Thompson-st.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, No. 320 4th-st., west of and near Broadway, with gas fixtures. Also the three-story brick house, No. 18 West 24th-st., near 5th-av., with gas fixtures. Apply to Dr. BLOIS, No. 14 East 28th-st.

OFFICES.—THREE VERY CONVENIENT OFFICES in the building, No. 77 Cedar-st., adjoining the Bank of Commerce, will be let at a low rent, together or separately. Inquire in Room No. 14, third story.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY brown-stone house, No. 106 Lexington-av., near 28th-st.; has all the modern improvements; rent low.

JOHN VANDERBILT, No. 23 Fulton-st.

TO LET—TWO COTTAGE HOUSES, CONTAINing 8 rooms, cellars and 10 closets, gas and Croton water, Nos. 97 and 101 West 40th-st.; rent, $350 and $325. Apply to GEO. F. BROWN, No. 22 West 41st-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.—TWO FURNISHed houses on Castleton Heights, Staten Island, 1½ miles from the Ferries, to be let or leased to private families.

The smaller place is an English cottage, containing about 16 rooms, with stable and coach-house, and eight acres of land.

The larger place consists of fifty acres, twelve of which are in gardens, orchards and lawn, an elegant mansion, 50 by 75 feet, fitted up with gas, hot and cold water, and all other modern conveniences, a very handsome lodge or gate-house, and a large coach-house, stables, &c. Carriages and horses might go with the place.

The situation of both houses is high and healthful, and the views are unsurpassed.

Apply to I. P. NESMITH, No. 77 Cedar-st., between 2 and 3 o'clock.

LAKE MAHOPAC.—TO LET—A COUNTRY residence, furnished; the most central and desirable situation upon the lake; magnificent view, two acres of ground, fine grove, garden, carriage-house, stable, &c. Mahopac is mountain air, and is celebrated for health, drives, scenery, &c. For particulars apply at No. 151 East 13th-st.

TO LET, AT ASTORIA—A FINE, LARGE and well-furnished house, containing 13 rooms, also laundry and bath rooms; gas and water throughout, with all modern improvements; one acre of ground, shade and fruit trees, carriage-house and stable. For further information inquire of H. WHITTEMORE, Astoria, or at No. 98 Liberty-st., second floor.

$1,000.—FURNISHED HOUSE, NO. 41 East 28th-st., 13 rooms, with the improvements, three-story, high basement, large yard, with vines, &c. For card to see the house, apply at No. 58 East 22d-st., from 1 to 3 P. M. Unfurnished, $800.

TO LET—FOR THREE OR FOUR MONTHS, A furnished cottage-house, at New-Brighton, Staten Island; rent $100 per month. Apply to JAMES CRUIKSHANK, No. 55 Broadway.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE AT ORANGE, New-Jersey—three acres of land in fruit; a very desirable place. Apply at No. 83 Duane-st.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FURNISHED—The large dwelling-house No. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av.; terms of sale easy, or rent to a good tenant low; premises may be seen, and further particulars learned, by application to GEORGE JONES, *Times* Office.

ALLEN NEWMAN

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE
AND
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Tarrytown, N. Y.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he has recently engaged in the above business, and that he has a variety of places in Tarrytown and its vicinity to let, lease or sell, which he will dispose of on reasonable and equitable terms.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—A NEW THREE-story Philadelphia front, brown stone, basement, stood and front door-way, built in a good, substantial manner, with all the modern improvements complete. Will be sold low and on easy terms. House situated in State-st., first house west of Flatbush-av. For particulars inquire of JOHN H. WHITMORE, No. 214 Fulton-av.

HOUSE FOR SALE—IT IS AN ELEGANT EXtra-size 25-feet house, nearly new, and in complete order; extra cellar, vaults, rosewood doors, black walnut trimmings, &c., &c. Is situated in 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Inquire of JOHN O. HIGGINS, No. 586 6th-av., between 34th and 35th sts.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY and basement brick house, high-stoop, brown-stone trimmings, No. 222 West 22d-st., furnished in the best manner throughout, with all the modern improvements; house 20.6x42; rent low; terms to suit. Apply to JOHN A. KENYON, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, 25x60 feet, unsurpassed for design and finish, situate on one of the best sites on Murray Hill, No. 29 East 38th-st., near Madison-av. Also, house No. 47 East 37th-st., near 4th-av.; four-story, brown-stone front. Inquire on the premises in both places.

$1,300 WILL BUY A NEW 2-STORY house and lot, 5 rooms and good cellar, one block from the cars running to three ferries; $200 to $500 cash, the balance $10 per month, without interest. Apply at the office of D. E. DANIELS, corner of 5th-av. and 14th-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR NEW FOUR-STORY high-stoop, brown-stone house, of full width and sixty-five feet deep, with an extension, in the most desirable location in the City. Sixty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply on the premises, 143 Madison-av.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS ON 75TH-ST., IMMEdiately in front of the late residence of P. Perit, Esq.; will be sold cheap, to close an estate. Apply to JOHN McCLAVE, No. 1,241 Broadway.

FOR SALE, AT A BARGAIN—No. 69 WEST 27th-st., near 6th-av., the new brown stone 2-story high stoop house; has all the improvements; built in the best manner. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE—A FOUR story brown-stone front house, No. 11 West 39th-st., furnished, or house and furniture will be sold separate. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND STABLE.—A FIRST-class dwelling-house, on Madison-av., with stable adjoining, on 39th-st. Inquire of ELIAS G. BROWN, No. 192 Broadway.

FARMS.

FARM FOR SALE—OF 40 ACRES, AT NEW-Utrecht, L. I., lying between bath-house and Fort Hamilton, along the shore; the buildings are all nearly new; for location and pleasantness it is not surpassed. It can be bought for $400 per acre on applying to M. S. BENNETT, on the premises.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR good City property in New-York or Brooklyn, consisting of 100 acres of good land, with good buildings, &c., within one mile of Clifton Springs, Ontario County, N. Y. Address S. LAURENCE, No. 388 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED TO LEASE—FOR A TERM OF years, a plot of ground, suitable for a coal-yard, located above 23d-st., between 3d and 8th avs. Address, for one week, A. N., Box No. 170 *Times* Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—The valuable property [illegible] and occupied by William Smith Ingham, in the village of Meridan, Cayuga Co., N. Y.

The property contains about thirty acres of very choice land, with a fine grove of maple timber, water, &c. There is also an orchard of choice selected apple trees, now in good bearing condition; also, pears, cherries, quinces and small fruits—all of the best varieties.

The buildings consist of a fine, large, commodious and modern built mansion, and all the outbuildings necessary for a gentleman's residence, also for farm purposes.

There is also a good country store on the premises. Everything is well arranged, and the grounds are tastefully laid out. For a gentleman's country residence, or for a Boarding School or Water Cure, the place is admirably adapted. It is sixteen miles from Auburn, twenty miles from Syracuse, and twenty-two miles from Oswego. Jordan Station, on the New-York Central road, is distant seven miles, and connections are made with the trains each way daily, by omnibus.

Will be sold cheap. Apply to, or address

DATERS & CO., No. 161 Front-st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS—A most substantial frame and brick house, cottage style, 36x34 feet, adapted for either a Summer or Winter residence, and suitable for a genteel family; 18 rooms, gas, furnace, bath, water closet, hot and cold water, plenty of trees, stable and out-buildings, and large lot; situation elevated, with beautiful prospect, and neighborhood pleasant and healthy; less than an hour from the City; commutation, $50. Apply to D. L. DODGE, No. 75 Liberty-st.

TO LET—FOR A YEAR, OR PART OF A YEAR, A handsome country residence, with three acres of land, situated in a healthy part of the State of New-Jersey, about 50 miles from this City, on a line of double-track railroad. The house is large and commodious, with a great abundance of shade and fruit trees in the court-yard. Also, an excellent garden, carriage-house and stable. Hay and pasture furnished for a horse and two or three cows. Terms moderate. Address W., Box No. 295 New-York Post-office.

TO LET OR LEASE—TWO OF THOSE BEAUtiful houses, situated on Clermont Terrace, Newtown, L. I.; each house contains thirteen rooms, has all the modern improvements, with large garden and shaded lawn in front of two acres, with circular carriage road, completely protected from the main road; only two minutes from railroad dépôt, and thirty-five minutes from New-York. For further particulars apply to A. BAXTER, on the premises, or to SAMUEL LORD, corner of Grand and Chrystie sts.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT, 20 or 40 acres, in Morristown, N. J., ¼ mile from town; house 56x36, Elizabethan style; conservatory, furnace, bath-room and elevated site 300 feet from road; large shade-trees, grounds tastefully arranged; large outbuildings and garden; large and small fruits, choice varieties; apple orchard just in bearing; also, pair stylish black Canadian ponies, kind and sound.

SOUTHWIK & WOOD, No. 82 Nassau-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE, AT BRIAR CLIFF, ONE mile from dépôt, Sing Sing; rent $250; 6 rooms, and dining-room, kitchen and cellar; garden, stocked with small fruits; stable, if required; fine view of Hudson River; near the Episcopal church. Also, a house to let, No. 151 West 12th-st., with all modern improvements. Apply to W. R. BRINCKERHOFF, Sun Mutual Ins. Co., No. 49 Wall-st.

COUNTRY SEAT ON THE HUDSON, AT TARRYTOWN.—The advertiser offers for sale the south half of his river land, (about 35 acres,) with the house and stable. The site is beautiful and commanding, and the building architectural in design, and complete in workmanship. Price, $65,000. Inquire of E. A. DOOLITTLE, Broadway, New-York, or PHILIP R. PAULDING, Tarrytown village.

SPLENDID COUNTRY SEAT, WITH fine large carriage-house, abundance of fruit and shrubbery, to rent or lease, adjoining Hon. Fernando Wood's country residence on Bloomingdale Road. Will be rented on moderate terms to a good and responsible tenant. The house has gas and water in every room; fine garden and eight lots of ground. Inquire on the premises, or of HENRY KELLY, No. 56 University-place.

TO LET OR FOR SALE, AT NYACK, Rockland County, 15 minutes' walk from the landing, a nice house, containing ten rooms, and carriage house attached, with a large garden, containing grape vines and fruit trees in abundance; a range in the kitchen, and a fine well of water at the door. The house commands a fine view of the Hudson. Rent, $200. Apply to T. TASMAN, Oakhill Cemetery, Nyack.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED—A very desirable country house in Westchester County, with two acres of land, stables, ice-house, &c., and good garden. The property is two minutes' walk from dépôt, and 20 miles from the City Hall. Everything is in complete order, and the house is ready for immediate occupancy. Apply to P. R. WILKINS, No. 10 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, AT BELMONT, NEAR FORDHAM—An elegant villa, with about one acre of land, containing 14 rooms, bath, water-closet, dumb waiter, &c. The garden is stocked with full-grown, bearing fruit trees, grapevines and shrubbery; barn, stables, &c. Apply to A. M. CORN, No. 49 Exchange-place.

TO LET IN HACKENSACK, N. J.—A VERY desirable two-story and attic frame house with lot and garden 50 by 200 feet; location one of the best in the village; possession 1st May next; rent low to a good tenant. Inquire of W. S. BANTA, Hackensack, Bergen County, N. J., or GEO. J. N. ZABRISKIE, No. 223 Greenwich-st, New-York City.

TO LET—AND POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIately—A desirable residence at Poughkeepsie, containing ten acres of land; a large and convenient house, furnished throughout, gas, furnace and water, coach-house, stables, &c.; an abundance of every variety of fine fruit. For particulars apply at No. 21 West Washington-place, or to CHARLES H. RUGGLES, Poughkeepsie.

TO LET AT ASTORIA, L. I.—THE LARGE dwelling-house occupied by the subscriber, on Grand-st., fifteen rooms, hot air furnace, stationary washtubs, hot and cold water throughout the house, bathroom, and about one acre of rich ground, plenty of choice fruit trees, shrubbery, grapevines, &c.; also several smaller houses. Apply to J. M. WHITNEY, Astoria, L. I.

RESIDENCE IN RYE TO LET OR LEASE. —Pleasantly situated near the dépôt. The house is large, double, convenient, mostly furnished, and having over twenty rooms; stable and other outbuildings, fruits and shrubbery abundant, pure water and nine acres of land. Rent $750. Apply to E. P. WHITTEMORE, No. 51 William-st.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET OR LEASE ON WEEHAWKEN HEIGHTS—Furnished or unfurnished, in the near vicinity of Messrs. Jas. Brown, Dunning Dewer, Mrs. James G. King and others: the dwelling is large, the grounds in order, outbuildings, &c., &c., finely shaded and fruited. For permits, &c., apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE, FURNISHed or unfurnished, with coach-house, orchard, grounds, &c., one mile from the Hudson River Railroad Station at Hastings. Also, two small cottages near the above. Apply to L. H. PIGNOLET, North River Bank Building, corner of Greenwich and Dey sts.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE country seats to be found within 30 miles of New-York City, on the line of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. Replete with every modern improvement. For full particulars, apply to J. S. CALDWELL & SON, No. 24 Pine-st., New-York.

TO LET IN WHITE PLAINS—A PLEASANT residence on Broadway in the village of White Plains, with about two acres of land attached. Possession given on or before the 1st of May. Rent $250. Apply upon the premises, or at J. VANDERBILT'S Agricultural Warehouse, No. 23 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A PLEASANT PLACE IN NEW Canaan, Conn. House, barn, &c., (new,) with two acres; fruit trees, fine garden, two wells; beautiful, healthy location; 18 acres adjoining, if wanted. Will be sold low. Call at Piano Rooms, No. 296 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

BAY VIEW HOUSE TO LET—FURNISHED or unfurnished—situate on New-York Bay, about 3 miles from Brooklyn ferries (only 35 minutes' ride by city cars.) Three acres of choice land, fruits, barn, stables, &c. Possession immediately. Apply to L. T. BERGEN, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TO LET, IN BLOOMFIELD, N. J., 45 MINutes from New-York, a large dwelling-house, with barn, and about two acres of ground, fruit trees, &c.; in the immediate vicinity of churches, schools and railroad dépôt. $350 per annum. Inquire of

U. D. WARD, No. 115 Nassau-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.: No. 48 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

TO LET AT ASTORIA—A HOUSE CONTAINing 11 rooms; beautifully situated; grounds front 100 feet on the East River, by 400 feet deep; shade and fruit trees and grape vines. For further information, apply to H. WHITTEMORE, Astoria, or No. 98 Liberty-st., New-York, second floor.

TO LET—IN THE MOST DESIRABLE PART OF Rahway, a modern-built house with ten rooms and kitchen; the house has gas throughout; attached is a splendid garden, containing a variety of choice fruit; stable to let with the above, if desired. Inquire of J. C. RUNKLE, No. 28 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LEASE—FURnished, on the Hudson River, opposite West Point, and 1½ miles north of Garrison's station, Hudson River Railroad. Apply to Mr. W. D. GARRISON, near the dépôt, or to J. VAN BUREN, Office No. 7 No. 50 William-st., New-York.

TO LET.—AN EXCELLENT TWO-STORY STONE house, with a large garden, lawn, &c.; beautifully situated on the Bronx River, in the village of West Farms, containing all modern improvements; will be let very low to a good tenant; possession immediately. Apply to F. J. BARRETTO & CO., No. 68 Beaver-st.

TO LET—IN FAIRFIELD, CONN., A COTTAGE house, containing four bedrooms, kitchen and parlor, with an acre of ground, an abundance of fruit and shade trees. Apply to J. C. NICHOLS, at the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Dépôt, corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st., New-York, between 8:30 A. M. and 9:30 A. M., daily.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—TO LET, A DWELLing house, stable, and five acres of land in Greenburgh, Westchester County, distant one mile south from the Hastings dépôt of the Hudson River Railroad. Apply to WM. N. DYCKMAN, No. 142 Broadway, or No. 32 Boorman-place, West 33d-st., near 9th-av.

TO LET, AT ASTORIA, L. I.—A DESIRABLE house, with garden and stable, pleasantly situated on Green Oak-st. Apply to ALFRED BRIDGMAN, No. 876 Broadway, N. Y., or at the office of A. & W. H. JACKSON, Astoria.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED houses to rent, for the season or by the year, situated at New-Brighton and Castleton, Staten Island. For particulars, apply to N. M. WHITTEMORE, No. 39½ Exchange-place.

TO LET—A DESIRABLE HOUSE, WITH STABLE, &c., and thirty acres of land, on Staten Island Heights, one mile from the ferries. Apply to JAMES E. MAURAN, No. 315½ West 22d-st.

FOR SALE AT DOBB'S FERRY—A VERY desirable house and about two acres of land, situated near the dépôt, with a fine river view. Inquire of FRANCIS MANY, No. 40 John-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

H[illegible]—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE in the country—[illegible] acres of choice land, [illegible] and superior; an orchard of good fruit; [illegible] with forest and evergreen trees, and [illegible] fine stable. Situated in Southern New-[illegible] far from the New-York and Erie Railroad; has cost the present owner nearly $10,000. It is incumbered for [illegible]. It can be had if applied for soon, for $1,[illegible] above the incumbrances. Terms of payment liberal. Apply to A. CORNWALL, Esq., No. 1[illegible] Broadway, or to Col. J. B. ROYCE, or C. T. LEONARD, Esq., Berkshire, Tioga County, N. Y.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A suburban residence, beautifully situated on elevated ground, at Elliottville, North Shore, Staten Island, [illegible] an hour from Wall-st.; stable, garden and [illegible] several acres, with abundance of trees, [illegible]. Also, to let, as above, a very prettily situated cottage, containing eight rooms, near ferry, and [illegible]. Apply to Mr. GEORGE BARRETT, No. 6 Wall-st., or at Dr. ELLIOTT'S office, No. 7 Clinton Hall, [illegible].

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—A DElightfully situated house and garden, with an abundance of fruit, and from one to five acres of land, if desired, adjoining and overlooking the beautiful village of Plainfield, N. J.; 28 miles from the City, and within ten minutes' walk of the dépôt. Inquire of F. A. MILLER, No. 486 Broadway, corner Broome-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, several very desirable country seats in Westchester County, located on the line of the New Haven Railroad and Long Island Sound. For particulars, inquire of J. S. CALDWELL, No. 24 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT RYE, N. Y.—A HOUSE HAVING twelve rooms and cellar, with barn, garden and one acre of land, being a pleasant and healthy location, a short distance south of the dépôt. Apply to JESSE PURDY, on the premises.

TO LET—NEAR HIGH BRIDGE STEAMBOAT landing, a house with eleven rooms, and carriage-house, a good spring of water, and cistern. Inquire of Capt. DALY, at No. 101 Front-st., or on the premises, on Westchester side, where the Captain now lives.

HOUSES TO LET AT ASTORIA—RENTS from $150 to $600. Inquire of R. M. BLACKWELL, Astoria, or R. M. BLACKWELL & CO., No. 144 Front-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A PRIVATE FAMILY WOULD let a handsome suite of rooms on second floor, separate or together, unfurnished; house is new, brown-stone, with all the improvements. Inquire at No. 106 West [illegible] st., near Broadway.

BOARDING.—WANTED, BY A GENTLEMAN and lady, of quiet habits, board in a private family. A note addressed to HENRY, Box No. 144 *Times* Office, stating terms, &c., will meet with attention.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE MAY find superior accommodations in a small family, on moderate terms, by applying at the first-class house, No. 85 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

BOARDING.—A LIMITED NUMBER OF BOARDers can be accommodated with pleasant rooms from the 1st of May at moderate prices. Address T. J. G., Box No. 150 Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y.

BOARDING.—ELEGANT NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, with first-class board, at No. 147 West [illegible]-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A SMALL PRIvate family would let the entire second floor of their house, consisting of three rooms and three large pantries, to two gentlemen and their wives. Apply at No. 64 West Warren-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS IN BROOKLYN.—Three or four gentlemen may obtain furnished rooms in a pleasant neighborhood, five minutes' walk from City Hall, convenient to city rails, with or without partial board, in a very small family. No other boarders and no children. Apply at No. 303 Bridge-st., Brooklyn, or No. 29 Beaver-st., rear office, New-York. CHAS. CARTER.

BOARD IN A PRIVATE FAMILY CAN BE obtained by a gentleman and wife, with handsome accommodations, in a first-class brown-stone house, containing all the modern improvements, and in a good location. Terms moderate, and references exchanged. No. 70 East 27th-st., near 4th-av.

BOARDERS' DIRECTORY.—(NO. 5 WOOD'S building,) No. 561 Broadway; board wanted for several families and single gentlemen in this City, vicinity also country; parties wishing genteel boarders should apply. Particulars furnished to board-seekers gratuitously.

A. S. BODINE & CO.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES a pleasant room, with breakfast, or breakfast and tea, and full board on Sunday, in a private house, not a boarding-house, located above 14th-st. Address, stating terms and accommodations, J. S. H., Box No. 264, Post-office New-York.

A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms, on second floor, with first-class private table, to let; house desirably located on a corner, with side windows and fine view; family private; unexceptionable reference exchanged. Apply at No. 266 4th-av., southwest corner 21st-st.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A FURnished bedroom, with grate and gas in it, and breakfast and tea daily, with breakfast, dinner and tea on Sundays. State location of room, particulars and terms, with name, to C. B. E., Box No. 1,957 Post-office, New-York.

42 ST. MARK'S PLACE.—A FEW ROOMS, newly and neatly furnished, in a very pleasant and convenient location, to let to single gentlemen, with breakfast if required, in a private family. Apply as above.

BOARD WANTED.—PERMANENT BOARD, IN a private family, by a gentleman. Location below Canal-st.; a pious family preferred. Terms must be moderate. Boarding-houses need not apply. Address T. H. J., Box No. 137 *Times* Office.

TO LET WITH BOARD—AT NO. 89 CLINTON-place, 8th-st., a handsome suite of furnished rooms in the second floor front, with two large pantries attached, to a gentleman and his wife or single gentlemen.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS—IN A first-class house, for single gentlemen, with partial board—convenient to Wall-st. and Fulton Ferries, Brooklyn. Address Box No. 1,121 New-York Post-office.

15 EAST SIXTEENTH-ST.—BETWEEN Broadway and 5th-av., rooms handsomely furnished to let, in suites or single, to gentlemen, without board. House has all the modern improvements.

TWO OR THREE SMALL ROOMS TO let to single gentlemen, with partial board, in a private family. References exchanged, at 16 West 19th-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE WINDERMERE HOUSE, (late Greenwood Lake Hotel,) having been newly and elegantly refurnished and papered throughout, will be open for the reception of boarders and guests on the 1st of May, 1862. This beautiful and healthy resort, combining a rare perfection of mountain and lake scenery, fine fishing, boating, &c., with all the quiet home comforts, which an experienced caterer and well-cultivated farm and garden, abundantly supplied with fruits, can produce, presents unusual inducements to families selecting a Summer retreat, at reasonable rates.

To secure a choice of apartments, address T. ATWOOD, Greenwood Lake, Orange County, N. Y., (Chester Post-office,) or to JNO. S. CALDWELL & SON, No. 24 Pine-st. Visitors will take Erie Railway to Chester or Bellvale Station.

SUMMER BOARD AT PEACH LAKE, Westchester County, N. Y., near Croton Falls, and accessible by all trains on the Harlem Railroad. The house is new and situated in one of the most beautiful and healthy spots in the country, with pleasant drives and good fishing and hunting in the immediate vicinity. The rooms are large and airy, and may be engaged in suites or otherwise, at reasonable rates. The grounds are ample with a large grove adjoining, and suitable buildings for horses, carriages, &c. For particulars inquire of S. B. QUICK, at D. C. Collamore & Co., No. 479 Broadway; of BOKER & VAIL, No. 268 Washington-st., or of T. C. VAIL, North Salem, N. Y.

A PRIVATE FRENCH FAMILY, RESIDING ¾ of an hour's ride from New-York, on the New-Haven Railroad, can accommodate a Spanish, French or American family with board for the Summer; location very healthy and agreeable, with plenty of shade; table served in good French style; French lessons given, if required; stabling for horses. Inquire at No. 666 Broadway, or No. 562. References exchanged.

COUNTRY BOARD—LOCUST HILL-AV., YONKERS—Families and single gentlemen desiring board for the Summer, will find superior accommodations at the above place. The house is large, splendid garden, fruit trees, and stabling; the scenery is unsurpassed, commanding a magnificent view of the Hudson for miles. For particulars inquire at No. 24 University-place, corner 9th-st.

COUNTRY BOARD CAN BE PROCURED by families or single persons at a commodious farm residence near the Hudson (west bank,) about 7 miles above Poughkeepsie. Ground high, air pure, fine scenery, communication with City by boat or rail. For particulars, address H. E., Box No. 4,086 New-York Post-office.

BOARD IN CORNWALL ON THE HUDSON. —Mme. RUTTKAY will be ready, from the latter part of April, to accommodate a limited number of boarders at moderate prices. References: J. B. Locke, No. 34 Reade-st.; L. B. Bacon, No. 59 Murray-st.; M. E. Perkins, No. 69 Wall-st.; H. J. Raymond, *Times* Office, and others.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO SUITES OF ROOMS, with first-class board, can be had by two families for the Summer, or shorter period, in a very pleasant and healthy location on the Hudson, one hour by railway from New-York. Address GREENBURG HOUSE, Dobb's Ferry.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FAMILY LIVING A few miles from the City, accessible by boat every hour, would like a family to board, from 1st of May until November. For particulars, call at No. 76 Vesey-st., between the hours of 12 and 1.

COUNTRY BOARD—WANTED—WITHIN 50 miles of the City by railroad, by a gentleman and lady, two children and two nurses; liberal table [illegible]; no boarding-house need answer. Address Box No. [illegible], New-York Post-office.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY WANTED—From the 1st of July, for three adults and [illegible] four children. Plenty of room must be afforded and no other boarders taken. Farm-house preferred. Address J. O. B., Box No. 2,869 Post-office.

HOTELS.

COLUMBIA HALL, LEBANON SPRINGS, N. Y.—The hotel at this fashionable watering place will be opened to visitors on the 15th of May. Families and parties wishing accommodations for the season will please address the proprietor. Terms reasonable.

A. PARSONS.

ROOFING.

LEAKY ROOFS.

Old Tin Metal or Shingle Roofs repaired, painted and warranted impervious to water, by GOLD'S only Genuine India-rubber Roof Paint. Office No. 94 King-st., New-York. For sale wholesale and retail.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 1862.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Published in the TIMES Building, fronting the City Hall Park, on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau-streets.

The DAILY TIMES, published every morning and evening—price TWO CENTS; mailed at SIX DOLLARS a year; with Sunday edition, SEVEN DOLLARS per year.

The SEMI-WEEKLY, published Tuesdays and Fridays, THREE DOLLARS a year; two copies to one address for FIVE DOLLARS.

Any person who will send us a Club of FIVE subscribers may receive an extra copy for himself, or retain Two Dollars and a Half as his commission.

The WEEKLY, TWO DOLLARS a year; two copies THREE DOLLARS; five copies FIVE DOLLARS. Any person who will send us a Club of TEN subscribers at $1 each, shall receive an extra copy for himself, or may retain One Dollar as his compensation. The Semi-Weekly and Weekly sent to Clergymen at the lowest club rates. Specimen numbers forwarded on application.

TERMS—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Proprietors of the NEW-YORK TIMES, New-York City.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of Anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty for his good faith. We cannot undertake to return rejected Communications.

VOLUNTARY CORRESPONDENCE, containing important news, solicited from any quarter of the world; if used, will be liberally paid for.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—SOIRÉES MAGIQUES.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—THE MACARTHY, OR PEEP O' DAY.

WALLACK'S—CURE FOR THE HEARTACHE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE ENCHANTRESS.

WINTER GARDEN—STILL WATERS RUN DEEP—ROBERT MACAIRE.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—COM. NUTT, THE $30,000 NUTT—LIVING HIPPOPOTAMUS, LIVING WHALE, &C., AT ALL HOURS—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES at 3 and 7½ o'clock.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—Seventeenth-street, near Sixth-avenue.

GOUPIL'S, No. 772 BROADWAY—Church's "Heart of the Andes," from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

HOPE CHAPEL, No. 720 Broadway—CAPT. WILLIAMS' SOUTH SEA WHALING VOYAGE.

THE WONDERS OF THE WORLD—No. 553 Broadway.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The reduction of Fort Pulaski has been accomplished, and that old National stronghold is once more in possession of the Government. This gratifying news is obtained from the rebels themselves, by way of Fortress Monroe. The Fort was surrendered at 2 o'clock P. M. on Friday last, the 11th inst., after a bombardment continuing only a few hours, but during which, according to the Savannah *Republican*, seven large breaches were made in the south wall by a National battery of eight Parrott guns, stationed at King's Landing, which fired conical balls of such a formidable character that the work, notwithstanding its great strength, offered very little resistance to them. All the barbette guns on that side were dismounted, and three of the casemate guns, leaving but one gun bearing on our battery; and three balls entered the rebel magazine, making a clean breach in it. Beside all this, over one thousand shells were exploded inside the fort, and Col. OLMSTEAD, who was in command there, telegraphed that no human being could stand upon the ramparts for even a single moment, so terrible was our fire. The losses on either side were very slight. It is understood that we had no men killed, while the rebels had but four wounded. The surrender was, of course, unconditional.

Our information from Gen. HALLECK'S Army of the Southwest is highly important, and shows that the condition of the rebel army at Corinth is becoming a desperate one. An expedition on Saturday night last proceeded from Pittsburgh Landing up the Tennessee River to a point near Eastport, where the forces landed and proceeded inland to Bear Creek Bridge, and destroyed the two bridges on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad—one measuring 121 and the other 210 feet in length. A small cavalry force of rebels was found there, four of whom were killed, when the remainder left precipitately. The expedition returned without having lost a man. The importance of this movement will be seen when it is stated that the destruction of these bridges completely cuts off communication of the main rebel body at Corinth with Alabama and the rest of the Confederacy except New-Orleans. A flag of truce from BEAUREGARD was received at Pittsburgh on Tuesday, asking permission to bury his dead. His request was refused. In his communication he acknowledges his defeat, by saying that owing to our heavy reinforcements and the fatigue of his men, he deemed it prudent to retire and not renew the battle. The bearer of the flag of truce admitted that BEAUREGARD was wounded in the left arm.

Gen. GRANT'S official report of the battle of Pittsburgh Landing is now on its way to Washington, and will soon, undoubtedly, be given to the public. Capt. LAGOU, of the General's Staff, reached St. Louis on Monday, having the report in charge. Gen. GRANT estimates our loss at 1,500 killed, and 3,500 wounded. The loss of the enemy in killed and left on the field is greater than ours. An estimate of their wounded cannot be given, for the reason that many must have been sent to Corinth and other places, before the battle was decided. The two armies are reported to be only two miles from each other, and another battle may be fought at any moment. Our dispatches contain assurances that our army is fully ready for the encounter, in which they will be commanded by Gen. HALLECK in person,—he having arrived, and assumed command, on Friday last.

Our advices from Yorktown indicate that constant progress is being made in our operations against the rebel works. Occasional skirmishes take place, but nothing of serious importance.

The gunboat *Yankee*, which arrived at Washington yesterday, reports having gone up the York River about eight miles on Sunday night, to a position near Gloucester Point, where she found three other gunboats. The rebel batteries on the Point, which are reported to be very strong, on Monday afternoon tried their range on the steamers, but without effect. The steamers then dropped down about four miles, when a party of rebels were discovered engaged in erecting a new battery on the north bank. The *Yankee* shelled them away from their work, and when she left a party from the other steamers were landing in boats to destroy some log-houses behind which the rebels had taken refuge.

The weather at Fortress Monroe was fine on Monday, but the rebel steamer *Merrimac* failed to show herself. The opinion is gaining ground there that she intends to remain at Norfolk to protect that place, while the rebel troops will be transferred to Yorktown. Our iron-clad fleet is beginning to give the rebels at Richmond some uneasiness. It is intimated in one of the papers published there that the *Monitor*, *Naugatuck* and *Galena* would have little difficulty in passing up James River, and taking and holding possession of the city. To prevent such a catastrophe, the paper proposes that the channel of the river be obstructed with stones.

We may expect to hear good news from Memphis soon. Commodore FOOTE, with his flotilla, left New-Madrid on Saturday last, for Fort Pillow, accompanied by a large body of troops to operate on the land.

One of the most gratifying captures at Island Ten has been left unnoticed by the telegraph. Commodore HOLLINS, whose "ram" has gained such a notoriety, was among the prisoners taken.

We have advices from Gen. BURNSIDE'S command, in North Carolina, to the 13th inst., by the arrival at this port of the United States transports *Jersey Blue* and *George Peabody*. Preparations for the reduction of Fort Macon were still proceeding vigorously, though necessarily slowly, from the difficulty of transporting the heavy siege train to the desired position. The next arrival will probably bring us the news of the opening of the bombardment, and perhaps of the surrender of the fort. Matters at Newbern were progressing favorably. The health of the troops continued good.

A letter from St. Augustine, Fla., dated March 22, says the United States ship *Wabash* had left for Mosquito Inlet or New Smyrna, to capture the Confederate steamer *Kate*, (formerly the *Carolina*,) which is blockaded at that place by a United States gunboat. The *Kate* is a superior sea-going steamer, of 350 tons burden, and is the vessel that took MASON and SLIDELL to Havana. She has run the blockade several times.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, introduced a bill prescribing the qualifications of electors in the City of Washington, which was laid over. The House bill for the establishment of a Branch Mint at Denver, Colorado Territory, was reported from the Finance Committee, without amendment. Mr. McDOUGAL, of California, called up the resolution, calling upon the Secretary of War for information relative to the arrest of Gen. STONE, and made a long speech in vindication of that officer, in the course of which he censured the course of the Committee on the Conduct of the War, which called up Mr. WADE, of Ohio, who replied in defence of the Committee. The resolution finally went over until to-day, Mr. McDOUGAL desiring to speak further on the subject. The Senate soon afterward went into Executive session.

In the House, Mr. TROWBRIDGE, of Michigan, called up a motion heretofore made by him, to reconsider the vote by which the House adopted a resolution asking the Secretary of War for information as to the delay in exchanging Col. CORCORAN, and directing him to stop all exchanges until Col. CORCORAN should be released. Mr. TROWBRIDGE protested against this, as it was unjust to other prisoners. After considerable debate, the resolution was amended so as to include Col. WILCOX and other prisoners. The bill to regulate the franking privilege, being a codification of the laws upon that subject, was considered. On motion of Mr. COLFAX, of Indiana, who explained that the Post-office Committee, with one exception, were all in favor of the entire abolition of the privilege, in accordance with the provisions of the bill now before the Senate, the bill was laid on the table, 58 to 48. The bill to amend the act establishing a Court for investigation of claims against the United States was called up, and passed after considerable debate. An outline of its provisions is given in our report of the proceedings. The House then adjourned.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday, the bill relative to the Commissioners of Jurors of Kings County, was reported favorably; also the bill providing for the public defence and the protection of New-York Harbor. Among other bills passed was the one dividing the State into Congressional Districts; the one extending the time for the completion of the Erie and New-York City Railroad, and the one to prevent attempts at burglaries and other crimes. The bill to allow the Children's Aid Society to participate in the Common School Fund, was ordered to a third reading.

In the Assembly, nearly the whole session was occupied in the consideration, in Committee of the Whole, of the bill to amend the Assessment Laws.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steamship *City of Baltimore*, from Liverpool on the 2d inst., and Queenstown on the 3d, arrived at this port last night. Her advices are not so late as were received by the *Norwegian*. The *Norwegian's* mails also came to hand last night.

By the British steamer *Plantagenet*, we have Jamaica papers to the 5th. A great fire occurred in Kingston, March 31, consuming all the buildings between Church-street, on the east, King-street, on the west, Harbor-street, on the north, and the harbor on the south. All the houses on Port Royal and Little Port Royal streets and Temple-lane, were burnt, with all on the south side of Harbor-street, the west side of Church-street and the east side of King-street. The loss is estimated at £300,000. There is no other news of interest.

The schooner *Napoleon*, Acting Master F. S. WELLS, from Newbern, N. C., in nine days, with cotton, arrived here yesterday. The *Napoleon* was captured at Newbern by our forces when they occupied that place. She had been used as one of the rebel harbor defences, she having mounted a large pivot gun forward.

Mr. JOHN P. CUSHING died in Belmont, Mass., a few days ago, at the advanced age of seventy-five years. He was so noted for his liberality to the poor that their pertinacity drove him from Boston, where he once had his residence.

The United States gunboat *Galena*, (iron-clad,) steamed from the pier at Green Point to the Navy-yard, yesterday morning, where she will receive her armament, and will be ready for sea in a week. Her performances were highly satisfactory. She is drawing 12 feet aft and 9 feet forward at present, but when trimmed and ready for sea, will draw about 13 feet.

The machinery for the iron-clad frigate, now building in Philadelphia, is progressing rapidly at MERRICK & SON'S establishment. She will have two horizontal condensing engines, with cylinders 50 inches in diameter by 30-inch stroke, to make 85 revolutions, turning a 13-feet propeller. Four horizontal tubular boilers, capable of developing 1,600 horse-power, will be placed in her. Her speed, it is supposed, will be about ten knots per hour. The battery of this vessel will consist of sixteen 9-inch guns, eight on a side, and a rifled gun at the bow and stern, to be placed on her spar deck. It is believed that her powers of resistance will enable her to go alongside of any vessel or fort with impunity.

The New-England Soldiers' Relief Association was formally opened yesterday evening. It is located at No. 194 Broadway, and is capable of holding three hundred men. At present only one hundred and fifty beds are made up. Col. FRANK E. HOWE is the general superintendent. The object of the Association is, as the name indicates, to assist all wounded New-England soldiers on their way through this State to their respective homes.

The Board of Supervisors held their regular meeting yesterday, but the only business of public interest transacted was the reception of a communication from the Comptroller, announcing the passage of an act by the Legislature authorizing the issue of county bonds, in anticipation of the collection of taxes, and an ordinance framed to meet the requirements of the law was adopted. The session was devoted entirely to routine business, of no public interest, being confined to the remission of taxes erroneously laid, and the payment of bills duly audited by the appropriate committees of the Board. The Board adjourned to meet on the 29th inst.

The Stock Exchange was firmer yesterday, by ⅜@½ ℔ cent. on the Railway Shares; ¼@½ ℔ cent. on the National Stocks; ½@¾ ℔ cent. on Tennessee and Missouri Bonds, and 2@2½ ℔ cent. on Pacific Mail. The General Market closed firm. Exchange, 112½; Gold 101⅜ ℔ cent.

Cotton was in lively demand at a shade higher prices. Flour was depressed and lower; Wheat, inactive and unsettled; and Corn, sparingly sought at easier rates. Provisions were moderately inquired for. Groceries were quiet, as were also Candles, Fish, Metals, Oils, Hay, Hops, Hemp, Seeds, Spices, Tobacco and Spirits Turpentine. Resin and Whisky were in good request, and were dearer. Shipowners were asking higher rates on ocean freights, and engagements were restricted.

The Cattle Market opened on Monday, this week, the Jewish dealers operating on that day, Tuesday being their Passover. Up to last evening 3,150 cattle had been yarded, and more than one-half of them were sold on Monday. Prices scarcely vary from last week, being 8½c.@9c. for the best, and 8c. for medium killing steers. Stock nearly all sold by Tuesday night.

The Tribune and the Health Bill.

It is quite possible that the *Tribune* may succeed in misleading a few of its readers concerning the Health bill by personal abuse of the editor of the TIMES. The fact that it falls back upon such a method of vindicating its position, proves conclusively its intrinsic weakness. Whether the TIMES, or Mayor OPDYKE and the *Tribune*, have been the most "consistent and straightforward" in regard to the Health bill, is a question which future inquiry may determine; but it is one which may safely be postponed. The main question *now* is whether New-York City is to have any Health bill, or whether the control of its health is to be left in the hands of the political profligates and vagabonds who have controlled it hitherto; and the decision of this question rests mainly with Mayor OPDYKE and the *Tribune*.

The *Tribune* says:

> "The TIMES seems to ignore the fact that the Mayors of New-York and Brooklyn were *ex-officio* Police Commissioners under the Metropolitan Police bill, as originally passed—as, in our judgment, they should have remained. *The reasons which led to their exclusion from the Board were purely personal, and have now disappeared.* They were members of the Health Board in the bill as drafted by the doctors, but the politicians have juggled them out."

If the fact which the *Tribune* cites has been ignored, it has been to the advantage of the course which the *Tribune* espouses. The experiment of putting the Mayors into such a bill has been fully tried and proved an utter failure. The Police Bill, as it passed originally, *did* include the Mayors of New-York and Brooklyn,—and it was found impossible to make it work. Both those gentlemen were politicians,—dependent on popular votes for their places, tempted constantly to consult that interest in their control of the Police, and changing so rapidly as to give neither stability nor steadiness to the action of the Department. It was found impossible to maintain the law on such a basis—and at the very next session of the Legislature the law was changed so as to exclude the Mayors, and that too *with the full assent of Mayor* OPDYKE, DAVID DUDLEY FIELD, Esq., *and the New-York Tribune.* If the principle was wrong, why did the *Tribune* agree to it? Was it because of personal or political objections to the men who were then Mayors? Then must we have new laws, new Boards, new charters, and new principles, with every change of men? The simple fact is, the Mayors were excluded from the Police bill, as they should be from the Health bill, because their tenure of office and the temptations which go with it, are *utterly incompatible with the independent and efficient discharge of their duties.* From the very nature of the case, every one may see that this must be so, and the fact which the *Tribune* cites demonstrates by practical experiment that it is so.

The *Tribune* says the Mayors were excluded from the Police bill by the "juggling of politicians." The *Tribune* may know this to have been so,—for it was one of the "politicians" by whom the "juggling" was performed. The *Tribune* advocated and urged the change. It did, perhaps, as much as any other agency, to produce the change. And if it intended any "jugglery" by its action then, it is perfectly fair to infer that it intends some similar jugglery by its action now.

The *Tribune* closes its reply to the TIMES with the following paragraph:

> "The naked truth—and it may be as well to put it forth in plain words—is just this: The Republican politicians of our City, who always hated Mayor OPDYKE for his hostility, when in Albany, to venal legislation—who opposed and defeated his election as Mayor in 1859—who tried to prevent his renomination last November, and failed again—who then declared his nomination a farce, and his defeat a foregone conclusion—some of whom openly, others secretly, opposed his election, while the residue yielded him but the coldest and faintest support—*have fixed this Health bill so as to fill the City offices, so far as possible, with men of their own stripe, who will be animated by their own hostility to the Mayor and his sincere friends.* If the Legislature sees fit to lend itself to this intrigue, we must, of course, submit. We only ask that the matter be fully understood."

This is the *Tribune's* appeal for the defeat of the Health Bill. It is utterly false in point of fact, and utterly reckless of the public good in its political motive. The Health Bill has been framed with the utmost care, for the purpose of taking the power which it confers *out of the hands of politicians altogether, and giving it to professional men.* A majority of the Board of Health which it creates are medical men. Four out of the seven of its members are to be physicians. They have entire control of its action; not an office can be created, not a man appointed, without their consent, and the only other members of the Commission, (except one local representative of Richmond County,) are Police Commissioners who are charged with executing the details of the ordinances which the Board may enact. New-York is the only large city in the world whose health arrangements are not in the hands of medical men; and this bill remedies that defect. The *Tribune* seems ignorant of the fact that the duties now devolved upon the Health Wardens fall upon the Police Department, and must be performed under direction of its authorities, if they are to be performed at all. Suppose the Commissioners to be left out and the Mayors put in;—what control have the Mayors over the Police? Suppose their orders to the members of the Department clash with the orders of the Commissioners,—who is to reconcile these discrepancies?

The *Tribune* in charging selfish motives upon those whom it styles the "enemies" of Mayor OPDYKE, only betrays its own. We have not the slightest hostility to the Mayor, personal, political or official, and oppose now only what we deem a most extraordinary interposition on his part to defeat the most important and beneficent bill for the City of New-York which has been presented to the Legislature for the last ten years. The *Tribune* betrays its own motive, though we hope it does not indicate the Mayor's. Its determination is to defeat this bill unless it can secure for the Mayor and his immediate friends, the political power which it attributes to the bill. We regard this as utterly reckless of the public interest,—as sacrificing every consideration of the public good to the base malignity of a faction. Whether it will succeed or not, remains to be seen.

We should very gladly concede the *Tribune's* claim on behalf of the Mayor, if it involved only the political considerations which it deems so important. We would cheerfully agree that every particle of power belonging to this bill should fall into the Mayor's hands, and be wielded in his peculiar interest, if this could be done without depriving the bill of the very feature most essential to its practical working, viz., the *active, hearty coöperation of the Police Department.* But it cannot. The *Tribune's* proposed amendment vitiates the essential principle of the bill. It cannot be inserted without paralyzing the bill, or rendering necessary a thorough and radical change in its provisions. If Mayor OPDYKE had made his proposition earlier, it might possibly have been carried without detriment to the bill. But he made no suggestion of the sort until the bill had passed the Assembly, nor until any important amendment was almost certain to kill it entirely. Under these circumstances, it is not easy to believe that the change now proposed had any other object.

Strength of the Rebel Army.

Certain journals, having this in common, that so long as the thing was at all safe and profitable they adhered to the fortunes of the rebels, concur in the opinion that the insurgent Government will shortly have in the field an army three-fourths of a million strong. They found this figure upon data purely conjectural. Quite unadvised of the positions occupied by the forces of the enemy, or of his strength at any of his positions, they place him at random wherever there is the slightest chance of his being; and arrange the numbers to suit themselves. The result might as well be ten millions as a fraction of one.

It has long ago been evident that the power of creating rebel armies is exhausted. The analogy raised by the history of every war that has disfigured the map of the world, is of itself sufficient to discredit the ability of the Davis Government to place 500,000 men in the field. The whole strength of the rebels, upon their own showing, was this, so long ago as last August. Since then, sickness, disaster, desertion, the battle-field, have in turn exerted their energies, until a liberal estimate would give their army no more than three-fourths of its maximum force. This diminished volume is not lacking positive demonstration. The remarkable confession of the late Gen. SYDNEY JOHNSTON, republished in this paper yesterday, from rebel sources, proves that when the preservation of Kentucky, Tennessee, and the entire Valley of the Mississippi was dependent upon the resistance that officer could offer to the advance of BUELL and GRANT, the Rebel Government was unable to furnish him with more than two or three brigades to oppose the large armies of the Union. The several descents upon the Atlantic coast; the reconnoissances along the Mississippi Sound; the observations of the officers at Fort Pickens, and the uniform reports of fugitives, show the rebel strength to have been concentrated at two or three leading inland points, while the whole maritime frontier of the Confederation has been undefended otherwise than by deficiently-armed militia. Of these internal points, Manassas and Bowling Green were for a half a year the principal. Yet at Bowling Green we now know there never was a force much exceeding twenty thousand men; and there is great reason to believe the numbers at Manassas were as much exaggerated as was the character of the defensive works at that place. The utmost liberality of estimate could not assign the rebels, at any time within two months, a force exceeding three hundred thousand. Important fractions of these have been on garrison duty, guarding bridges, or skirmishing about the country as guerrillas; so that we greatly question the ability of the enemy to bring to a single battle-field one hundred and fifty thousand men. And such concentration would certainly leave the rest of his Territory fatally uncovered. It is corroborative evidence of this view, that after the labor of weeks, and the transportation of troops from Virginia, Pensacola, New-Orleans, and Arkansas, Gen. BEAUREGARD was only able to gather at Corinth a force which he confesses was unequal to cope with the army of 60,000 brought into action by BUELL and GRANT. And yet, to swell this force, it seems the vitally important lines of communication between the East and the West have been sacrificed to a handful of Union troops.

The impolicy of disparaging the enemy's strength is, of course, not to be questioned. But when the consequences of exaggerating it are to be a ruinous enlargement of the National expenditure for new armies, and the diffusion of doubt, gloom, and even hopelessness among the people, the wiser course is to look the matter squarely in the face, and state it impartially and fairly. And there is not a fragment of evidence that the enemy has in the field one-half the numbers of the Union army; while the Union has, to boot, its batteries and gunboats, and mortar flotilla, which, through the winding rivers of the great West, and the sea island passages, can reach every section of the rebel territory. The fighting qualities of the North must be something less than recent facts of the war have proved them, if, with the present odds in our favor, the rebellion cannot be very speedily extinguished.

HOLLINS AT LAST.—There seems to be no doubt about Greytown HOLLINS figuring among the prisoners in the hands of Gen. POPE. HOLLINS is an invaluable acquisition. In the calendar of Rebellion there are heroes of first rate, and heroes of second rate classification. HOLLINS belonged to the former. He, with SEMMES and PEGRAM, were the naval demigods of the South; TATNALL had been beaten, and his laurels are drooping. To have secured this gallant Captain, who is only known to history for bombarding a defenceless village in time of peace, and for an unsuccessful night attack upon an unsuspecting enemy, is indeed a triumph worthy of the National arms. If it be asked, what shall we do with him? suppose he be made a powder-boy on board the *Monitor*, where his talents will be exercised upon a [illegible] unforewarned, and for once in the interest of his country.

The Fall of Fort Pulaski.

The anniversary of the attack on Fort Sumter could not have been more fitly celebrated than it was by the capture of Fort Pulaski, by its rightful owners, from the rebels, who for sixteen months have usurped its possession. Twelve months to a day from the time the now discomfited BEAUREGARD summoned Major ANDERSON to surrender Sumter, the beleaguered garrison in Pulaski capitulated to the National force. Whether Gen. HUNTER had an eye for a bit of poetic justice in thus timing the attack, we know not, but the gratifying achievement is made doubly gratifying by presenting a conspicuous instance of historical retribution.

It is moreover worthy of note that the reduction was made in precisely the same manner as that employed in the rebel assault of Fort Sumter—namely, by an investing circle of batteries around the fort. Finally, the parallel, curiously enough, holds good in the result also; for in neither case, if the rebels may be believed, was there any loss of life on either side.

This bloodless triumph is the result of the admirable plan adopted for the reduction of the fort—a plan determined on some months ago, leisurely carried out, and now bearing its legitimate fruit. It may be remembered that, as long ago as last December, a naval reconnoissance was made from Port Royal, under command of Capt. DAVIS, which resulted in the exploration of a back channel by which Fort Pulaski could be isolated from Savannah. This important passage was immediately taken possession of by a naval force, as were also the neighboring islands and their water surroundings above and in the rear of the fort. Forthwith batteries were begun on Long Island, Oakley Island and Wilmington Island; other batteries were erected on Bird and Jones' Islands, which completely command the Savannah River; while the National gunboats took possession of the creeks and water-passages on the opposite side. Quietly, under cover of night, but very energetically, these operations were conducted, till the rebels in Fort Pulaski awoke one morning over a month ago, to find that they were completely isolated from Savannah, and that the fort was invested. Under these circumstances a detachment of our army sat down to a siege; and in this interesting situation was Fort Pulaski for the six weeks preceding its capitulation.

When the Pulaski rebels found out that they had been outwitted and caught in a trap, they first swore the place was impregnable, and then—offered to surrender, on conditions. If, as they proposed, the Union commander would allow them them to withdraw "with the honors of war," they would gracefully waive the respects of his mortars. But Gen. SHERMAN, with the kind of behavior the rebels call "ungenerous and unchivalric," demanded an unconditional surrender, and threatened to open fire if they held out. It appears that Gen. HUNTER was equally "ungenerous and unchivalric," and not only *threatened* to open fire, but actually *did* open fire, and with such effect that, as the rebel officer in command signaled to his compatriots in Savannah, "no human being could stand upon the parapet for even a moment." The rebels apparently concluded to consider themselves only "human beings;" and as the bid of a hundred thousand dollars, put forth by their friends in Savannah, for any one that would rescue them, proved insufficient to elicit a valiant forlorn hope, they were fain to surrender minus the "honors of war."

We are, as yet, wholly without details of the bombardment; but enough is known to conclude that it was terrible in its effect. The rebel officer in command reports that over a thousand bomb-shells exploded in the fort; that all the barbette guns on the exposed side, and three of the casemate guns, were dismounted. It is also reported in the Savannah paper, that seven breaches were made in the south wall by the National battery of eight Parrott guns at King's Landing. If this really be so, it is certainly a startling proof of the powerlessness of our old-fashioned brick and stone fortifications to withstand rifled shot and shell. The walls of Pulaski are nine feet in thickness, while the Parrott guns used were but thirty-six pounders. But even if it shall turn out, as it probably will, that it was only the embrasures (which are five feet through) that were pierced by the conical balls, it is still ample demonstration that henceforth fortifications without a sheathing of iron are practically powerless against the terrible impact of modern projectiles.

The capture of Fort Pulaski is a literal carrying out of the programme put forth by President LINCOLN just a year ago, when in his proclamation calling for seventy-five thousand troops, he stated that the first service to which the force would be assigned, "would probaby be to *repossess* the forts, places and property seized from the Union." No work of equal strength or importance on the Southern coast has yet come into the National possession since the rebellion; certainly none to which so much Southern valor and brag were pledged. But important though the capture be in itself, it is still more so in what it opens up. Between Pulaski and Savannah there are no works worth speaking of. The most important city of the Southern Atlantic seaboard, excepting Charleston, thus lies within our reach; and judging from Gen. HUNTER'S well-known vigor, we believe its capture will not be delayed.

EXAGGERATION OF THE REBEL FORCES.—A letter, published yesterday, from the rebel General JOHNSTON, who was slain at the battle at Pittsburgh Landing, fully sustains the ground that we have always taken, that the number of the rebel forces have everywhere been greatly exaggerated. The army collected at Bowling Green, he tells us, was purposely magnified as to numbers, the object being to avert attack and gain time for foreign interference, for the release of *cotton*. It is well known that the almost sole dependence of the rebels was upon such aid. Every day gained, consequently, was, in their programme, of the utmost value. The same trick was unquestionably everywhere played, with a similar object. The vast forces at Manassas, which they led us to believe numbered fully 200,000 men, have, upon a careful examination of the ground, dwindled down to some 35,000 or 40,000; or say 60,000, as the maximum at any one time. The stupendous works which the balloon disclosed never had an existence. We always felt assured that the rebels could never bring into the field the vast numbers of which their armies were said to be composed. The South cannot accomplish impossibilities, with all their ardor and devotion, and with all the advantage which they claimed for Slavery. Our people have, from the outset, greatly magnified the effective force of the enemy. We may not have lost much by doing so, as it has only served to increase the extent of our preparation, while it must have correspondingly decreased his. We have learned a lesson, too, which will not be forgotten in the future. We shall no longer take for granted what a wily and cunning foe, interested in deceiving, tells us; nor allow play to our imagination till it has multiplied three or four times every object it sees.

Our Successes in the Southwest

Every day that passes only serves to show the magnitude and value of the recent triumph of the Union arms in the Southwest. That holding our ground at Pittsburgh Landing was equivalent to a great victory, is shown by the success of the flank movements of the army, which would have been overwhelmed, and the troops making them captured or destroyed, had the main body suffered a repulse. But the defeat of the rebels, still menaced by a superior force, allowed General MITCHEL to move forward unopposed, and to occupy the line of their communication for an hundred miles in extent, capturing the rolling stock of their most important railroad, with a large number of prisoners, and unquestionably a large amount of munitions and stores. In a strategic point of view nothing can exceed the value of the advantage gained. The two wings of the rebel army are now fighting unsupported. The defeat of one necessarily involves that of the other.

Another movement more recently accomplished, shows that the battle near Corinth was a real victory. Already is Gen. HALLECK assuming the offensive, with results only a little less important than those accomplished by Gen. MITCHEL'S column. A strong force has succeeded in cutting off the rebel communication with Alabama, and the second city of the South, Mobile, by destroying two important bridges on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, directly south of Corinth. Over this road, and the Memphis and Charleston, now in our possession, the rebel army under BEAUREGARD has received nearly all its supplies. They are obtainable from no other quarter. Corinth will soon be untenable, whether we advance against it or not. The only lines of communication left open are the railroads to New-Orleans and Memphis. But it is certainly safe to predict that Memphis will soon be, if it is not already, in our possession. Commodore FOOTE, with an ample force of gunboats and troops, left Island No. 10 Saturday noon to attack Fort Pillow, the only remaining defense of Memphis. At best this Fort can offer only a feeble resistance, and may none at all. The rebels evidently staked the possession of the Mississippi upon the defenses we have just captured. We think we hazard nothing in assuming that the Mississippi River for its whole course, will, within a fortnight, be in our possession. With this great artery under our control, the rebellion in the Southwest will become contemptible both in the strength of numbers and in the area held, and can be starved out, not by the movement of our forces, but by the holding of a few commanding and healthy points. Our great success here has been due to the navigable rivers of the country, which have been avenues through which we could, unopposed, throw our armies directly into the heart of the rebellion.

In the more remote portions of the Confederacy, where it might be expected we should meet with the greatest obstacles, everything is going on as prosperously as we could expect, and almost as we could desire. In the meantime, the rebellion is evidently concentrating its great strength where it will soon be most accessible to our blows. The larger the force concentrated by the enemy in Virginia, the better. We can soon clear away all difficulties in attacking it. We do not see how the advance under McDOWELL, can allow the rebels to remain long concentrated at Yorktown. Richmond may have to be defended in a far distant field. Everywhere, east and west, are we steadily inclosing the enemy in our toils, and resistance must soon everywhere cease from the consciousness that success is utterly hopeless.

McCUNN AND HALL.—Our City Judge had an opinion which he has seen fit to make public. It purports to be a legal opinion, the drawback being that there was no case before him for adjudication, and that there is neither law nor common sense in his utterances. In these circumstances, the weight to be given to this *ex-parte* warrant for illicit Sunday dram-selling is just that attaching to the personal and professional character of its author. Its official value is as little as would be the opinion on military discipline of a militia Colonel cashiered for profanity and unofficer-like conduct: no more.

But there is an implication that the astute District-Attorney has given his sanction to the Judge's bad law and worse logic. "The fact," says McCUNN, "that the District-Attorney has consented to their (IRELAND and MATTHEWS) discharge, on the testimony of the officers themselves, *justifies the inference on my part that he fully concurs in the views which I have expressed.*" With our recollection of the case, the discharge of the prisoners brought up by McCUNN'S midnight *habeas corpus*, was on the ground that the Court was filled with liquor dealers, the case prejudged, and with the purpose of arraigning them before an impartial tribunal. But, Mr. HALL owes it to his own reputation as a lawyer to discard the imputation, which we must presume to be false, of any complicity with or toleration of "views" of such a Judge, expressed on such an occasion, with such a motive. It is bad enough to have "rot-gut" law from the Bench; it would be too bad to have it "fully concurred in" by the Prosecuting Officer of the City. How is it, Mr. HALL?

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the State Department Relating to Mexico.

The Proposed Treaty with Great Britain for the Suppression of the Slave-Trade.

How it is Proposed to Collect the Tax on Liquors.

The Case of Gen. Stone Considered in the Senate.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 15.

THE SUCCESS AT FORT PULASKI.

The news of the recapture of Fort Pulaski comes through rebel sources, accompanied by evidences of the effectiveness of our bombs ann guns truly wonderful. The Government is highly delighted.

PROGRESS AT YORKTOWN—WHAT MR. STANTON SAYS.

A gentleman accosted Secretary STANTON, to-day, thus: "Well, Mr. Secretary, do you think you see daylight for our army at Yorktown?" "Certainly, Sir, certainly." replied the Secretary; "everything is going on finely, and I have no doubt that the result will be speedy and glorious to our arms."

An officer who left the National army before Yorktown, reports that he left Gen. MCCLELLAN in the best of spirits, and sanguine of his ability to drive the rebels out of Rorktown and Virginia. The same officer says that when he left *the rebels were burning their barracks*, an euidence of a prepaiation to evacuate, or an expectation to be speedily driven out.

NOMINATED AS MAJOR-GENERAL.

The President was so much delighted at the achievement of the great astronomical General, O. M. MITCHEL, in making forced marches upon Huntsville, Decatur and Stephenson, on the Memphis, Charleston and Richmond line of railroad, and seizing one hundred miles of that road, capturing rebels, locomotives, and rolling stock, that he has to-day, on the recommendation of Secretary STANTON, promoted him to be a Major-General. Gen. MITCHEL's recent movement is viewed as one of the most important of the war.

OUR RELATIONS WITH MEXICO—THE CORRESPONDENCE OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

The President to-day, in response to a resolution of the House, transmitted voluminous documents, embracing all the correspondence which has taken place since June last, relative to the affairs of Mexico. From a hasty glance at their contents, it appears that on the 3d of that month, Mr. SEWARD, in writing to Minister CORWIN, informs him that from intelligence wearing an air of authority, a design exists on the part of the insurgents of this country to gain possession of Lower California, and that the the President expects him to exercise his best judgment not only to thwart this scheme, but to prevent rebel armed vessels from finding shelter in Mexican ports, and from carrying arms through the territory of that Republic. The defence of the Mexican sovereignty is urged upon the attention of that Government, and the declaration made that the United States does not desire to acquire any part of Mexico,

On the 9th of June Mr. CORWIN informs Mr. SEWARD that it had been his constant endeavor since his arrival at the City of Mexico to possess the Mexican mind of the true cause of our difficulties, and thus enable them to estimate the danger which would result from any unfavorable termination of them. He was quite sure that, whilst the Mexican Government would endeavor to preserve peaceful relations with all European Powers on fair terms, it regarded the United States as its true and only reliable friend in any struggle which might involve its national existence.

Toward the close of July Mr. CORWIN, in the course of his dispatch, incidentally remarks that Europe is quite willing to see us humbled, and will not fail to take advantage of our embarrassments to execute purposes of which she would not have dreamed had we remained at peace. This was said with reference to the joint intervention by England, France and Spain in the affairs of Mexico.

Mr. SEWARD, writing to Mr. CORWIN on the 2d of September, assures him the President greatly desired that the political status of Mexico as an independent nation should be permanently maintained, and in December, after speaking of the joint intervention, informs him that the Government cannot consent to his returning from Mexico, as he desired.

It is known that Mr. CORWIN negotiated a treaty with Mexico, but the Senate rejected it on the ground that it was not advisable to assume, as was proposed, any portion of the principal or interest of the debt of Mexico, or which would require the concurrence of European Powers. In communicating this result to Mr. CORWIN, Mr. SEWARD says, April 3:

"Under these circumstances, the President is unable to suggest to you any other mode for contributing to the deliverance of our sister Republic from the embarrasments by which it is surrounded, which will be acceptable to the Senate. Meanwhile I desire to direct your most earnest attention to the necessity of guarding, if possible, against any such pledge of the resources of Mexico to foreign Powers, as might affect our cause injuriously, or impair the ability of the people of Mexico to sustain the free Government established by their own choice. You will not leave the Government of Mexico in doubt, for a moment, that the Government of the United States are not indifferent concerning the perils by which they are surrounded."

THE TAX ON SPIRITS.

It appears from investigation that less than 80,000,000 gallons spirits, domestic liquors and whiskies, are consumed and used in the United States annually, North and South. It is proposed, in reference to this particular branch to place the tax on the article as it comes from the distillery, leaving the dealers to pay the distillers, and the consumers to pay the dealers. By this process the whole duty will be collected, and honest dealers placed on the same footing with unscrupulous ones, at a much less expense and in less time.

ARMOR-CLAD VESSELS.

The interest in armor-clad vessels attracted quite a party from this city to Philapelphia, this week, to visit the vessel now building there for the Government, by Messrs. MERRICK & SONS. The laying of the huge plates, weighing over three tons each, upon this vessel has already commenced. She will not be completed for two months. Her tonnage will be near four thousand. The armor will weigh abont eight hundred tons. Of the party above referred to, were Senator MORRILL, Messrs. PIKE and GOODWIN, of the House, and several other scientific gentlemen, with their ladies.

ORDER RELATING TO PASSES.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST-MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15, 1862.

Hereafter no more passes will be granted for the the shipment of sutlers stores to the army of Gen. MCCLELLAN. Passes for the transportation of sutlers stores across the Potomac will only be granted on a permit from the commanding officers of regiments or detachments within this militrry district, stating the quantity and destination.

(By order,) Major W. E. DOSTER,
Provost-Marshal.

CHARLES E. ROBINSOF, Adjutant.

THE SLAVE-TRADE.

The Committee on Foreign Relations, to which had been referred the treaty between Great Britain and the United States for the suppression of the Slave-trade, reported it back without amendment, and with the favorable indorsement of the Committee. It is the opinion that this treaty will receive the prompt sanction of the full Senate, and be forthwith forwarded to England, to be ratified by that Government.

NEWS FROM PITTSBURGH LANDING.

The telegraph line has been erected again, for the third time, from Savanna, Tenn., to Nashville, so that we may now hope to hear more directly with our gallant army of the West.

GEN. SHERMAN BEFORE THE WAR COMMITTEE.

To-day, the Committee on the Conduct of the War summoned before them Gen. SHERMAN, late commander of the Southern Department, to give his testimony relative to affairs in that section. The Committee intend that their report shall be a detailed history of the war.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate in Executive Session, to-day, confirmed Gov. E. D. MORGAN as Major-General, and the following gentlemen as Brigadier-Generals: Geo. L. Hartsuff, Carl Schurz, Rnfus Saxton, Chas. Devens, Benjamin Alvord, N. B. Buford, Nathan Kimball, J. Van Allen, and Wm. S. Smith.

AMOS PERRY was confirmed as Consul to Tunis.

MAHLON WILKINSON was nominated and confirmed to-day, as Receiver of Public Moneys at Vermullion, in Dacotah Territory.

The Senate, in executive session, to-day, also received from the President two Indian treaties and the nominations of Col. JEFF. C. DAVIS, of Indiana, and Col. CARR, as Brigadier-Generals. Both officers distinguished themselves at the battle of Pea Ridge.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS.

J. MILTON FLINT, New-Hampshire, appointed Acting Assistant-Surgeon, and ordered to report to Commander PAULDING for duty.

Lieut. ROBERT L. MAY has been detached from the *Niagara* and ordered to report for ordnance duty at the Navy-yard, Washingfon.

CHARLES C. KINGSBURY, of Boston; JOHN B. CROSBY, Orland, Maine, PAULE C. GIBBS, Pocasset, Massachusetts, and JOHN L. LEE of Bangor Maine, were to-day appointed Acting Masters in the Uuited States Navy. and severally ordered te report to Boston.

GEO. R. DURAND, late Masters' Mate on United States steamer *Mystic*, promoted to Acting Master.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Gov. HICKS is in town, urging the removal of the Naval Academy back to Annapolis. The Government will undoubtedly be glad to do anything for Gov. HICKS, in reason, but he is requested to wait until treason ceases to exist in Maryland before his request can be granted.

A DISTINGUISHED FOREIGN OFFICER.

Count SWEINITZ CRAIN, late aid-de-camp to the Archduke MAXIMILIAN, Governor of Venice, has been tendered an appointment of aid-de-camp upon Gen. FREMONT's staff.

THE CAPITOL EXTENSION.

The bill transferring the superintendence of the the erection of the dome of the Capitol and the extension of the same from the War to the Interior Department has passed both Houses. This will reduce the labors of Quartermaster Gen. MEIGS, so that he can devote his time to the details of his Department, which is of itself very burdeusome and perplexing.

THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

The House passed a bill to-day, creating two additional judges for the Court of Claims.

SENATOR WILSON.

Senator WILSON, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, leaves for home on Thursday.

DEATH.

The wife of Hon. A. W. CLARK, Member of Congress from Jefferson and Lewis Districts, New-York, died in this city yesterday after a brief illness.

THE PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Tueday, April 15.

Mr. WILKINSON, of Minnesota, (Rep.,) presented a petition from the citizens of Minnesota, praying Congress to call on all the people of the United States, bond and free, to aid in the suppression of the rebellion, and assuring them of the protection of the flag therefor.

Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, (Rep.,) on leave, introduced a bill prescribing the qualifications of electors in the City of Washington. Laid over.

Mr. FESSENDEN, of Maine, (Rep.,) from the Finance Committee, reported the House bill, without amendment, for establishing a Branch Mint at Denver, Colorado.

Mr. MCDOUGALL, of California, (Opp.,) called up the resolution calling on the Secretary of War for information as to the causes of the delay in the trial of Gen. STONE, and if the latter has not applied for speedy trial, etc.

Mr. FESSENDEN suggested that the resolution call on the President, instead of the Secretary of War.

Mr. MCDOUGALL said he specially preferred it as it now stood. He alluded to the fact that it was now fifty days since Gen. STONE had been arrested at his home at midnight, and closely confined in a dark fort, without being able to learn why he was arrested, by whom, nor had he learned whether his arrest was ordered by the President, Secretary of War, or the Commanding-General. The manner of his arrest and confinement seemed to be more the result of a Venetian Council of Ten than that of officials of a free Republic. He briefly recapitulated the circumstances immediately prior to STONE's arrest. He stated that Gen. STONE had visited the President and Secretary of War in friendly intercourse, and dined with the Commanding-General not many hours before his arrest. Rumor, that had the power to blast the fairest fame, was all that had made charges against Gen. STONE, and nothing else could be learned. He quoted from HENRY WARD BEECHER's sermon defending constitutional liberty, truth and justice, and spoke of these arrests as fraught with danger to a free people. He was glad the pulpit had taken up these cases, and, though not expecting it from that source, was glad to quote any one favoring truth and justice. He then reviewed Gen. STONE's career in the Mexican war, being breveted for gallant conduct, while his ancestors were among the first of the early defenders of the country. In California, of which Gen. STONE was a resident, no man was regarded higher personally, and he was the selection of Gen. SCOTT to command the First Brigade here, and superintend the defences of the Capital last year. Was there any suspicion on him at that time? He was also made Colonel in the regular army by the President, confirmed by the Senate, and commanded a brigade under Gen. MCDOWELL, when the army first entered Virginia, holding at that time a responsible command, including Alexandria, and the line of defence to Ball's Cross Roads, which was threatened by the enemy. He was made a Brigadier-General, and was at the battle of Ball's Bluff. In that he had made many enemies, but had even demanded a Court of Inquiry prior to his arrest that day, and was informed by Secretary STANTON that no charges had been made against him, and that he could return to his command. The greatest efforts had been made in vain to learn the charges against him. Several letters were read, addressed by eminent lawyers of the country to Secretary STANTON, inclosing open letters to Gen. STONE, asking if he knew what were the charges made against him, and if he could afford him counsel; but these were withheld, and Secretary STANTON returned replies that no communication could be held with Gen. STONE. We had a Committee on the Conduct of the War, and from that source Rumor has intimated that this arrest and other things have emanated. Testimony is taken secretly and *ex-partε*, to go abroad in the Press, and in this way the Committee conducted the war. He read a dispatch from Gen. STONE to his friends, saying that he desired to be before Yorktown now. He (MCDOUGALL) had endeavored to see the Secretary of War, but failed to procure audience, and he thought the country had fallen upon strange times, indeed, when the Secretaries of the President could not be seen on official business. There was no excuse even offered by this master of all the Government forces, who set aside law and statute, but had never seen a squadron in the field. Written application had likewise failed. Gen. MCCLELLAN had three distinct times demanded of the Secretary of War a Court-Martial for Gen. STONE, but had failed. He then reviewed the European and American Military Codes, showing that they were for the protection as well as punishment of soldiers. The Articles of War provided for summoning a Court-Martial eight days after the arrest, yet no steps had been taken for fifty days after Gen. STONE's arrest, and worse than this, no charges had been made, nor could any one be found who had heard of any. If he was charged with treason, he could be speedily tried by Civil Courts. He quoted a case during Mr. MADISON's administration, where an officer was sentenced to death by a Court-martial, but ordered afterwards to duty by the President. But that was in better days of the old Republic, before the faction had raised its hydra head in one of the departments of this Government. He cited the fact, that by the delay of the trial, one of the most important witnesses, Gen. LANDER, had gone to give his evidence in another world. The Secretary of War and the Secretary of State could not make laws, for that belonged to legislative bodies. Mr. STANTON, however, had made a law which was the law of a tyrant, more worthy of St. Petersburg and Constantinople one hundred years ago. "Fools rushed in where angels dare not tread." In conclusion, he thought that the Senate should demand a trial for Gen. STONE.

Mr. WADE, of Ohio, (Rep.,) thought that the two hours' platitudes of the California Senator were like the lawyer whose client was at the foot of the indictments. He fully agreed with all the Senator quoted about Constitutional rights. No one respected law and liberty more than he did; but he repelled the insinuation made against the Committee on the Conduct of the war, of which he was Chairman.

Mr. MCDOUGALL disclaimed any reflections on the Committee. He had heard that the Committee had the case of Gen. STONE under consideration, which led to his arrest. What that so?

Mr. WADE said that the Senator had stated that the Committee had stabbed men in the dark.

Mr. MCDOUGALL replied that he did not say so.

Mr. WADE was glad to learn that he did not say so. There was not a word of truth in it. The Committee endeavored to correct many wrongs in the army, and had never published a word, but had given the result of their investigations to the Executive. They had never undertaken to conduct the war, as had been alleged frequently. The Committee were entirely above stabbing men in the dark, and had never injured a single man, but remedied numerous wrongs. So far as Gen. STONE is concerned, he was a stranger to the Committee, and it would not harm a hair of his head. He would say here, in this place, that there was, probably, cause for his arrest, and the testimony relating to him was laid before the President and Secretary of War. Whether that evidence led to his arrest or not, he did not know. That testimony should not be drawn from him now. While the country was struggling for existence, and unborn generations were to be taxed, traitors were walking these streets. The Senator talked about constitutional liberty. BRECKINRIDGE used to stay here and talk about it, and was a traitor at heart. It was so with others. Those who talked of *habeas corpus* in times like these, were sympathizers with the rebellion. The movements of our armies were known to the rebels as quick as to loyal people. The Government had endeavored to keep this information away from the traitors, but failed. Times of revolution demanded stringent measures, but traitors had been too leniently dealt with, owing to too much goodness of heart. All that Mr. MCDOUGALL had said in favor of Gen. STONE, would apply equally well to JEFF. DAVIS. The latter was in Mexico, and had defended the Government, but he was a traitor. Lucifer was an angel in Heaven once, but had fallen, and had not been respected much, since in that quarter. [Applause.]

Mr. WADE continued at some length, urging a vigorous prosecution of the traitors, sacrificing the institution of Slavery. Let Slavery die and the Union live.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Rep.,) offered a substitute for the resolution, calling on the President for all information not incompatible with public interests relating to the arrest of Gen. STONE. Ere a vote was taken,

Mr. MCDOUGALL desired it to go over till to-morrow, as he wished to reply.

Mr. MORRILL, of Maine, (Rep.,) from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported back the Pennsylvania-avenue Railroad bill, with amendments.

Mr. SHERMAN, of Ohio, (Rep.,) from the Conference Committee, reported back the Naval Appropriation bill.

The Senate then went into Executive Session, after which adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 15.

Mr. TROWBRIDGE, of Michigan, (Rep.,) called up the motion heretofore made by him, to reconsider the vote by which, on the 24th of March, the House adopted a resolution requesting the Secretary of War to inform them the cause, if any, for the protracted delay in exchanging Col. CORCORAN, who has been a prisoner at the South since July, and directing him to stop all exchanges until Col. CORCORAN shall be released.

Mr. TROWBRIDGE wished distinctly to say that it was no part of his desire to place an impediment in the way of the release of Col. CORCORAN, but he protested, and asked the House to join him in protesting, against the release of the other prisoners being made subordinate to that of Col. CORCORAN. He had no doubt that every gentleman had some friend whom he desired should be released, though of lower rank than Col. CORCORAN. He (TROWBRIDGE) mentioned the name of Col. WILCOX in this connection as a man of signal bravery and gallantry with that officer.

Mr. MALLORY, of Kentucky, (Union,) said he met with Col. WOODRUFF the other day, and heard him tell the President and Secretary of State that though our prisoners at Richmond are exceedingly anxious to be released, they are willing, if the purpose of the Government should require it, to remain there as prisoners, and to serve their country in that way as in any other.

Mr. ANCONA, of Pennsylvania, (Opp.,) who offered the resolution, said he was not aware till now that Col. CORCORAN was still a prisoner, and his only desire was to call attention to the fact that worthy and gallant soldiers are still prisoners, and to ascertain the cause of the delay in making exchanges.

After further consideration, the resolution was amended so as to request the Secretary of War to inform the House the cause, if any, which has prevented the exchange of Cols. CORCORAN and WILCOX, and the other prisoners of war held since July last.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill reported from the Select Committee to regulate the franking privilege, being a codification of the laws upon that subject, with amendments.

Mr. COLFAX, of Indiana, (Rep.,) said the Post-office Committee, with one exception, were in favor of the abolishment of the franking privilege, and the House had passed the bill for that purpose, now pending before the Senate. He moved to lay the bill on the table. Agreed, 58 against 48.

Mr. PORTER, of Indiana, (Rep.,) called up the bill reported by him, from the Committee on the Judiciary, amendatory of the act establishing a Court for the investigation of claims against the United States. He said there was no cultivated nation in Europe where claims are not finally decided by judicial tribunals. This should be the case in the United States. Claims without merit are frequently passed by persistent effort and tact, when really meritorious ones are neglected by Congress; hence, judgments should be finally subject to appeal.

Mr. DIVEN, of New-York, (Rep.,) opposed the bill, for the reason, among others, that it placed the Government in the position of a mere corporation to be sued. We have already, in this Court, an Admiralty system.

Mr. WATTS, of New-Mexico, briefly advocated the bill, and was followed on the same side by

Mr. BINGHAM, of Ohio, who looked upon it as a measure to facilitate the administration of justice between Government and citizens.

Mr. HICKMAN, of Pennsylvania, (Rep.,) in his remarks, said the Court is, at best, a Committee with no power of finally determining questions, and the Committee on Judiciary therefore propose to reconstruct and make use of it as far as possible, to accomplish good results.

Mr. PENDLETON, of Ohio, (Rep.,) was in favor of requiring the Government to do justice to its citizens, and, if necessary, levying on property, whether real or personal, of the United States, to satisfy just demands.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, (Rep.,) moved to lay the bill on the table. Not agreed to.

The bill then passed.

It authorizes the President to appoint two additional Judges, and the Court to have jurisdiction of all claims for which the Government would be liable in law or equity if it were suable in Courts of Justice, except such claims as Congress may, by joint resolution, specially declare shall be disposed of by act of Congress or otherwise, and shall also have a concurrent jurisdiction with the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, of all suits or cases against the United States for the title to real estate, or for muniments for title to the same, and in all such cases the judgment shall be final, subject to the right of appeal. Disloyal persons are excluded from the operation of the act.

The House concurred in the reports of the Committee on Conference on the disagreeing votes of both branches of Congress to the Post-office and Navy Appropriation bills.

Adjourned.

Amusements.

WINTER GARDEN.—A grand dramatic and musical entertainment will take place here to-night in aid of a fund for the widow and orphan of the late THOS. J. MORGAN, who was killed while in the discharge of his duty as a New-York fireman. The pieces "Still Waters Run Deep," and "Robert Macaire" will be performed, and Miss MAGGIE HAIGHT, Miss HALLOCK and Mr. CHARLES LOCKWOOD will furnish a musical *intermezzo*. The benevolent object of the entertainment commends it to the attention of the amusement-going public.

Musical.

Mr. GRAU's new season of opera will commence on Monday evening next. It promises to be one of the best yet given under that energetic and enterprising gentleman's management. Mr. GRAU has succeeded in affecting an engagement with Signora ADELAIDE BASSEGGIO, the successful and highly-praised dramatic prima donna, of the Tacon (Havana) Theatre. This lady is said to possess youth, good looks and ability. Her *début* will be one of the most interesting events of the season. In addition to Signora BASSEGGIO, Mr. GRAU has also secured the sevices of Signor TOMBESI, a young tenor, whose voice is described as one of the freshest and best now on the lyric stage; also, of Signor FERRI, the fine baritone, and of Signor MUZIO, *chef d'orchestre*. With these valuable additions to his regular *corps*, consisting of Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG, Miss ISABELLA HINKLEY, Mme. D'ANGRI, Signor BRIGNOLI, Signor MANCUSI and Signor SUSINI, Mr. GRAU will have no difficulty in giving a series of performances thoroughly admirable in distribution. The first performance will take place at the Academy on Monday next, when "Il Trovatore" will be given with Signora BASSEGGIO as *Leonora*, Mme. D'ANGRI as *Azucena*, Signor FERRI as the *Count*, and Signor BRIGNOLI as the *Trovatore*. On the following Wednesday Signor TOMBESI will make his *début*.

THE FUNERAL OF MR. FRELINGHUYSEN.—The funeral of Hon. THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN will take place at the First Reformed Dutch Church of New-Brunswick on Wednesday, 16th inst., at 2½ o'clock, P. M. The 12 o'clock train from New-York will be in time. The friends are invited to attend without further notice.

Spring Clothing for Boys, Youths and Men.—Our assortment is now very large and desirable. Orders for school uniforms, also military and navy uniforms, receive particular attention.

ABBOTT & RATHBUN,
(Successors to Alfred Munroe & Co.,)
No. 507 Broadway, under St. Nicholas Hotel.

Frank Miller's Prepared Harness Oil Blacking put up in pint, quart and gallon cans, ready for use, by FRANK MILLER, Warsaw, N. Y., proprietor of Frank Miller's Leather Preservative and Water-Proof Oil Blacking. Once oiling with this according to directions (which is on the label of each box) is of more benefit, will remain longer in the leather, rendering it more soft, pliable and durable, than would three times with clear oil, as generally applied. Try it. For sale by E. R. DURKEE & CO., No. 44 Broad-st., N. Y.

Defiance Salamander Safes, with Patent Powder-Proof Locks and Cross-Bars. Also, Fire and Burglar-Proof Sideboard and Parlor *Safes*. No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.

ROBERT M. PATRICK.

The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine is now recognized as the best. Purchasers should take care to buy them only of the rightful patentees. Salesrooms No. 495 Broadway.

The Sanitary Commission asks Contributions for the aid and relief of the Volunteer army.

There will in all probability soon be many wounded men to provide for, and our troops on the Southern coast are endangered by the unhealthy season now approaching. There is, therefore, special need of public liberality on their behalf, at least until the measures now pending in Congress to strengthen the Medical Department of the army shall be perfected. Agencies and dépôts of hospital stores, &c., are maintained at heavy expense in connection with every portion of the army.

Contributions may be addressed to GEORGE T. STRONG, Treasurer, No. 68 Wall-st., New-York.

Auction Sale of Paper-Hangings, Machinery, Paper, Racks, Tables, Presses, Partitions, &c., &c., by E. H. LUDLOW & CO., on THURSDAY, April 17, 1862, at the factory, Nos. 152, 154 and 156 West 29th-st., near 8th-av., by order of the Assignee, being the entire stock of a first-class factory.

Trusses.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss, No. 2 Vesey-st. All kinds of Trusses, Supporters, (Military Shoulder Braces and Abdominal Supporters combined.) Elastic Stockings, and Mechanical Appliances for Deformities. A female attends ladies.

Gas, Gas, Gas Fixtures, of new and beautiful designs, for the Spring trade, just completed. Call at our great Manufacturing Dépôt, No. 579 Broadway.

WARNER, PECK & CO.

Morton's Gold Pens.—Prices to suit the pocket and pens to suit the hand of every writer at No. 25 Maiden-lane. Call or inclose stamp for circular, with engravings of all sizes and styles.

MARRIED.

GIMBREDE—PECK.—On Tuesday, April 15, at the bride's residence, by Rev. Dr. Morgan, SEYMOUR N. GIMBREDE to ADDIE, eldest daughter of the late Edwin Peck.

KIRKNER—MOSS.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 15, by Rev. J. Hagany, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. KIRKNER, of Flushing, L. I., to Miss ANNIE E. MOSS, of this City.

PEARSON—SELLEW.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 15, by Rev. Rufus W. Clark, JAMES F. PEARSON, of Brooklyn, to JANE STATIRA SELLEW, of the former City.

DIED.

BAYLES.—In Tarrytown, Westchester County, on Tuesday, April 15, after a lingering illness, JONATHAN BAYLES, in the 68th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his son-in-law, William J. Decker, on Thursday, at 11 o'clock A. M.

BULLOCK.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday morning, April 15, after a long and painful illness, MOULTON BULLOCK, in the 79th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday, the 17th inst., at 3 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 182 Livingston-st., Brooklyn.

BLAKE.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 15, HERBERT HOWE, son of Alexander V. and Maria E. Blake, aged 1 year and 20 days.

Funeral at No. 144 Henry-st., Brooklyn, at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

BRITTON.—In South Melrose, Westchester County, N. Y., on Monday, April 14, KATE E., wife of Benjamin F. Britton, in the 28th year of her age.

Friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock, without further notice. Carriages will be in waiting at Harlem Bridge at 2 o'clock P. M.

CROOKS.—In this City, on Tuesday, April 15, ELIZA CROOKS, aged 28 years, 7 months and 2 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, the 17th, at 1½ P. M., from her late residence, in 87th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

☞ California papers please copy.

CLARKE.—In Geneva, N. Y., on Saturday morning, April 12, KATHARINE WATSON, only child of Henry K. and Katharine W. Clarke, aged 3 months and 7 days.

☞ Cooperstown papers please copy.

COLLYER.—In Sing Sing, N. Y., on Tuesday, April 15, Widow SARAH COLLYER, aged 66 years.

The relatives and friends of the deceased are invited to attend her funeral, on Thursday next, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the Presbyterian Church in the village of Sing Sing.

CROMWELL.—At Garrison's, Putnam County, N. Y., on Second Day, April 14, after a short illness, MARY M. CROMWELL, wife of Richard Cromwell, formerly of this City, aged 66 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited attend the funeral, from Friends' Meeting-house, Schemerhorn-st., Brooklyn, on Fourth Day, the 16th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

GAHAGAN.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 14, Mrs. SARAH GAHAGAN, widow of the late Thomas M. Gahagan, in the 71st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son, Henry V. Gahagan, 3d-st., near 5th-av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 17, at 2 P. M. Nearest route by Atlantic-st. and 5th-av. cars.

HAMILTON.—In Wiltur, Ulster County, on Monday, April 14, GARRET F. HAMILTON, in the 30th year of his age.

His friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, from the residence of his mother, in Wilbur, this day, (Wednesday,) the 16th inst., at 2 P. M.

KELSEY.—On Tuesday, April 15, ANGELINE B. KELSEY, daughter of the late James E. Kelsey, and step-daughter of Rev. Robert Woodruff, aged 38 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Graham-av. Mission Church, Williamsburgh, on Thursday, the 17th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

HART.—In this City, on Sunday, April 13, JOHN W. HART, only child of Peter W. and Katharine Hart, aged 23 days.

JACKSON.—On Tuesday morning, April 15, after a lingering illness, HENRY JACKSON, aged 58 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LOWERRE.—In West Farms, on Sunday, April 13, SAMUEL W. LOWERRE, in the 74th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his son-in-law, Norman K. Freeman, M. D., West Farms, on Wednesday, 16th inst., at 2½ P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Harlem Bridge from 12 M. until 2 P. M.

MANTIN.—On Monday, April 14, MARTIN MANTIN, Esq., in the 73d year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Thursday next, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his friend, Dr. Nelson Stelle, No. 73 Bleecker-st. His relatives and friends are requested to attend, without further invitation.

NEWTON.—In this City, on Monday, April 14, WILLARD BIGELOW, son of James W. and Emilie W. Newton, aged 2 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, at the residence of his parents, No. 58 West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on Wednesday, 16th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

RANKIN.—In Mount Vernon, Westchester County, suddenly, WILLIAM MANDEVILLE RANKIN, only son and child of Daniel and Jane Rankin.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his aunt, Mrs. Louisa Bird, No. 39 East 11th-st., this day, (Wednesday,) at 12 M. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

VAN AMRINGE.—In camp before Yorktown, Va., on Thursday, April 10, of typhoid fever, Henry H. VAN AMRINGE, Jr., member of Company F, One Hundred and Second Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, son of Wm. F. and Susan B. Van Amringe, of this City, in the 33d year of his age.

WOOD.—In this City, on Saturday, April 12, WM. W. WOOD, of Adams, Jefferson County, N. Y., in the 34th year of his age.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 177.—April 15, 1862.
69, 55, 4, 59, 10, 27, 46, 3, 20, 22, 26.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 178.—April 15, 1862.
47, 46, 10, 45, 24, 16, 3, 14, 53, 76, 75, 73, 12.

Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF THE
DELAWARE AND KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 125.—April 15, 1862.
29, 39, 36, 22, 56, 57, 55, 73, 7, 25, 17.

DELAWARE STATE LOTTERY, CLASS 200.—April 15, 1862.
27, 58, 16, 4, 31, 66, 36, 19, 71, 18, 60, 46, 57.

Circulars sent by addressing
JOHN A. MORRIS & CO.,
Wilmington, Del., or Covington, Ky.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A NEW WORK,
BY THE LATE
REV. JAMES W. ALEXANDER, D. D.
Published this day by C. SCRIBNER, No. 124 Grand-st., New-York.
FAITH,
Treated in a Series of Discourses. In 1 Vol., large 12mo, 450 pages, $1 25.

During the years 1856 and 1857, Dr. Alexander delivered to his congregation at intervals, a series of discourses on Faith. These he intended to enlarge and throw into the form of a treatise, and had actually made arrangements for its publication, when his failing health prevented its accomplishment. Knowing that the author had expended much labor in the preparation of these discourses, and believing that they clear up many difficulties connected with the subject, they are now presented to the public just as they were delivered.—*Extract from Preface.*

Copies sent by mail *post-paid*, on receipt of price.

STANDARD BOOKS, AT LOW PRICES.
No. 625 BROADWAY.

For a few days only, to close the business, will be sold, regardless of cost, the stock of
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
comprising the publications of the principal houses of Boston and Philadelphia. and of the late firm of Derby & Jackson.

WM. P. COOLIDGE, Trustee.

IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS
IN REFERENCE TO THE PRESENT CRISIS.
COMPANION TO THE
REBELLION RECORD;
BEING
A SUPPLEMENTARY VOLUME.
EDITED BY FRANK MOORE.

Part I, Price 50c., Now Ready. Illustrated with Portraits of JOSEPH HOLT and CHARLES SUMNER.

Containing, with several others,

SPEECH OF JOHN BRIGHT, M. P., at Rochdale, England, Dec. 5, 1861.
THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND, their International Spirit. By J. P. THOMPSON, D. D.
THE CONFEDERATE SEQUESTRATION ACT.
FORTS TAYLOR AND JEFFERSON, how they were Saved. By DELAVAN BLOODGOOD, U. S. N.
GEN. HILL'S REPORT of the Pursuit of Garnett.
ADDRESS OF ISAAC N. SHAMBAUGH, Exposing the Frauds perpetrated in Missouri (bogus) Legislature.
SPEECH OF DANIEL S. DICKINSON, at Tunkhannock, Pennsylvania, Aug. 19, 1861.
SPEECH OF JOHN S. CARLILE, delivered in the Virginia State Convention, March 7, 1861.

For sale by all Booksellers and Agents. Copies will be sent by mail, free of postage, on receipt of price.

G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher,
No. 532 Broadway, New-York.
C. T. EVANS, General Agent.

*** These Documents *are not* incorporated in the regular issues of the "REBELLION RECORD."

NEW MILITARY BOOKS.
BURTON'S ORDNANCE AND GUNNERY.
New edition, revised and enlarged, half-morocco, $4.
NAVAL LIGHT ARTILLERY, AFLOAT AND ASHORE.
Adopted by the Navy Department. Twenty-two lith. plates; 8vo. Blue cloth. $1 50.
HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.
1 vol.; 12mo. Blue cloth. Plates. $1.
NOLAN'S SYSTEM FOR TRAINING CAVALRY HORSES.
By Col. K. GARRARD, U. S. A. 24 plates: red cloth. $1 50.
OFFICIAL ARMY REGISTER FOR 1862.
Fifty cents.
MAXIMS, ADVICE AND INSTRUCTIONS ON THE ART OF WAR.
One vol.: 18mo. Cuts. Red Cloth. 75 cents.
Any of the above sent free, by mail, on receipt of price.
D. VAN NOSTRAND, Publisher,
No. 192 Broadway.

JUST PUBLISHED,
Vol. 2, completing the
ONLY FULL AND ACCURATE EDITION!!
BENGEL'S GNOMON OF THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Newly translated from the Original Latin, by C. T. LEWIS, A. M., and M. R. VINCENT, A. M., Professors in Troy University. Complete in 2 vols., 8vo. Cloth, $5; sheep, $6; half morocco, $7 50.

"The work of editing and translating has fallen into hands in all respects competent, and has been done in the most thorough and intelligent manner. No book deserves better to be on the table of every biblical student."—*N. Y. Independent.*

"A decided improvement on the Edinburgh edition."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

Published by PERKINPINE & HIGGINS,
No. 56 North 4th-st., Philadelphia.
For sale by SHELDON & CO., New-York, and by booksellers generally.

THE BOOK OF THE YEAR.
NOW READY:
THE LIFE
AND
LETTERS
OF
WASHINGTON
IRVING,
By his Nephew,
PIERRE M. IRVING.
Vol. 1. Sunnyside Edition, $1 50.
G. P. PUTNAM,
No. 532 Broadway.

NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS,
NOW READY.
COL. ROBERTS SPIKING THE GUNS OF A REBEL BATTERY AT ISLAND NO. 10.
COL. GEARY DRIVING THE REBELS FROM MIDDLEBURY.
T. B. LEGGETT & CO.,
NO. 90 BEEKMAN-ST.

NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS,
NOW READY.
THE BATTLE AT PITTSBURGH LANDING, TENN.,
THE BATTLE AT PITTSBURGH LANDING, TENN.,
A MAMMOTH PICTURE,
14x43 inches.
PUBLISHED BY
T. B. LEGGETT & CO.,
NO. 90 BEEKMAN-ST.

NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS,
NOW READY.
REBEL GENERALS AT THE BATTLE OF PITTSBURGH.
PORTRAITS OF
GEN. A. SIDNEY JOHNSTON.
GEN. A. SIDNEY JOHNSTON.
GEN. BEAUREGARD.
GEN. BEAUREGARD.
PUBLISHED BY T. B. LEGGETT & CO.,
NO. 90 BEEKMAN-ST.

NEW-YORK ILLUSTRATED NEWS,
UNION GENERALS AT THE BATTLE OF PITTSBURGH.
PORTRAITS OF
GEN. GRANT.
GEN. GRANT.
GEN. BUELL.
GEN. BUELL.
GEN. SMITH.
GEN. SMITH.
GEN. McCLERNAND.
GEN. McCLERNAND.
PUBLISHED BY T. B. LEGGETT & CO.,
NO. 90 BEEKMAN-ST.

THE SPLENDID VICTORY OF THE ERICSSON STEAM BATTERY MONITOR, IN HAMPTON ROADS.—Just published, a handsome picture of the times, in the best style of lithography. Highly colored. Copies, 50 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid. Agents wanted. HATCH & CO., No. 29 William-st. Liberal discount to the trade.

CHEAP FRENCH CHINA DINNER SETS.
COMPLETE DINNER SETS
OF
WHITE FRENCH CHINA.
190 PIECES at $25 PER SET.
THESE SETS ARE A GREAT BARGAIN.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
NOS. 488, 490 AND 492 BROADWAY, corner Broome-st.

PLAIN CARTES DE VISITE.
At $1 50 per Dozen.
VIGNETTE CARTES DE VISITE,
At $2 50 per Dozen.
Warranted superior to any other pictures made in the City, at
JOHNSTON BROTHERS,
No. 867 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE, COMPLETE, THE FIRST FOUR years of the New York *Evening Times*, bound. Address W. G., Box No. 130, *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—UNBOUND, A COMPLETE FILE OF the NEW-YORK TIMES, from 1st of June, 1859, to the present time. Address W. H., Box No. 132 *Times* Office.

KINDLING WOOD, OAK AND PINE,
At 20 cents for 10 or more Boxes.
Hickory, Oak and Pine, by the Load and Cord.
Address C. COLLINS, foot of East 23d-st.

RHEUMATISM.—ALL THOSE AFFLICTED with Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Neuralgia, Face-ache, &c., and all nervous diseases, will find an immediate and permanent cure by wearing METTAM & CO.'S PATENT GALVANIC ELECTRO METALLIC INSOLES, Office No. 429 Broadway. Sent by express on the receipt of $1. Send for a circular.

Messrs. METTAM & CO.: I cannot express what I have suffered for the past years from Chronic Rheumatism; nothing seemed to reach my case until I tried one pair of your ELECTRO GALVANIC INSOLES, and after a short time effectually cured me. I hope those who are afflicted will try them, and find to their joy, as I have, permanent relief from years of pain.

PETER CONNOLLY, No. 121 East 22d-st.

FRIGATES CUMBERLAND AND CONGRESS.—Subscriptions are still received in behalf of the survivors of the crews of these ships, and for the widows and orphans of those who perished in the engagement with the *Merrimac*, and will be appropriated as the donor shall direct.

COMMITTEE—Jas. Demarest, No. 172 Water-st., Wm. E. Dodge, Jr., Joseph F. Joy, E. Richardson, E. E. Morgan, Lloyd Aspinwall, F. M. French, Henry P. Marshall.

E. PLATT, No. 78 Wall-st., Treasurer of Committee.

CARPETING!—ENGLISH MEDALLION, VELvet, Brussels, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, Rugs, Mats, Matting, Oil-cloths, Window Shades, Table and Piano Covers, at remarkably low prices. All goods guaranteed. Look for HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

MILITARY.
SEAMEN, ORDINARY SEAMEN,
LANDSMEN, BOATMEN, MECHANICS
AND OTHERS
WANTED FOR THE
MARINE ARTILLERY,
W. A. HOWARD, Colonel Commanding,
Now in active service in
GEN. BURNSIDE'S EXPEDITION.

Pay the same as Navy, and $100 bounty at the expiration of service, which is three years or the War. [illegible] to secure half pay, can be left to families, [illegible] payable on each [illegible] in New-York. The Colonel will issue certificates to the families of those joining, entitling them to the benefits of the Volunteer Fund in New-York and Brooklyn. The men will also receive a neat and comfortable outfit, [illegible] and bedding, on being mustered in the service. A few good fifers and drummers are needed. Early application is necessary, to M. O'MALLEY, No. 78 Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts., New-York.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.
CASEY'S DIVISION.
Second Brigade, Col. WM. Linn Tidball, Commanding.
FIFTY-NINTH REGIMENT, N. Y. S. V.

This Regiment, one of the finest in the service, is now stationed at Fort Good Hope, one of the defences of our capital, a short distance from Washington City. A number of able bodied men are immediately wanted to bring the Regiment to the maximum standard. Immediate subsistence, clothing and transportation to the seat of war. Families relieved by the City fund. A bounty of $100 on honorable discharge. For further particulars apply at the office No. 476 Broadway, between Broome and Grand sts.

P. J. JOACHIMSEN,
Lieutenant-Colonel Fifty-ninth N. Y. S. V.
Capt. J. L. PAULDING, Peekskill, N. Y.
Lieut. A. W. MATTICE, Carmel, N. Y.
Recruiting Officers.

THE SOLDIER'S
BULLET-PROOF VEST.
Proved and approved by a Board of officers at Washington. It will
SAVE THE LIVES OF FRIENDS.
Expressed to any address, charges paid on receipt of
$7 FOR PRIVATES,
$9 FOR OFFICERS.
Write MESSRS. ELLIOTT,
No. 222 Broadway.

FIFTY-NINTH REGIMENT N. Y. S. V.,
No. 476 Broadway.
WANTED—BUGLERS; also, MUSICIANS. Apply to Lieut.-Col. P. J. JOACHIMSSEN.

UNITED STATES MUSTERING OFFICE, No. 79 WHITE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1862.

THE FOLLOWING ORDER IS PUBLISHED for the information of all concerned:

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, March 22, 1862.

SPECIAL ORDERS No. 28.—II. No troops in the United States service will hereafter pass through the City of New-York without reporting to the United States military authorities instructed with the duty of providing subsistence and transportation in that City. Reports must be made, and information obtained at the office, No. 79 White-st. By order of the Secretary of War,

L. THOMAS, Adjutant-General.
W. A. NICHOLS, Lieutenant-Colonel U. S. A.

UNITED STATES MUSTERING OFFICE, No. 79 White-st.,
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1862.

ORDERS.—THE RECRUITING SERVICE FOR volunteers having been discontinued by orders from the War Department, officers on such duty, and acting under the direction of this office, will close their offices, and report here for instructions, and transportation with their parties for their respective regiments.

W. A. NICHOLS, Lieut.-Col. U. S. A.

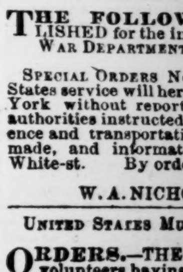
$100 BOUNTY—$3 TO THE RECRUIT when mustered in the service.—Wanted for Company D, Fifth Regiment Excelsior Brigade, United States Volunteers, 50 able-bodied men, to whom $3 each will be given when mustered. Also, a few good men for non-commissioned officers. Clothing and subsistence, with good quarters, furnished after muster. Inquire at the Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall-st.

PENSION OFFICE.—ESTABLISHED BY MAJ. M. Myers, in 1817, for procuring bounty money, prize money, pensions, and all other war claims of officers, soldiers, sailors, marines, their widows and heirs.

C. W. MYERS, No. 229 Broadway,
opposite the Park Barracks.

PENSIONS PAY, BOUNTY MONEY, PRIZE Money and all other claims of soldiers, seamen, their widows and heirs promptly collected. Apply, in person or by letter, to GEO. WOODMAN, No. 23 Pine-st., near the Custom-house.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR BUGLERS.—Wanted, several young men who are desirous to proceed to the seat of war as bugler, to a cavalry regiment. This is the last chance for mounted buglers. Apply to Headquarters Smith's Cornet Band, 25 West Houston-st.



WIGS AND TOUPEES.
ORNAMENTAL HAIR—ALL KINDS
HAIR DYE—BEST IN USE.
HAIR DYEING—ALL COLORS.
MOLDAVIA CREAM, for preserving, beautifying and forcing the hair to grow.
All these articles can be found, in greatest perfection, at W. A. BATCHELOR'S celebrated establishment, No. 16 Bond-st.

JOHN HOOPER & CO.,
CITY AND COUNTRY ADVERTISING AGENTS,
No. 41 Park-row, New-York
New-York *Times* Building

J. H. & Co. are inserting advertisements in all Newspapers published in the United States and British Provinces. A careful selection of papers is made, adapted to any business, and the ADVERTISING is done in the best possible manner, saving time, trouble and expense to the advertiser. MERCHANTS, BANKERS, BROKERS, STEAMSHIP and RAILROAD AGENTS, and business men generally, wishing to extend their trade, are respectfully invited to call at the office, No. 41 Park-row, and examine papers and prices.

Nearly all newspapers published throughout the country are received and filed at this office.

REFERENCES.—Messrs. H. J. Raymond & Co., publishers of the New-York *Times*, and the publishers of the leading newspapers throughout United States and Canada.

FURNITURE NOTICE.

In my Stock, now selling off, are ten large oak buffets, two dozen wardrobes, of different woods, a part of which have plate-glass doors; twelve high-post bedsteads, twenty chamber suites of rosewood, oak, mahogany and walnut, in oils; one full suite of zebrawood, with high-post bedsteads, of the Victoria pattern, all of which will be sold at less than cost.

J. BOYCE,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.

THE TURKISH BATHS.

Subscriptions to the Stock of the TURKISH BATH COMPANY will now be received at the offices of the following Journals: *Evening Post, Express, Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune,* and the *World*.

Capital required, $60,000, to be raised by 600 shares at $50 each.

Apart from the dividends, subscribers to one share of the stock will be entitled to one free ticket; do. to five shares, six tickets; do. to ten shares, thirteen tickets. *The following Gentlemen compose the Board of Directors:*

Hon. ALEX. W. BRADFORD, LL. D.,
WM. CULLEN BRYANT, Esq.,
THEO. W. DWIGHT, LL. D., Col. Col. Law School.
Hon. GEO. FOLSOM,
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Esq.,
CHAS. KING, LL. D., Pres. Col. College.
VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.,
JOHN ORDRONAUX, M. D., Sanitary Commission.
J. S. THAYER, Esq.,
Hon. DANIEL F. TIEMANN,
JOHN TORREY, M. D.,
WM. H. VAN BUREN, M. D., Sanitary Commission.

C. OSCANYAN, Secretary and General Manager.

RECEPTION DAYS!

Having had my store painted, and being prepared for "Company," I have fixed my RECEPTION DAYS from MONDAY MORNING to SATURDAY at THREE P. M., where the usual assortment of rich, heavy PLATED GOODS, as URNS, TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, ICE PITCHERS, FORKS, SPOONS, &c., may be obtained at the lowest prices.

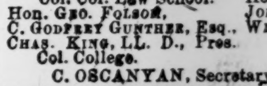
For sale, Wholesale and Retail, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip, by LUCIUS HART.

SOLDIERS' PACKAGES FREE.
NO CHARGE FOR TRANSPORTATION.

ADAMS EXPRESS will receive and forward soldiers' packages, to all points occupied by Union troops, transportation free. A small charge only is made to cover cost of delivery to the Quartermasters of the different regiments.

Small parcels for hospital nurses carried free. Heavy articles taken at the lowest freight rates.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 59 Broadway.



WEDDING CARDS.
These Celebrated Engraved Cards sold only by JAS. EVERDELL, 302 Broadway, N. Y.
For specimens by Mail, send 2 stamps.

PASSPORT OFFICE.

No. 200 Broadway, near Fulton-st., ground floor. Naturalized citizens must produce their certificates. Letters asking information must be addressed
"PASSPORT OFFICE,
Box No. 3,813, New-York."

COUGHS,
DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS,
Are cured by Dr. TOBIAS' PULMONIC LIFE SYRUP, 50 cents. Sold by the druggists.
Dépôt No. 56 Cortlandt-st.

THE ORIGINAL HOWE SEWING-MACHINES, recently improved and perfected. No breaking needles, no missing stitches, no trouble in doing any kind of work, however light or heavy, in cambric, cloth or leather, on the same machine. Send for a descriptive catalogue. Agents wanted. Address
THE HOWE SEWING-MACHINES,
No. 437 Broadway, New-York.

15 YEARS DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT has been sold, and it stands unrivaled for the cure of chronic rheumatism, croup, sore throats, toothache, headache, colic and pains in the limbs, back and chest. 25 and 50 cents. Sold everywhere. Dépôt, 56 Cortlandt-st.

MONEY WANTED.—IN EXCHANGE FOR two valuable inventions. Only a small amount required. Call at Crook's Hotel, No. 74 Chatham-st., from 8 to 10 o'clock A. M., till Friday. G. L. BAILEY, 2d.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing if required, or is willing to do general housework in a small family. Can be seen for two days at No. 25 East 31st-st., between Madison and 4th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid, by a Protestant girl; is a good [illegible]; would be willing to assist in washing and ironing; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 178 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid; no objection to assist with the washing; the best of reference given; can be seen at her present employer's, No. [illegible] 5th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a respectable young woman as chambermaid and washer and ironer, or as chambermaid and sewer; understands all kinds of embroidery; has no objection to the country; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days. Call at No. 39 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAIDS, &c.—TWO RESPECTABLE young girls wish situations—one as chambermaid or waitress; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or to do plain sewing; best of City reference of four years and a half from their last place. Call for two days at No. 344 6th-av., between 21st and 22d sts., second floor, front room.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, by a respectable girl, as chambermaid, or to take care of children and do plain sewing; can do all kinds of embroidery; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; has lived six years in her last place; best City reference. Apply at No. 122 East 22d-st., between 2d and 3d avs., for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A situation as chambermaid and waitress, as chambermaid, and to do fine laundry work, or as chambermaid and seamstress, by a very competent girl with good City references. Call at No. 89 West 11th-st., first floor, front room, for three days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable English Protestant woman, as chambermaid and laundress, or as laundress; no objections to go a short distance in the country; the best of City reference. Call at No. 87 West 19th-st., near 6th-av., first floor, front room. Can be seen for two days.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman a situation as chambermaid and to assist in the washing and ironing, or to take care of children and do plain sewing; best City references. Call, for two days, at No. 145 6th-av., between 10th and 11th sts., in fancy-store.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress, nurse and seamstress, or to do general housework, by a young woman with the best City references; no objection to the country, wages $6 per month. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway, from 9 till 4 o'clock.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A nice tidy young woman, a situation to do chamberwork and sewing; is capable of embroidering, or would take care of children, or would do light waiter's work. Can be seen for two days, if not engaged, at No. 22 East [illegible]-st., between University-place and 5th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing, or will take the care of children and do chamberwork; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 98 West 26th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman, a situation to do chamberwork and washing, or chamberwork and plain sewing in a small private family; best of City references. Call at No. 470 3d-av., corner 34th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a Protestant girl to do chamberwork and plain sewing, and will assist in the washing; has the best City references. Call at No. 441 3d-av., corner 32d-st., over the grocery store.

AS CHAMBERMAID &c.—WANTED BY A respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid or to do plain sewing; no objection to the country for the summer months; best City references. Call for two days at No. 184 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d-avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable young woman, a situation as chambermaid and fine washer, or as laundress; no objection to the country; good City references. Call, for two days, at No. 223 East 16th-st., near 1st.-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a respectable Protestant young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress. Call for two days at No. 153 West 29th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A situation by a respectable young girl to do chamberwork and waiting, or to take care of children and to do plain sewing. Call No. 87 West 24th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR NURSE.—SITUATION wanted by a young girl as chambermaid or nurse; has no objection to the country; has two years' City reference. Apply at No. 79 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation, by a respectable young girl, to do light chamberwork and sewing; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; best of reference given from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 243 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid and seamstress, or waitress; can produce respectable City references; has no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days, at No. 90 West 28th-st., first floor, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable Protestant girl wants a situation as chambermaid or seamstress, and understands operating on a machine. Apply, for two days, at No. 89 6th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation, for a thorough waitress and up stairs servant girl, of very neat personal appearance and good manners; has unexceptionable references to Brooklyn ladies, and considers a good place more than high wages. Apply to Mr. MANNING, No. 15 Court-st., near Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS, chambermaid and sewing, or chamberwork and washing; situation wanted by a young Scotch Protestant girl; speaks German and French fluently; understands all branches of housework thoroughly, and can give good references. Apply to A. M. SEE, No. 294 4th-av. below 23d-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation, by a respectable young woman, as chambermaid and waitress; would have no objection to assist in the washing and ironing of a small private family; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call. for two days, at No. 365 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A young woman, with the best of reference, desires a situation, in City or country, in the above capacity; understands her duties thoroughly; will assist in washing; is neat and obliging. Apply at No. 378 6th-av. Inquire for BRIDGET.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; she is a very capable servant, and has excellent City reference from her last place. Call for two days, at No. 222 7th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable girl, a situation to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and assist with washing and ironing; the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 203 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS OR LAUNDRESS.—A very competent girl, with good reference, wants a situation as above. You can get her, or any other first-class servant you want, free of any charge, at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 16 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A situation wanted by a young woman, as chambermaid and waitress, or waitress alone and fine washing; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Good reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 173 West 22d-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A lady wishes to obtain a situation for an honest, steady, obliging girl, as chambermaid and waitress. Also, for a middle-aged Protestant woman, as cook, washer and ironer. Can be seen at their present employer's, No. 174 East 14th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a small family, or as waitress and to assist with the ironing; good reference from her last place. Call at No. 420 2d-av., between 26th and 27th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable young girl wishes a situation to do chamberwork and waiting, or plain sewing in a private family; has the best of reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 89 West 11th-st., second floor, in the rear.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and sewer; no objection to the country; five years' City reference. Call for two days, at No. 137 East 26th-st., in the rear.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a young girl a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse and chambermaid; has the best of City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 177 Smith-st., Brooklyn.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A young woman wants a situation to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family, or to assist in the washing and ironing. Can be seen at her present place No. 47 St. Mark's-place, between 1st and 2d avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A young Protestant woman wants a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing; has good City reference. Call, for two days, at No. 71 West 20th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a Protestant girl to do chamberwork and waiting; would be willing to take care of children. Can be seen, until engaged, at No. 16 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A respectable girl desires a situation as chambermaid and waitress; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 400 2d-av., between 25th and 26th sts., in the fancy-store.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; understands her business; Can be seen for two days at No. 228 West 25th-st. Good City reference given.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—An active Protestant girl wants a situation; is a thorough chambermaid and waitress; willing to assist in washing and ironing; good City reference. Call at ACKERMAN & CONKLIN'S, No. 97 4th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or [illegible] nurse. Apply for two days at her present employer's, No. [illegible] East 36th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID OR WAITRESS.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young English girl as chambermaid or waitress. Can be seen for two days at No. 427 6th-av., corner of 26th-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as first-class cook, who understands French, English, and American cooking; understands boning and larding, soups, jellies and baking; has lived with the best families in this City; no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call, for two days, at No. 62½ West Washington-place.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as competent cook; understands her business in all its branches; is a good baker of bread and biscuit; has no objection to the country; has lived 9 years in one family; best City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY AN AMERICAN Protestant woman, a situation as cook; she thoroughly understands her business in every branch; preserves, game, getting up desserts, is an excellent pastry cook and baker; has no objection to the country, and has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 3 West 27th-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable girl as cook; is willing to assist with the washing; has no objection to go a short distance in the country; has two and a half years' reference from her last place; can be seen for two days. Call at No. 37 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT English woman, a situation as cook. Understands cooking in all its branches. Is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit; has good City reference. No objection to the country. Can be seen for two days, at No. 125 4th-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, a situation as cook in a private family. She thoroughly understands taking the entire charge of the kitchen. Has seven years' City reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 229 35th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A MOST RESPECTABLE, honest woman, a situation as first-class cook; is perfectly competent to discharge the duties satisfactorily; is mistress of her business in every department; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 114 East 14th-st., corner of 3d-av., first floor, front room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as cook; understands all kinds of French, English and American cooking; has the best of references; no objection to a hotel or restaurant. Call at No. 252 East 18th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, first floor.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK by a respectable woman who thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; has no objection to assist with the washing in a private family; best City references given from her last employer. Call for two days at No. 228 7th-av., northwest corner 25th-st., entrance in street.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as plain cook; is a good baker; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; good City reference. Can be seen by calling at No. 75 West 19th-st., opposite the plumber's, between 6th and 7th avs. Can be seen for two days.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as good cook; understands all kinds of games, soups and pastry, and is a good baker; has best of City reference, and willing to assist in washing and ironing. Can be seen for two days at No. 146 3d-av., between 15th and 16th sts., over the plumber's store.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A respectable Protestant woman, as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; is an excellent cake and bread maker; no objection to a short distance in the country. Good City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 32[illegible] Greenwich-av., in rear.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as cook; she understands cooking in all its branches; is willing to assist in the washing and ironing; has the best of City reference from her last place; she is willing and obliging. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 526 6th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A steady woman as a good cook and a good washer and ironer; has no objections to go a short distance in the country in a respectable private family; has good country and City reference. Call for two days at No. 109 East 16th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor, back room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as first-class cook; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; will assist in the washing, if desired; the best of City reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 5 6th-st., second floor, back room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; no objection to the country; best of City and country reference. Call at, or address No. 25 12th-st., near University-place, for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE Scotch woman, a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; is a good pastry and bread baker; town or country; has good city references. Apply at No 138 7th-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook; she understands baking; is an excellent washer and ironer if required; the best of reference given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 365 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, a situation as first-class cook, in a private family; best of City reference given. Call at No. 6 Lexington-av.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WANTS a situation in a private family, as cook, good washer and ironer; is willing and very obliging; good reference. Call at No. 21 West 12th-st., in the store, for two days.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A FIRST-CLASS cook, a situation in a private family; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 171 West 27th-st., corner 8th-av.

AS COOK.—A MOST RESPECTABLE AMERICAN woman wishes a situation; will assist in washing, &c. Apply at BOOKHAM & BEDELL'S, Nos. 307 and 309 4th-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as first-class cook; has 7 years reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 164 East 9th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a respectable Protestant woman, as good plain cook, and to assist with the washing and ironing in a small private family; the City preferred; the best of City reference given. Can be seen for two days at No. 107 East 13th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as cook; thoroughly understands her business; is a good baker of bread and pastry; would also assist in the laundry work. Has the best references. Call at No. 73 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., third floor, back room.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, BY A SCOTCH Protestant girl, a situation to cook, and assist in the washing and ironing; understands cooking in all its branches; would prefer going a short distance in the country; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days, at 34th-st., one door east of 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable Protestant woman as cook; has no objection to do a part of the washing. Apply, for two days, at No. 141 East 16th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, first floor, front room.

AS COOK, &c.—SITUATION WANTED, BY two respectable girls; one as cook and to assist with washing; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or as chambermaid and fine washing; good City reference. Call at No. 8 Union-court, University-place.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN the country, by a most efficient girl, as cook, or to do general housework; she is well acquainted with country work, but would take a place in the City. Apply at WALLACE'S office, No. 4 Sands-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A Protestant woman as good cook and to assist with the washing; understands baking and pastry; prefers the country. Apply at No. 408 3d-av., between 30th and 31st sts., under the Post-office.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable woman as cook, and to assist in washing and ironing in a respectable family; good City reference. Inquire at No. 428 7th-av.

AS COOK AND BAKER.—WANTED A SITUATION, by a Protestant young woman, as cook and baker; understands pastry; has choice reference. Call at No. 104 West 24th-st., for two days.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS, OR GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—A very competent girl, with good reference, wants a situation as above. You can get her, or any other first-class servant you want, free of any charge, at the Private Servants' Institute, No. 16 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, by a competent, tidy woman, with three year's City reference from her last employers, a situation as cook and laundress; does up linen in style, and an excellent baker; wages, $8; City or country. Call, or address for two days, No. 189 East 21st-st.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY a respectable young woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; has three and a half years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 394 3d-av., between 29th and 30th sts., first floor, front rooms.

AS COOK OR LAUNDRESS.—A SITUATION wanted by a respectable woman as cook, or as first-class laundress; has no objection to the country; has good reference from her last place. Call at No. 85 6th-av.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A situation as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework in a small family; has the best references. Call at 39 West 30th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

AS COOK AND LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, by a competent woman, a situation, in a private family, as cook and laundress. Apply, for one day, (Wednesday,) at her present employer's, No. 146 West 34th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young girl, who can cook, wash and iron, and do general housework, in a small, private family; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 96 East 13th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer, has the most satisfactory references from her last place. Call at No. 96 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs. 2d floor, back room.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Situation wanted, by a Protestant German girl; is a good, plain cook, baker, first-rate washer and ironer; can make herself generally useful. Inquire at No. 219 Division-st., in the tailor store, for two days.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOKS, WASHERS AND IRONERS, AND OTHER CAPACITIES.—Ladies in Brooklyn, and all parts of the country, who have been in the habit of getting servants at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn, will please notice that Mr. Manning, my former partner, has sold out to me all his good will and interest in the above business. I am now conducting it on my own responsibility, and am prepared to furnish from the OLD STAND, as usual, servants of a very superior class, whose references are direct to Brooklyn families, and who have been known to me personally for several years. I shall humbly confide in those principles of strict honor and integrity which have guided me the last four years, and shall in future, to secure for me a continuation of the patronage of a discerning and appreciating public. R. P. CHRISTOPHER, No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn, late Manning & Co.—N. B.—Servants supplied on all unexpired subscriptions, as before.

AS COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—Situation wanted, for a very reliable servant; is an excellent private family cook; a splendid washer and ironer; makes the best of bread, biscuit and pastry; neat, economical, and perfectly trustworthy, and has unexceptionable references. Apply to Mr. MANNING, No. 15 Court-st., opposite City Hall, Brooklyn.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A Protestant young woman wants a situation; is a good plain cook, good baker, &c., and a good washer and ironer; or is willing to do general work for a small family; City or country; has good reference. Call at ACKERMAN & CONKLIN'S, No. 97 4th-av.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted by a steady, temperate person as cook, washer and ironer, and has no objection to do housework for a small family; best of City references, if required. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 121 West 20th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A respectable woman of experience desires a situation in City or country as good cook and baker; will assist in washing; can be highly recommended for honesty, sobriety and competency; wages moderate. Apply at No. 378 6th-av. Inquire for MARY.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; understands her business thoroughly; no objection to the country; good City references. Call for two days at No. 83 8th-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young woman, in a small private family, to do cooking, washing and ironing; is willing and obliging. Can be seen for two days by applying at No. 362 7th-av. Inquire in the store.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A respectable young girl wishes to get a situation as cook, washer and ironer; has good City reference. Call at No. 568 8th-av., between 40th and 41st sts., for two days.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A young girl wants a situation as cook, washer and ironer, or to do general housework in a small family. Has good City reference. Call at No. 488 6th-av., first floor.

AS CHILDREN'S MAID, &c.—WANTED, A situation by a respectable girl, as above, who has six years' reference from her last employer; can take entire charge of grown children, and is quick with the needle; no objection to a lady that boards; wages $7. Call, or address, for two days, No. 184 East 21st-st.

AS DRESSMAKER.—A SITUATION WANTED by a competent dressmaker, with a lady or family; thoroughly understands cutting and fitting children's clothing and family sewing of all kinds; no objection to fill the position of lady's maid if required; best of City references. Can be seen at No. 55 West 12th-st.

AS DRESSMAKER.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a dressmaker—has a Wheeler and Wilson Machine—to go out by the day, week or month; has good reference Can be seen for three days at No. 408 3d-av., between 30th and 31st sts., under Post-office.

AS DRESSMAKER, &c.—A LADY, A DRESSMAKER and milliner, fully competent to do all kinds of family sewing, wishes to meet with a family where she would have a pleasant home; the country preferred; salary no object. Address Mrs. HOMER GODFRYE, Post-office, No. 831 Broadway.

AS HOUSEKEEPER.—A LADY WISHES A situation as housekeeper in a family or to take charge of an invalid. References given. Apply at No. 61 West 12th-st., for three days, commencing April 15.

AS GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—WANTED, by a respectable Protestant girl, a situation to do general housework, with good reference; would go a short distance in the country. Apply for two days, at No. 276 8th-av., between 24th and 25th-st.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, A situation, by a respectable young woman, to do general housework in a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer, and of an obliging disposition, with good City reference. Can be seen for two days, at No. 140, corner Smith and Pacific sts.

AS GENERAL HOUSEMAID.—WANTED, BY a young woman, a situation to do general housework in a small private family; is an excellent washer and ironer; can do all kinds of baking; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 208 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., first floor.

AS GENERAL SERVANT.—A SITUATION wanted, in City or country, by a well disposed, willing and obliging young woman in the above capacity; is a good plain cook and baker, and first-rate laundress; will make herself generally useful. Call at No. 275 Bowery, near Houston-st.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—A NICE AND COMPETENT French girl, of fine disposition and pleasant manners, wishes an opportunity to accompany a lady to Europe as maid, or a family as nurse. Inquire of her present employers, southeast corner of Madison-av. and 37th-st.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A young French woman a situation to wait on a lady and sew; understands English; can work on Grover & Baker's machine. Inquire at her present employer's, No. 13 West 42d-st., a few doors west of 5th-av.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses; is willing to travel with a lady; can give the most satisfactory references. Address O. M., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A YOUNG WOMAN WISHES a situation as first-class laundress; understands the doing up of all kinds of fine washing and French fluting in the neatest style; has no objection to go to the country with a family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 115 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A LAUNDRESS, WHO HAS lived in the best families in the City, wishes to obtain washing, at her own residence; will do either family or gentlemen's washing, in the neatest manner. The best of reference can be given. Call at No. 234 7th-av., between 25th and 26th sts., top floor.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a Protestant girl, as laundress in a private family; has the best City reference from her last employer, with whom she has lived three years. Can be seen for two days at No. 345 West 12th-st., between Greenwich and Washington sts.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY A FIRST-class laundress, a situation in a private family; can do French fluting, and understands her business in all its branches; would do chamberwork, if required; prefers a family going to the country. Call at No. 240 7th-av., between 25th and 26th sts., third floor, back room.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a tidy, competent woman, as regular laundress and chambermaid. Does up linens in style. No objection to the country. Wages, $7. Call for two days at No. 184 East 21st-st.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED by a respectable young woman as laundress; understands fine washing and French fluting; has the best City reference. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 94 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—SITUATIONS WANTED by two young women, one as laundress and chambermaid, and the other as seamstress and to see to grown children; both can be highly recommended. Can be seen for three days at No. 96 West 20th-st.

AS LAUNDRESS—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Wanted, by two young women, situations, one as laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress, or nurse. Can be seen at No. 3 East 12th-st., where they have lived, one five, the other four years. They leave in consequence of the family moving into the country.

AS LAUNDRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a competent woman, who understands all kinds of fine washing and ironing, and has no objection to go to the country; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 35 West 13th-st., near the 5th-av.

AS NURSE.—AN EXPERIENCED, NEAT, CAPABLE nurse, with excellent City reference, wishes a situation to take charge of an infant from its birth, or of young children and to sew. Address or call at No. 153 West 16th-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED A SITUATION, AS nurse, by a Protestant woman accustomed to the care of children, and capable of taking the entire charge of a young infant. Can be seen at No. 103 West 27th-st.

AS NURSE.—A SITUATION AS NURSE IS wanted by one accustomed to taking care of children from their birth. Can be seen for two days at her present employer's, No. 130 West 14th-st.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as nurse, or would do chamberwork; or laundress; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 171 West 27th-st., corner of 8th-av.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable woman as nurse; is capable of taking the entire charge of a babe from its birth; has the very best references. Call at No. 171 East 49th-st., corner 2d-av.

AS CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A situation by an American girl, in a gentleman's family, to take care of children, or to do light chamberwork; the best of City references given; no objections to the country. Can be seen at No. 308 Broome-st.

AS WET NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a very respectable English Protestant woman as wet nurse; her baby is only three weeks old. Call for two days at Manhattan Employment Office, No. 952 Broadway, near 23d-st.

AS WET NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable married woman, with a fresh breast of milk, who has lost her own baby. Call at No. 145 1st-av., between 9th and 10th sts. Can be seen for two days.

AS NURSE OR CHAMBERMAID.—A RESPECTABLE young girl wishes a situation as nurse or chambermaid, or to travel with a lady. May be seen by applying at No. 46 West 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Best of City references.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUATION wanted, by a Protestant young woman, as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress. Can be seen at No. 42 West 30th-st., near Broadway; has the best of reference.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A situation as nurse and seamstress or chambermaid; has no objections to go a short distance in the country; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 38 West 29th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—SITUATION wanted by a neat, smart Protestant girl, as nurse and seamstress, or to do chamberwork and waiting; is a good seamstress, and embroiders well; understands her duties perfectly; will be found willing and obliging; no objections to the country; has good reference. Apply for two days at No. 85 East 16th-st., between Irving place and 3d-av., first floor, front, up stairs, next door to the fancy-store.

AS NURSE, SEAMSTRESS, OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation by a respectable young woman; is competent to take care of a baby from its birth; can do plain sewing or chamberwork; is willing and obliging; can have the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived over four years. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 137 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation, by a young woman, as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and waitress; willing to make herself generally useful. No objections to go in the country. Has the best of City reference. Call at No. No. 49 Talman-st., between Bridge and Charles sts., Brooklyn.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a Scotch Protestant young woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; is capable to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth, or grown children; is willing and obliging; has two years' reference from last place. Call at ACKERMAN & CONKLIN'S, No. 97 4th-av.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUATION wanted, by an experienced nurse and seamstress; is capable of taking the entire charge of a baby; has five years and a half City reference from one place, and a year's reference from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 145 West 31st-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation by a respectable girl as nurse and seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes and do all kinds of family sewing; has the best of City reference. Inquire at the grocery-store, No. 414 2d-av., corner of 26th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation, by a young Scotch woman, as nurse and seamstress; has good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 23 West 32d-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, from 9 to 12.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation, by a young woman, as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid; is willing to go a short distance in the country; City reference given. Address C. M., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

AS NURSE OR SEAMSTRESS.—SITUATION wanted, by an American girl, as nurse or seamstress; country preferred. Apply at No. 457 Grand-st., N. Y.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED by a competent seamstress; would take charge of children, or do light chamberwork and sewing; she will be found capable, honest and faithful to her employer's interest; refers to her last place; would go in the country or travel with a family. Address M. G. H., Madison-square Post-office, for three days.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young woman, as a most competent seamstress; can cut and fit; is a beautiful sewer; a steady engagement preferred; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine; City reference given. Call, or address No. 145 6th-av., in the millinery store, for two days.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED by a Protestant young woman as seamstress; she understands all kinds of family sewing, cutting and fitting; has no objection to assist with the children; has good reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 229 East 19th-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS.—A RESPECTABLE PERSON wishes a situation as seamstress in a private family: understands dressmaking; no objection to do light chamberwork; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 88 Congress-st., Brooklyn; New-York preferred.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A MOST RESPECTABLE young woman, a Protestant, wishes a situation as seamstress, or would wait on a lady; can cut and fit children's and ladies' dresses, and all kinds of family sewing; can also operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; is also accustomed to children; can be highly recommended from her last place, No. 127 Amity-st.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, a situation in a respectable family as seamstress and light chamberwork, or as nurse and seamstress; is smart and intelligent and seeks a comfortable home; can procure the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 197 3d-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A PROTESTANT girl wishes a situation in a private family to do plain sewing by the week or month; has no objection to chamberwork or take care of children if required; can give the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 137 East 26th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

AS SEAMSTRESS, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a Protestant Scotch woman, as seamstress, or to take the entire care of one or two children not under 3 years of age; understands dressmaking, cutting and fitting children's clothes, and all kinds of plain sewing. Apply at No. 254 West 24th-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION IN the above capacity, by a woman who thoroughly understands her business; has the best of City reference; will be found willing and obliging; no objection to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 208 East 17th-st., near 1st-av.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young woman as first-class waitress, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; has the most undoubted City reference. Call at No. 159 14th-st., west of 7th-av., for two days.

AS WAITRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a very respectable Protestant woman as first-class waitress. She may be seen, for two days, at the house of her present employer, No. 8 East 17th-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as a first-class waitress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing; no objection to the country; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—A young woman wants a situation as waitress alone, or chambermaid and waitress in a private family; perfectly understands her business; has no objection to go in the country for the Summer; can give three years' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 111 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

AS WAITRESS AND CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a situation, by a competent young woman, as waitress and chambermaid, or regular waitress; has no objection to the country for the Summer months. Can be seen for two days at her last employer's, No. 29 East 19th-st.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, by a respectable young woman, a situation in a private family, as waitress or chambermaid; best of City reference given. Address, or call at No. 121 East 25th-st., for two days.

AS WAITRESS—NURSE, &c.—SITUATIONS wanted, by two respectable young women; one as first-class waitress, the other as nurse and seamstress, also understands waiting on a lady; can furnish the best City reference from their last places. Can be seen for two days at No. 168 3d-av., near 17th-st.

SERVANTS, PROTESTANT AND CATHOLIC, in great numbers, with investigated characters and qualifications, including German, French, Scotch, Irish and English, may be found at Clinton Hall Employment Society, formerly Bible House, on Astor-place, near Broadway. German, French, and Italian languages spoken.

THE SERVANTS' INSTITUTE—NO. 149 Grand-st., continues to keep on hand first-class servants for all grades of business and work, for City or country. Wanted, this day, a number of well recommended girls to fill situations now open in first-class private families.

SERVANTS, PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS, including German, French, English, Scotch and others for various situations, City and country, with investigated characters and qualifications, may be had at the Manhattan Employment Office, No. 952 Broadway near 23d-st. A. M. SEE.

ABUNDANCE OF GOOD SERVANTS, civil, neat and capable, at the largest old-established Institute, on the corner of 6th-av. and 11th-st., for German, Irish, English, Protestant and American women, conducted by Mrs. FLOYD. Good places alway ready.

TO TRAVEL WITH A FAMILY TO CALIFORNIA or Europe, by a respectable English young woman, as nurse, or in any capacity where she can make herself useful; the best of reference given. Can be seen at No. 952 Broadway, near 23d-st.

WASHING.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, the washing of one or two families; would go out by the day or week to wash, or assist in house cleaning. Call at No. 335 6th-av., 2d floor, near 21st-st., or address a note to LAUNDRESS, as above.

WASHING.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN would like to obtain ladies' and gentlemen's or family washing, by the week or month; will give the very best of City references. Call at or address a note to grocery store No. 67 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a family's washing, or a few single gentlemen; the best of City reference given. Apply at No. 199 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, washing at her own residence; can do up linen neatly; has the best of City reference. Call at No. 171 West 27th-st., corner of 8th-av.

MALES.

AS BOOK-KEEPER.—WANTED, A SITUATION by an experienced book-keeper, with the best of City reference; would not object to going out of town. Address F. O. M., Box No. 103 *Times* Office.

AS BOOKKEEPER.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a bookkeeper, who can furnish the best of reference as to competency and reputation. Address BOOKKEEPER, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

AS BUTLER OR WAITER.—WANTED, EMPLOYMENT in the above capacity in a private family by a steady, respectable Englishman; would act as valet or traveling servant to a gentleman or family going to Europe; first-class City reference. Address UNION, at Henry A. Keer's grocery store, No. 746 Broadway, corner of 8th-st., for three days.

AS CLERK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as clerk, porter, or in any other capacity in which he can be useful, by a young man, 22 years of age; has had some experience in business, and is correct at figures; can produce good references, and is willing to work for a small compensation. Address S. A. D., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—AN ENGLISHMAN WANTS a situation as coachman; thoroughly understands his business; he can furnish first-class City reference; would work in a garden if required. Address R. S., No. 147 East 10th-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A COLORED COACHMAN wishes a situation as coachman in the City; can give the best of reference from his last place, where he has been two years. Call at No. 24 East 19th-st., for two days, up stairs.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED AS coachman, by a respectable young man, who perfectly understands his business; has drove for many years in the City and country; would be willing to assist in the gardening, and make himself useful about a gentleman's place; is also a good milker and a first-class groom; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 15 John-st., in the seed-store, or apply to J. N., at No. 219 Bowery.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED AS coachman by a young man, who well understands his business; can produce seven years' recommendations from one place; also, can refer to gentlemen of the highest respectability in this City; would make himself generally useful, or keep a small garden in order, if required. Address B. I., No 1 New-st., in the hat-store, or Box No. 203 *Times* Office, as above.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS coachman, by a respectable single man of long experience in the business; understands the grooming and treatment of horses in every respect; also carriages and harness; is a good and experienced driver; would go in the country if required. Has good reference for the City. Address N. O., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a respectable man who has been bred a servant; can wait on a dinner party if wanted; has reference as to his treatment of horses and steady driving; will be found willing and obliging; has the best of City reference. Address, for two days, D. K., Coachman, Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES to obtain a situation for a valuable and experienced coachman, who thoroughly understands his business, and is perfectly conversant with the management and treatment of horses; he has the best of references, having lived eight years in one place. Apply to F. S. & CO., No. 51 Pine-st.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATON WANTED, BY a respectable single young man, as coachman in some respectable family; he perfectly understands his business in all its branches; is willing to make himself civil and obliging to his employer. Can produce the best of reference from his last place. Address J. M. C., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a man who thoroughly understands his business; his recommendations will bear the strictest investigation as to character and capability from many of the best families in the City, with whom he lived. Address H. J., No. 270 3d-av., first floor, front room.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED, AS coachman, by a respectable man, who thoroughly understands his duties as groom and coachman; is a good and careful driver, and will be well recommended by gentlemen in this City. Call, or address J. M., at No. 27 William-st., in the office, for three days.

AS COACHMAN.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young man as coachman; he understands the care and management of horses and a plain vegetable garden; the best of reference given from his last employer. Address T. C., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, by a competent and experienced man, a situation as coachman and gardener, or would like to take charge of a small place in the country. The best of City and country references given; understands the care of greenhouse plants. Address No. 9 Nevins-st., (blacksmith's shop,) Brooklyn, or Box 211 *Times* Office, for three days.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation by a single young man, who understands the care and treatment of horses; is a good groom and a careful driver; is willing to make himself generally useful; has the best of reference from his last employer. Address P. M., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A young man wants work; is a good coachman; is willing to assist in gardening and do general work on a farm; can milk, and is willing to make himself useful; has good reference. Call at ACKERMAN & CONKLIN'S, No. 97 4th-av.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation, by a single man who understands the care and treatment of horses; is a good groom, and a careful driver; is willing and obliging; has the best of City reference. Address B. W., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation as coachman and gardener, by a single man, who is a good groom and steady driver; is also a good vegetable gardener; would make himself generally useful. Address J. S., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A young man wanting a situation as coachman and gardener, and can make himself generally useful; can come well recommended from his last employer. Address T. C., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation as coachman and plain gardener, by a young man of experience; has first-rate reference. Call, or address J. C., at the Saddlery Store, No. 326 4th-st., near Broadway, for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTED, a situation by a young man as coachman and gardener; understands the care of horses, milking cows, &c.; has the best references. Address J. S., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A PROTESTANT man wishes a situation as coachman and groom; is a careful driver; would have no objection to assist in a garden; can come well recommended from his last places, both for sobriety and capability. Address J. M., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN OR GROOM.—WANTED, A situation by a German, as coachman or groom; is a good driver, and understands the management of horses in every way; good reference can be given. Call at No. 58 4th-av., corner of 9th-st., in the grocery-store.

AS COACHMAN AND USEFUL MAN.—Wanted, a situation in the above capacity by a respectable German young man of steady habits; understands his business thoroughly as regards driving, grooming and gardening, &c.; has the best of reference. Apply No. 149 Grand-st.

AS MAN COOK.—A SWISS, A PROFESSED cook, wishes a situation as cook in a hotel, restaurant, or private family. Parties disposed to secure the services of a competent cook, will apply at the Employment Office, Clinton Hall, Astor-place, near Broadway.

AS FARMER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A married man, as farmer; the man is a first-class farmer, vegetable grower; the wife can take charge of a dairy and poultry; can give the best City reference from his last employer, with whom he has lived for six years; has a small family. Can be seen for two days, at Smith's seed store, No. 71 Liberty-st., or a note addressed to JACOB, Box No. 204 *Times* Office, will be attended to it.

AS FARMER.—A MAN WANTS A SITUATION to work on a farm; is willing and obliging; is a very good milker; wages to suit the times; he can give good reference from his last employer. Address THOMAS, Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER.—A PRACTICAL AMERICAN farmer, single, would like to make an engagement as foreman, to take full charge of some first-class place, or would like to go to California, to take charge of some good place. Address FARMER, Box 202 *Times* Office.

AS FARMER AND GARDENER.—A SITUATION wanted by a married man with one child; understands the raising of all kinds of grain and vegetables, and farm stock, and the care and driving of horses; the woman understands the dairy; has the best of reference. Address G. G. A., Box No. 194 *Times* Office, for 2 days.

AS FARMER AND USEFUL MAN.—A SITUATION wanted by a young man as above; he is strictly temperate and trustworthy; understands farm work and vegetable gardening; is a careful driver, good manager of stock, &c.; good reference of 18 months from last employer. Call at the Institute, No. 97 4th-av.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener, by one who has had considerable experience in England; understands the management of greenhouses and vegetables; no objection to go a distance in the country, if not South; the advertiser is married, with small family. Direct to E. B., or apply to J. M. Thorburn, No. 15 John-st., New-York.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION as gardener by a single man, who understands raising all kinds of vegetables and keeping a place in order; can take care of any kind of stock; is not afraid to work, and is willing to make himself useful; has good reference as to honesty and sobriety. Address J. B., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a married man, a German, with a small family, as gardener; understands his business in all its branches—the greenhouse, vinery, the cultivation of fruit, flowers, and vegetables; the best of reference given. Address K. G., Box No. 192 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a single young man as gardener; would take charge of a plain garden; has a good knowledge of flowers, and would make himself useful; can show reference. Address J. R., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER.—A YOUNG MAN WISHES A situation as vegetable Gardener; understands the care of horses, and is willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place. Address T. B., Box No. 193 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER, &c.—COOK, &c.—WANTED, situations by man and wife; no incumbrance; the man is a practical gardener or farmer; his wife is a good cook and dairywoman; have been many years in this country; can give the best of reference; will be found perfectly trustworthy in taking care of any gentleman's place during his absence. Apply or address O. B., Box No. 197 *Times* Office, for three days.

AS GARDENER, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a young man as plain gardener, coachman or farmer; understands the care and treatment of horses and cattle; is willing and able to make himself generally useful; is a good milker, &c. Address C. H., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER, &c.—A STOUT YOUNG MAN wishes a situation on a gentleman's place to take charge of a plain vegetable garden; can care and milk cows, and is willing to make himself generally useful; can produce the best of reference for sobriety and industry. Address H. C., Box [illegible] *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—WANTED, a situation, by a young man of good experience in gardening; understands raising all kinds of vegetables, and the laying out of walks and new grounds; is also a good coachman and careful driver; has the best of reference; can milk. Any person wanting such a man may address GARDENER, Box No. 220 *Times* Office, for this week.

AS GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—WANTED a situation, by a married man without children; he understands raising all kinds of vegetables; also, taking care of horses; is a good, careful driver; can milk; his wife can cook and take charge of milk and butter; has the best of reference from his last place. Any person wanting such a man and wife, may address C. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

BY A MAN AND WIFE.—WANTED, BY A Frenchman and wife, to take charge of a gentleman's dwelling for the Summer, or during his stay in the country. Can be seen for a week at No. 110 East 25th-st.; good reference given.

BY A MAN AND WIFE—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE man and his wife, without family, the care of a gentleman's house for the Summer months; best of City reference. Inquire at No. 121 East 29th-st., second floor, back rooms.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—WANTED, by a respectable man—a Protestant—a situation as groom and coachman; he thoroughly understands his business; has no objection to assist in a garden; can produce the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Address J. P., Box No. 195 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—A YOUNG man is desirous of procuring a good situation as groom and coachman; he can be recommended as sober and steady, and can be trusted implicitly; any gentleman or lady in want of a trustworthy man, may call, or address THOMAS, 96 East 13th-st., between [illegible] avs.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young man, aged 21 years, as waiter, in a private family; has first-class reference from his last place; no objection to the country; will be found willing and obliging; can be seen for two days by calling on or addressing W. C., at Weller's Confectionery, No. 1,231 Broadway, corner 25th-st.

AS WAITER.—A RESPECTABLE FRENCHMAN, who speaks English and understands his business perfectly, wishes to find a situation as waiter in a private family; has no objection to the country; best of City references. Inquire at Mr. Maximilian's upholstery-store, No. 73 3d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE man, a situation as waiter; would go to the country; has the best City references. Address M. X., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

AS WAITER.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY a respectable young man as waiter in a private family; can give the best of recommendations. Can be seen for two days at No. 250 West 44th-st., New-York, up stairs.

CALIFORNIA.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY an American man, single, to go to California with some respectable party, to take charge of some first-class fruit ranch, or some business in San Francisco. Address G. M. J., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

TO FARMERS.—A MIDDLE-AGED MAN WANTS a situation on a farm, where his services would afford him a home, with sufficient wages to procure necessary clothing, &c. Address J. B. B., Buttermilk Falls, Orange Co., N. Y.

WANTED—BY AN ACTIVE AND INTELLIGENT young man of 17, a situation as light porter in a store, or would learn a trade—that of shipbuilding or carpentering. Address J. D., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LAD OF 16 YEARS OF AGE, A situation in a wholesale store. Can refer to his present employer. Address W. C., Box No. 2,953 Post-office, New-York.

A YOUNG MAN, FORMERLY A TEACHER of penmanship, who is pursuing a course of professional study, wishes to obtain employment in writing. Address M. L. JENISON, No. 190 East 27th-st.

HELP WANTED.

A COOK.—WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS COOK, willing to help wash; obliging and neat; none need apply but such as can bring good recommendations. Call at No. 231 West 23d-st., for two days, between the hours of 9 and 11.

A COOK.—WANTED, A PROTESTANT WOMAN, who is a good cook, by a family in Brooklyn. Address H., Box No. 2,030 N. Y. Post-office.

A COOK.—WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED COOK; none need apply who have not the best references from their last places. Call at No. 326 5th-av., near [illegible]-st.

A GARDENER—COOK, &c.—WANTED, A man and wife without children; the man must be a thorough practical gardener, understand the care of a horse and cow, and a careful driver; the woman must be a good plain cook, first-class laundress, and willing to assist in general housework. A willing, industrious couple who can come well recommended for honesty, sobriety and ability, and who prefer a good permanent home in a small family, pleasantly situated near the City, at high wages, may address TERRELL, Box No. 3,307 Post-office, stating age, wages expected, &c. No Irish or Catholic need apply.

A NURSE.—WANTED, A YOUNG PROTESTANT girl as assistant nurse; must be accustomed to care of children, and have good City reference. Apply at No. 85 Lexington-av.

A WAITRESS.—WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED waitress. City reference from her last situation indispensable. Apply, before 12 o'clock, at No. [illegible] 5th-av.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AT THE PROTESTANT Employment Agency, No. 126 4th-av., between 12th and 13th sts., cooks, laundresses, waitresses, nurses and a first-class seamstress and dressmaker, that can cut and fit ladies' dresses. Also, girls for housework, for City and country. None but Protestants, with good City reference, need apply. No charge until engaged.
JOHN GINTY.

INTELLIGENT MEN OF GOOD ADDRESS can find lucrative and respectable employment in the sale of Van Anden's Portable Copying Presses.
HANNAH & CO., Sole Proprietors, No. 29 Cliff-st.

WANTED—IN A DRY GOODS JOBBING HOUSE, a young man who can write well and quick at figures. Direct to Box No. 2,050 Post-office, in the handwriting of the applicant.

WANTED—A PICTURE FRAME MOUNTER. Apply at No. 221 West 26th-st.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, at wholesale and retail; the largest stock in the City; suites $[illegible] and upwards; also, solid walnut suites, mattresses, palliasses, &c. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., four doors east of Broadway.

FURNITURE.—SECOND HAND—I WANT TO hire enough very plain, second hand furniture, including beds and bedding, to furnish a three-story house; no kitchen furniture or utensils are required. Address, giving full particulars, FURNISHED APARTMENTS, Box No. 174 *Times* Office.

FIRST-CLASS ENAMELED FURNITURE—Plain, decorated and grained solid walnut and oak sets. Suites at $20 and upward. Mattresses, spring beds, &c. J. W. FISHER & CO., Manufacturers, No. 650 Broadway, between Bleecker and Bond sts.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE IN all colors, of warranted manufacture; also, solid walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS and Libraries, bought for ready money, at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SOMETHING NEW.
SPRING STYLE
"COAL-BOX ROAD-WAGON,"
WITH CORRUGATED AXLES.
PARKER,
BREWSTER & BALDWIN
Have the exclusive right of the corrugated
AXLE BOX

For the United States, and are using it upon all their carriages. It lubricates most perfectly and reduces friction causing a carriage to run much lighter.

Parties about to place orders for either Road Wagon or Park Carriages, are invited to examine our new styles.
FACTORY, No. 65 East 25th-st., or
REPOSITORY, No. 786 Broadway, corner of 10th-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MANUFACTORY FOR SALE.—A LARGE manufacturing establishment, which cost over $300,000, for sale at less than one-third of its cost.

The main building of brick, covered with slate, four stories high, and 180 feet by 48 and 82 feet by 40, with numerous out-buildings.

A large brick mansion and some twenty buildings, with ample accommodations for fifty families.

A never-failing and ample water power, with turbine wheels and an auxiliary steam engine and apparatus; a large quantity of cotton machinery, all easily adapted to any large manufacturing establishment.

Easy access by water and railroad and situated on the line of railroad from New-York to Philadelphia.

For futher terms and particulars apply to
JNO. EGERTON, No. 16 Exchange-place, New-York.

A PHYSICIAN HAVING A PRETTY GOOD practice, designing to go to Europe in a few days, wishes to get another physician to take his place. Apply at No. 288 Spring-st.

METALS.

IRON WAREHOUSE, NO. 14 BROAD-ST.
SAMPSONS & BALDWIN have removed from No. 1[illegible] Greenwich-st. to No. 14 Broad-st., a few doors from Wall-st., where they have in store, and offer for sale, a full assortment of.
Swedes and Hammered Iron.
Refined and English Iron.
Band, Scroll and Hoop Iron.
Oval, Half Oval, and Half Round Iron.
Angle and T Iron; Wrought Iron Beams.
Horse-shoe and Horse-nail Rod Iron.
Plow, Spring Tire, Cast and German Steel.

THOS. J. POPE, NO. 92 JOHN-ST., N. Y.—Anthracite and charcoal pig and bar iron, direct from furnaces and mills; ingot and old copper, antimony, spelter, tin, lead, &c.; railroad irons, old and new; cut nails.

SHEET IRON.—RUSSIAN, BELGIAN, AND patent polished imitation Russia sheet iron, assorted numbers. Also tin roofing plate, charcoal and coke.
A. A. THOMSON & CO., No. 215 Water-st.

SEWING MACHINES.

WILLIAMS & ORVIS'S
CELEBRATED DOUBLE-THREAD
FAMILY SEWING-MACHINES,
From $25 to $50. These Machines, celebrated throughout New-England and the West, are not surpassed by the others in the market, while they are FIFTEEN DOLLARS CHEAPER than the cheapest of any other responsible makers. Better machines for family use have never been made. They are simple, reliable and warranted.
SALESROOM, NO. 609 BROADWAY, UP-STAIRS.

$300, PART CASH AND BALANCE ON time—splendid light manufacturing business in working order; a fine chance, as profits are large; monopoly secured. Apply at No. 163 Canal-st., for two days, from 9 to 12, and 2 to 6.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINES—To rent or for sale, on monthly payments. Apply to
P. H. DIAMOND, No. 538 Broadway, New-York.

MARBLE WORKS.

MARBLE MANTELS, AT KLABER'S MARBLE YARDS—No. 54 1st-av., near 3d-st., and No. 113 East 18th-st., near 3d-av.—Sold at astonishingly low prices, to suit the times. Mantels put up in any part of the country.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE
UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
No. 40 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 11, 1862.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Thirty Per Cent. on the premiums, and an addition of NINETEEN AND ONE-TENTH Per Cent. to the sum of all previous dividends and additions, being the fourth triennial division of profits on policies in force to the 4th of March, 1862.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH B. COLLINS,	SHEPARD KNAPP,
LUTHER BRADISH,	EDWARD S. CLARK,
JAMES SUYDAM,	ISAAC N. PHELPS,
JAMES MARSH,	CHARLES E. BILL,
JOHN J. CISCO,	JOHN J. PHELPS,
THOMAS C. DOREMUS,	CLINTON GILBERT,
ISAAC A. STORM,	JACOB HARSEN,
JOHN A. LUQUEER,	WILLIAM B. BOLLES,
JOSIAH RICH,	HANSON K. CORNING,
CHAS. M. CONNOLLY,	JOHN C. BALDWIN,
B. F. WHEELWRIGHT,	EDWARD MINTURN,
WILSON G. HUNT,	AUGUSTUS H. WARD,
DAVID ARNOLD,	JAMES GALLATIN,
W. R. VERMILYE,	JERE. P. ROBINSON,
WILLIAM TUCKER,	CHARLES P. LEVERICH,

JOSEPH B. COLLINS, President.
J. W. G. CLEMENTS, M. D., Medical Examiner.
G. P. CAMMANN, M. D., Consulting Physician.
N. G. DE GROOT, Actuary. JOHN EADIE, Secretary.
J. B. GATES, General Agent.
JAMES STEWART, } City Agents.
HENRY PERRY, }

MILWAUKEE CITY READJUSTMENT BONDS.

CITY COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,
MILWAUKEE, March 26, 1862.

The Commissioners of the Public Debt of the City of Milwaukee are now ready to receive bids or proposals from holders of Readjustment Bonds, for the purchase of such Bonds to the extent of the Sinking Fund on hand, (which is twelve thousand dollars,) in pursuance of section 10 of an Act to enable the City of Milwaukee to readjust its Corporate Debt. Such bids must specify the numbers of the Bonds proposed to be retired, and be accompanied by the certificate of the proper officer of any Bank, or of William Schall & Co., of New-York City, that the Bonds are deposited with such Bank or said Schall & Co., to be delivered for cancellation upon acceptance of the bid and payment.

Bids or proposals may be delivered to the City Comptroller at any time before the first day of June, A. D. 1862, upon which day, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of the City Comptroller, the bids or proposals will be opened, and the lowest bidder be entitled to the preference.

Those who have received payment of the next June Coupons must so state in their propositions.

By order of the Commissioners of the Public Debt of the City of Milwaukee.

FERD. KUEHN, Comptroller.

U. S.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

Quartermasters', Navy Agents', and other checks on the U. S. Treasurer at Washington, payable in these certificates, collected with great promptness.

Having our own Agent in Washington, who devotes his time to this branch of our business, we are enabled to make returns in much less than the usual time.

We also have special facilities for collecting past due Treasury Notes, and all other undisputed claims against the United States Government.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS, NO. 38 WALL-ST.

UNITED STATES BONDS.
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES,
ONE-YEAR SIX PER CENT. CERTIFICATES,
AND
AMERICAN GOLD
Purchased, and always on hand for sale, by
LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers and Dealers in Securities,
Nos. 41 and 43 Wall-st., New-York.

Quartermaster's Vouchers and Drafts collected cheaply and expeditiously, advanced upon or bought at the highest market price.

T. D. HENNESSY,
BANKER AND BROKER,
No. 8 WALL-ST.

UNCURRENT MONEY, GOLD AND SILVER,
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
COLLECTIONS MADE PROMPTLY.

OFFICE OF THE
EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
No. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1862.
A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN (10) PER CENT.
Has this day been declared,
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

VERMILYE & CO.,
No. 44 WALL-ST.
U. S. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS,
AND
QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS ON WASHINGTON,
Collected on favorable terms, or bought at highest market rate.

Six per cent. two-year Treasury and Demand Notes for duties for sale.

THOMAS DENNY & CO.,
No. 8 JAUNCEY-COURT—No. 39 WALL-ST.,

Buy and sell on commission Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities at the BOARD OF BROKERS, for cash or on time. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention. Our Annual Financial Circular furnished gratuitously on application.

TREASURY NOTES AND
AMERICAN GOLD AND SILVER
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
TAYLOR BROTHERS,
No. 247 Broadway, corner Murray-st.
No. 76 Wall, corner Pearl-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.—NOTICE IS hereby given to the holders of the outstanding unsecured Bonds and Certificates of Stock of the New-York and Erie Railroad Company, not exchanged under the contract of reorganization, that the time for surrender of said Bonds and Stock has been extended by act of the Legislature to 1st July next.

Any holder of such Bonds or Certificates of Stock can exchange them for Preferred and Common Stock in the new Company, upon payment of an assessment of two and one-half dollars per share of the Stock to be issued, and interest on the same from Sept. 1, 1861, payable on delivery of the new Certificates. The time fixed by law for such exchange will expire on the first day of July next, and no exchange of stock or bonds of the old Company can be made into new Stock in the new Company after that day.

HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.
TRANSFER OFFICE, No. 11 PINE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 31, 1862.

$4,000 TO LOAN ON SECURITY OF REAL estate in this City.—Rents and bills collected, and security given; houses sold and rented; country and City board agency; furniture bought and sold; furnished and unfurnished houses wanted in good localities for first-class tenants now waiting. Apply to J. SIMS, No. 820 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK, April 4, 1862.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Four per cent. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after Tuesday the 8th inst. The transfer book will be closed from the 5th to the 8th inst. inclusive.
W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

U. S. 6 PER CENT. DEBT CERTIFICATES.
Illinois State Auditor's Warrants.
Bought and sold by
A. W. GREENLEAF & CO.,
No. 44 Exchange-place.

TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—$2,000, $1,800, $3,000 and two sums of $4,000 each; $5,000, $1,000 to loan in Westchester County. Inquire of N. W. STUYVESANT, Jr., and C. S. SCHENCK, No. 132 Broadway, between the hours of 11 and 3 P. M.

FOR SALE, AT AUCTION—AT MERCHANTS' Exchange, WEDNESDAY, 16th inst., at 12 o'clock, 22 shares Jefferson Insurance Company, $30; 10 shares Eagle Insurance Company, $40.

$3,000. 5,000, $7,000—TO LOAN ON BOND and mortgage on New-York City improved property, for a term of years, at 7 per cent. Apply to GEO. HUSSEY, No. 50 William-st., basement.

$300,000 INDIANA 6 PER CENT. WAR Bonds, $100,000 Galena and Chicago first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds, for sale by L. W. JEROME & CO., No. 46 Exchange-place.

ATLANTIC INSURANCE SCRIP OF 1862, also Union and Pacific Scrip of 1862, wanted by WM. C. GILMAN & SON, dealers in Insurance Scrip, No. 18 Merchants' Exchange.

THE ADVERTISER HAS TO LOAN $8,000 on two first-class City mortgages of $4,000 each. Address J. S., Box No. 173 *Times* Office.

INSURANCE.

MAY-DAY HINTS.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR INSURANCE!
POOR INSURANCE IS DEAR AT ANY PRICE.

THE
CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 102 BROADWAY,
between Wall and Pine sts.,

Insures Dwellings, Furniture and other Insurable Property, at fair rates, and divides to its customers THREE-FOURTHS OF ITS PROFITS.

Cash Capital	$500,000 00
Surplus	571,518 26
Assets	1,071,518 28

GEORGE T. HOPE, Pres.
H. H. LAMPORT, Sec.
CYRUS PECK, Assistant Sec.

MACHINERY, &C.

THE GREAT AMERICAN PUMP.
THE BEST CISTERN, WELL AND FIRE PUMP. Raises from all depths; forces to all distances; works easy; works well; don't rust; don't freeze; has 3 years' success, and no equal. Prices reduced. Drawings and prices free. Address JAMES M. EDNEY, No. 476½ Broadway.

CAPT. ERICSSON, THE "MONITOR," has pronounced WEST'S IMPROVED PUMP the best in use. Let the *Monitor* suffice.
J. D. WEST & CO., No. 179 Broadway, N. Y.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 429 CANAL, CORNER OF VARICK-ST.
Open daily, from 10 A. M. to 2, and from 5 to 7 P. M.
6 per cent. interest allowed on all sums of $500 and under, and 5 per cent. on larger amounts.
Deposits made on or before April 20 will bear interest from the 1st inst.
THIS BANK HAS $746,559 38 RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT IN THE PAST 34 MONTHS.
E. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 3d-av. and 25th-st.
CHARTERED 1854.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums from $1 to $1,000.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20 DRAW INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; also, on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
AUGS. F. LEE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, (OPEN DAILY.)

From 25c. to $5,000 received on deposit. 6 per cent. interest allowed on sums of $500 and under. Money deposited on or before April 20, will receive interest as from April 1. *The Atlantic Savings Bank will remove to the premises lately occupied by the Tradesmen's Bank, No. 177 Chatham-square, on or about the 20th of April.*

M. D. VAN PELT, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 1 3d-av., corner 7th-st.
Open from 9 to 2 o'clock daily,
and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock.
THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
NEW-YORK, April 14, 1862.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office, No. 6 State-street, until 2 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, the 18th day of April, inst., for supplying the following articles of lumber, viz.:

270 pieces 6x6, 21 feet long, spruce and pine.
12 pieces 6x6, 27 feet long, spruce and pine.
180 pieces 4x6, 21 feet long, spruce and pine.
1,043 pieces 3x6, 23 feet long, spruce and pine.
12 pieces 4x6, 27 feet long, spruce and pine.
432 pieces 4x6, 12 feet long, hemlock.
222 pieces 3x6, 27 feet long, spruce and pine.
42 pieces 6x6, 22 feet long, spruce and pine.
12 pieces 6x6, 22 feet long, spruce and pine.
36 pieces 4x6, 22 feet long, spruce and pine.
600 pieces 3x6, 23 feet long, spruce and pine.
54 pieces 4x6, 22 feet long, spruce and pine.
12 pieces 4x6, 23 feet long, spruce and pine.
36 pieces 4x6, 22 feet long, spruce and pine.
102 pieces 4x6, 18 feet long, spruce and pine.
360 pieces 3x4, 24 feet long, spruce and pine.
48 pieces 3x6, 27 feet long, spruce and pine.
120 pieces 4x6, 20 feet long, spruce and pine.
120 pieces 4x6, 12 feet long, hemlock.
720 pieces 3x4, 12 feet long, hemlock.
174,000 feet good merchantable pine boards 12 feet long.
136,584 feet good merchantable pine boards 16 feet long.

The above to be good seasoned lumber, subject to inspection, and to be delivered alongside of such vessels as may be provided to receive it, which vessels will be placed as near as practicable to the place from which the lumber is to be delivered. Persons offering to supply, will please indorse their offers "Proposals for Lumber."

D. D. TOMPKINS, Asst. Quartermaster-Gen.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which the bid may be offered, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., of Monday, April 21, 1862, when they will be opened and the contracts awarded for the construction of sewers in the following streets, to wit: in 56th-st., from sewer at 3d-av., to and through Lexington-av. and 59th-st. to sewer in 8th-av.; also in Pearl-st., from No. 438 to New-Bowery; also in 58th-st., from 3d-av. to 75 feet west of 2d-av., and also in Sullivan-st., from Spring-st. to 50 feet south of Prince-st.

Blank forms for the bids, and all other necessary information, can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS, } Croton Aqueduct
THOS B. TAPPEN, } Board.
A. W. CRAVEN. }

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, April 9, 1862.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the following matters have been presented to the Board of Aldermen, and referred to the Committee on Sewers, to wit:

Petitions for a sewer in 53d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., and also in 6th-av., between 43d and 44th sts.; also, resolutions for a sewer in 52d-st., between Broadway and 8th-av., and also in Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., and for the construction of receiving basins and culverts at the following places, to wit: in 44th-st., on the north side, 75 feet west of 11th-av.; also, at the southerly corner of 7th-st. and Avenue A; also at the northwesterly corner of 57th-st. and 2d-av., and also on the westerly side of Downing-st., about 70 feet from the northwesterly corner of Downing and Bedford sts.

Also, that the following matters have been presented to the Board of Councilmen, and referred to the Committee on Sewers, to wit:

Petition for a sewer in 49th-st., from sewer in 9th av. to a point 325 feet west of 9th-av.; and resolutions for sewers in Cherry-st., between James and Roosevelt sts.; in Leroy-st., between Bleecker and Bedford sts., and in Corlears-st., from Grand to South-st.

All persons interested in the above, or either of them, and having objections thereto, are requested to present the same in writing to the Contract Clerk, at this office, on or before Saturday, April 19, 1860.

THOMAS STEVENS, } Croton
THOMAS B. TAPPEN, } Aqueduct
A. W. CRAVEN, } Board.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, April 8, 1862.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen will meet every SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.

ALEX. FREAR,
IRA A. ALLEN,
WILLIAM WALSH,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON SEWERS OF THE Board of Aldermen will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 8, City Hall. Parties interested in any matter before the Committee will have an opportunity of being heard.

T. FARLEY,
IRA A. ALLEN,
G. A. JEREMIAH,
Committee on Sewers.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—THE NEW WORLD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiffs, against ROSALIE ZELLER, and as Executrix of Felix Zeller, deceased, and others, defendants.—In pursuance of the judgment of the above-entitled Court, made in the above-entitled action on the 28th day of March, 1862, I, the Referee, appointed in and by said judgment, for the purpose of carrying into effect such judgment, will sell at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 12th day of May, 1862, at 12 o'clock noon, through E. H. Ludlow, real estate Auctioneer: All those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward of the City of New-York, on the easterly side of Avenue A—commencing at a point on the easterly side of Avenue A, distant twenty-six feet southerly from the southerly line of Sixteenth-street; thence running southerly along the easterly line of Avenue A fifty-one feet six inches; thence running easterly parallel with Sixteenth-street ninety-five feet six inches; thence running northerly parallel with Avenue A fifty-one feet six inches; thence running westerly parallel with Sixteenth-street ninety-five feet six inches, to the place of beginning, together with the buildings, &c., thereon erected.—Dated April 16, 1862.

JOHN B. HASKIN, Referee.
S. W. & R. A. GAINES, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
ap16-2aw3w

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE W. VANSTAVOREN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her residence, No. 58 West 35th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the Fifteenth day of June next. Dated, NEW-YORK, the 7th day of December, 1861.
Dec.18-1aw6mW* EMMA VANSTAVOREN, Executrix.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm and style of BULKLEY, FISKE & CO., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The affairs of said firm will be settled by WILLIAM BULKLEY, who is alone authorized to sign in liquidation, at the store lately occupied by them, at No. 51 Vesey-st.

WILLIAM BULKLEY,
FREDERIC B. FISKE,
C. VIBBARD.

Dated NEW-YORK, April 12, 1862.

The undersigned will continue the business at No. 51 Vesey-st., New-York, under the name and style of WM. BULKLEY & CO.

WILLIAM BULKLEY,
C. VIBBARD.

Dated NEW-YORK, April 12 1862.

MR. SAMUEL B. DYER,

by mutual consent, withdrew from our firm, on the 1st of January last.

The Banking business will be continued as heretofore, at No. 8 Wall-st., New-York, and No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris, by JOHN MUNROE, GEO. T. RICHARDS and N. CHANDLER.

Sterling Bills and Bills on Paris for sale, in sums to suit. Circular Letters of Credit for travelers in Europe as usual.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.
NEW-YORK, March 24, 1862.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

STEWART L. WOODFORD

Will deliver an address before the Young Men's Republican Central Committee, on
THE QUESTIONS OF THE WAR,
at their Headquarters, in the large Hall, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on THURSDAY EVENING, April 17th, instant, commencing at 8 o'clock. The public are invited. Seats reserved for ladies.

WILLIAM S. OPDYKE, Chairman.
GEORGE W. JAQUES, } Secretaries.
JOSHUA G. ABBE, }

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR FIFTEEN Trustees of the New-York Society Library will be held at the Library Building, in University-place, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of April, 1862, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock P. M., and the annual meeting of the shareholders will be held on the same day, and at the same place, at 7 o'clock P. M.

W. J. HOPPIN, Secretary.

CASH PAID FOR OLD NEWSPAPERS, pamphlets and blank books of every description.
STOCKWELL & EMERSON,
No. 25 Ann-st.,
Basement.

MEDICAL.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED! HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (50th edition, 400 pages, 100 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Incapacity, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen nights, with the urine, or at stool; Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Genito-Urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female—all their diseases and weaknesses; latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copabia, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this original work, for $1, of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st.; ROSS & TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; DEXTER & CO., No. 113 Nassau-st.; or the Doctor, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courier des Etats Unis, German Die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, National Democrat Atlas Medical Review, &c.*

CONSTITUTION WATER.
THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR DIABETES IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER.
Inflammation of the Kidneys, and Catarrh of the Bladder, Strangury and Burning, or Painful Urinating, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges after Urinating. For sale by all Druggists. Price $1. WM. H. GREGG & CO., Proprietors. Morgan & Allen, General Agents, No. 46 Cliff-st., New-York.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.
DR. DUPONCOS GOLDEN PILLS
FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing obstructions from whatever cause, (whether married or single,) and always successful as a preventive. Beware of counterfeits. None are genuine unless each Box is signed S. D. HOWE. Price $1 per box. Sold, wholesale and retail, by HALL & RUCKEL, No. 218 Greenwich-st.; CONRAD FOX, No. 81 Barclay-st.; HOYT & BLANCHARD, No. 215 Fulton-st.; J. H. HAZARD, No. 121 Maiden-lane, and at retail by all Druggists. Will be sent confidentially by mail to any part of the City or country, by inclosing $1, S. D. HOWE, New-York. As you value your lives and health, see that the box is signed S. D. HOWE.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE.
DR. LAURIE'S LIFE PILLS,

Prepared from a plant that grows in the tea districts of China—a SPEEDY, PERMANENT and INFALLIBLE REMEDY for

NERVOUS DEBILITY,	TIC DOLOREAUX,
NEURALGIA,	ST. VITUS DANCE,
INDIGESTION,	LANGUOR,
IMPOTENCY,	LASSITUDE,
DISTRESSED SPIRITS,	HEADACHE,

And all diseases from impure blood and nervous derangement. $1 per box of 40 pills, or large ones of 100 for $2. Sent post-free anywhere, with full instructions, on receipt of remittance, and sold by GEO. BULPIN, General Agent for the United States, 429 Broadway, N. Y.

SURE CURE.—DR. POWERS. SUCCESSFULLY consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st. He gives advice free, and guarantees an immediate cure or no pay. Glorious triumph of medicine. Dr. POWERS' sure specific remedies for syphilitic, mercurial and all other delicate diseases; for certainty unapproached, and for the entire eradication of disease, nothing besides can positively be relied upon; try them and be convinced. Dr. POWERS' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions. Office No. 12 Laight-st. Dr. POWERS' French Preventive, the greatest invention of the age. Those who have used them are never without them. Price, $4 per dozen; mailed free on receipt of the price. Address Dr. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st.

DR. COBBETT, MEMBER OF THE N. Y. University, (Medical College,) and Royal College of Surgeons, London, has removed from No. 19 Duane-st., to his present very convenient suite of offices at No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., with a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place, where he can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on all diseases affecting the urinary organs; thirty years in his present specialty, (three of which have been at the Hospitals of this City,) enable him to guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, impotency, seminal weaknesses, &c., treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—As a proof of Dr. C.'s qualifications, he would call special attention to his Diplomas, which can be seen in his office.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST. MAY BE confidently consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of Syphilitic, Mercurial, and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured. N. B.—Dr. C. is a qualified physician and surgeon, and a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New-York. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs in a state of health and disease; with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie and postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

IMPORTANT TO EVERY LADY.—THE SUBscriber, after years of suffering and care, has discovered, through her own experience, and by the advice of a skillful physician, a means by which much suffering, trouble and expense can be avoided, both by the married and single of her sex. No married lady should be without this simple remedy, which can be had by inclosing $1, addressed to BENEFACTRESS, Station D, New-York City, on receipt of which full information will be sent by return mail.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE of an invalid, published for the benefit and as a warning to young men who suffer from nervous debility, premature decay, &c., supplying the means of self-cure. By one who cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. Single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings County, N. Y., by inclosing a post-paid addressed envelope.

THE GLORIOUS CURE FOR SECRET DISEASES—Cures instanter the very worst cases—Dr. WARD'S popular "Unfortunate's Friend"—price $1, with book. You may rely on this as the most perfect and the only effectual remedy. While innocent of all poison, it alone cures, and is warranted never-failing. Save time, money and health. Call immediately. The only office, No. 12 Laight-st.

YOUNG MAN!—YOUNG MAN!—YOUNG MAN!—Have you contracted that soul and body-destroying disease resulting from secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence of Life briefly cures the very worst cases, while innocent of anything deleterious, and is warranted a never-failing cure., $1 per bottle. Office No. 12 Laight-st.

THE GREAT CURE FOR SECRET DISEASES.—Cures in a few hours the very worst case. Dr. HUNTER'S Red Drops; price $1. The greatest remedy ever as yet known, and contains no poisonous drugs. You can rely on this as a safe and sure cure. That is just what you want, and this remedy alone will do it. No. 3 Division-st., New-York.

DR. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days; this marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions; office No. 12 Laight-st.; Dr. Power's French preventive; an important invention for married or single; price reduced to $4 per dozen; mailed free on receipt of the money. Address DR. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. The French Preventive $4 per dozen. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. You who have contracted that soul and body destroying vice, Secret Habits, Dr. HUNTER'S Red Drop cures the worst cases. Price $1, with a book.

EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., EDITOR OF the Scalpel, and Operating and Consulting Surgeon, No. 42 5th-av. Office consultations on the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera. Rupture, piles, varicocele, and fistula, radically cured without the knife or ligature. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings. Consultation fee $5.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR WARD'S Great Benefactor. The great periodical remedy, infallible for the immediate removal of monthly obstructions. Office No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, where Dr. WARD can be consulted confidentially, day or evening.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, but possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient, who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 15 three cent stamps, 300 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver jewelry, gold dust, and foreign coins, at 36½ Chatham-st. P. S.—Diamonds, pearls, medals, and other precious stones, bought. A. BARNARD, Gold and Silver Refiner

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$130
Second Cabin Passage	75

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$110
Second Cabin Passage	60

The ships from New-York call at Cork harbor.
The ships from Boston call at Halifax and Cork harbor.

PERSIA, Capt. Judkins.	AFRICA, Capt. Shannon.
ARABIA, Capt. J. Stone.	CANADA, Capt. J. Leitch.
ASIA, Capt. E. G. Lott.	AMERICA, Capt. Muir.
AUSTRALASIAN, Capt.	NIAGARA, Capt. Moodie.
Cook.	EUROPA, Capt. Anderson.

SCOTIA, CHINA.

These vessels carry a clear white light at masthead; green on starboard bow; red on port bow.

CHINA, Anderson, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 9.
NIAGARA, Cook, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 16.
ASIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 23.
CANADA, McCauley, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 30.
PERSIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 7.
EUROPA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 14.
CHINA, Anderson, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 21.
NIAGARA, Cook, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 28.
SCOTIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 4.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor, and the value therefor therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

NOTICE TO CALIFORNIA SHIPPERS.

The undersigned are again prepared to take fast freight at usual rates.

Freight must be delivered day before sailing of steamer, before 3 P. M.

Parcels received up to 10 o'clock A. M. day of sailing.

Letters covered by *Government stamps* taken as usual.

Steamers sail 1st, 11th and 21st of each month. Those days falling on Sunday on the Monday following.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

TAPSCOTT'S LINE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON PACKETS.

REMITTANCES TO ENGLAND, IRELAND, &c.
PASSAGE TO OR FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR IRELAND, at the lowest rates, and DRAFTS, payable on demand anywhere throughout the UNITED KINGDOM, can be obtained as heretofore, at
TAPSCOTT & CO.'S, No. 86 South-st.

SPECIAL NOTICE—ALTERATION OF SAILINGS.
The ETNA will sail on next SATURDAY in place of the Kangaroo, and the CITY OF NEW-YORK the 19th, in place of the Etna.

LONDON EXHIBITION.
Return tickets to London and back:

First-class	$160
Third-class	66

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, TOUCHING AT QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.—The Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company intend dispatching their full-powered Clyde-built Iron Steamships as follows:

CITY OF NEW-YORK..........SATURDAY, April 19.
KANGAROO..........SATURDAY, April 26,
CITY OF BALTIMORE..........SATURDAY, May 3.

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
First cabin to London	$80	Steerage to London	$33
First cabin to Paris	$85	Steerage to Paris	$38
First cabin to Hamburg	$85	Steerage to Hamburg	$35

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Rates from Liverpool or Queenstown; 1st cabin, $75, $85, and $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40. From Queenstown, $30. Tickets can be bought here at these rates, enabling people to send for their friends.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers; are strongly built in water-tight iron sections, and carry Patent Fire Annihilators. Experienced surgeons are attached to each steamer.

For further information, apply in Liverpool to WILLIAM INMAN, Agent, No. 22 Water-st.; in Glasgow, to ALEX. MALCOMB, No. 5 St. Enoch-square; in Queenstown, to C. & W. D. SEYMOUR & CO.; in London, to EIVES & MACEY, No. 61 King William-st.; in Paris, to JULES DECOUE, No. 5 Place de la Bourse; in Philadelphia, to JOHN G. DALE, No. 111 Walnut-st., or at the Company's Offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS' STEAMship BREMEN, H. WESSELS, Commander, carrying the United States Mail, will sail from Pier No. 30 North River, foot of Chambers-st., on
SATURDAY, May 10, at 12 o'clock M.,
FOR
BREMEN VIA SOUTHAMPTON.
taking passengers to
LONDON, HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN,
at the following rates:

For the first cabin, $100; second cabin, $60; steerage, $35.

For freight or passage, apply to
OELRICHS & CO., No. 68 Broad-st.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, BELFAST, LONDONDERRY AND DUBLIN FOR $30.—The A. 1 powerful, Clyde-built new steamship ST. GEORGE, Capt. WYLIE, will sail from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., on SATURDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock, noon.

This steamship is fitted in the most approved style to insure the comfort and safety of passengers. Rates of passage: Cabin, $60; Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $30; including an abundant supply of cooked provisions. Apply to FRANCIS McDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.—THE British and North American Royal Mail Steamship KARNAK, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf at Jersey City, on

SATURDAY, 29th March.	SATURDAY, 24th May.
SATURDAY, 26th April.	SATURDAY, 21st June.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	60

An experienced surgeon on board.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No 4 Bowling Green.

THE STEAMSHIP ROANOKE—WILL leave Pier No. 13, North River, on SATURDAY, April 19, at 12 o'clock, for Havana direct. For freight or passage, apply to LUDLAM, HEINEKEN & CO.,
No. 115 Broadway.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R
FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.
Winter Arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 4, 1861.
For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th-st. dépôt.
For all local trains, see time-table.
JOHN BURCHILL, Ass't. Sup't.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry. On and after MONDAY, March 31, all the trains will run into dépôt of Long Island Railroad at Hunter's Point, and connect with these ferries. Time-Table for the present as heretofore.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM FLUSHING.
6:45, 9, 10:30 A. M.	6:30, 8, 10 A. M.
1, 4, 6 P. M.	1, 3, 5 P. M.

Trains stop each way at West Flushing, Newtown, Winfield and Penny Bridge.

Stages connect at Flushing for Whitestone; also, to Bayside, Little Neck and Manhasset.

N. B.—Freight is now received at James-slip Ferry until 12 M. for 1 o'clock train, and until 5 P. M. for 6 o'clock train.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD, FOR LONG BRANCH, SHREWSBURY, SQUAN, TOMS RIVER.—On and after Tuesday, April 1, the steamer AURORA will leave New-York, from foot of Robinson-st., at 4 P. M., connecting at Port Monmouth with cars for the above places.

Returning, Express train will leave Manchester at 6 A. M., and Long Branch at 7 A. M. Freight train leaves Bergen at 12½ P. M.

On and after May 1, the AURORA will leave from the covered pier foot of Murray-st.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS from foot of Chambers-st., as follows, viz.: 7 A. M., Express, for Buffalo; 8:15 A. M., Mail; 9:15 A. M., Milk, daily; 11 A. M., Accomodation, daily; 3:30 P. M., Way, for Middletown, Newburgh and intermediate stations; 5 P. M., Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Canandaigua, and principal stations. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk. 7 P. M., Accommodation.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 11 A. M., and 3:30 and 5 P. M.	7:25, 11:25 A. M., and 3:55 and 5:25 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with sleeping car,) 10 P. M.	10:25 P. M., (Sundays included.)

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—Passengers dépôt, James-slip and foot of 34th-st., E. R. Summer arrangement—At 8 A. M. for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hamptons. At 12 M. and 4:30 P. M. for Syosset; 3:30 P. M. for Greenport; 6 P. M. for Hempstead.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M. and 12:05, 4:25 and 6:05 P. M.; for Munsey at 4:25 P. M., and for Sufferns at 9:15 A. M. T. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—THE STEAMER BRIDGEPORT will leave Peck-slip, E. R., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in time to connect with all the express trains. Returning, leaves Bridgeport every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY MORNINGS, at 10½ o'clock, on arrival of the New-Haven cars. Frieght taken and way-bill to all stations on the Housatonic Railroad.

FOR HARTFORD DIRECT AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS ON THE CONNECTICUT RIVER.—The steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE will leave Pier No. 24 East River, (Peck-slip,) daily, at 4 o'clock P. M., until further notice. For further information apply to SAXTON & SEABURY, No. 112 South-st. D. A. MILLS, Agent.

DAY BOAT FOR POUGHKEEPSIE.—THE steamer ARMENIA will run daily (Sundays excepted) to Poughkeepsie, leaving Pier foot of Harrison-st, at 8 o'clock. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 4 o'clock, making the intermediate landings.

NIGHT BOAT TO NEW-HAVEN.—THE TRAVELER leaves Peck-slip, at 11 P. M., arriving in time for early trains. The CONTINENTAL leaves at 3 P.M. Trains go north and east from New-Haven at 11 P.M.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

CAPE & FLOYD,
SMOKERS, PACKERS AND GENERAL PROVISION DEALERS,
Nos. 84 and 86 Allen-st., Nos. 269, 271 and 273 Broome-st., and No. 163 Fulton Market.
PROVISIONS of all kinds carefully put up for steamships and sailing vessels.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
WEDNESDAY, April 16,
THE LUBIN BROTHERS,
ESCAMOTEURS EXTRAORDINAIRE.
SOIREES MAGIQUES.
A NIGHT IN DREAMLAND.
The Academy transformed into a grand
CAGLIOSTROMANTHEUM,
OR,
LUBRINIAN CABALISTIC BOUDOIR.
PRICES:

Parquette and Dress Circle	$1
No extra charge for reserved seats.	
Proscenium Boxes	6
Seats in Private Boxes	1
Amphitheatre	25 cts.

Box office open from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

WALLACK'S.
PROGRAMME FOR THE WEEK:

THURSDAY, second time, Bourcicault's highly popular comedy, adapted and rewritten expressly for Wallack's Theatre, of
LOVE AND MONEY,
which was honored at its first representation with gratifying demonstrations of approval by a crowded and fashionable audience.

FRIDAY, THE WONDER!
SATURDAY, THE ROAD TO RUIN.
WEDNESDAY,
Morton's standard comedy, with a great cast, of a
CURE FOR THE HEARTACHE.

Young Rapid	Mr. Lester Wallack
Old Rapid	Mr. Blake
Sir Hubert Stanley	Mr. Norton
Charles Stanley	Mr. Reynolds
Vortex	Mr. G. Holland
Frank Oatland	Mr. John Sefton
Bronze	Mr. Floyd
Miss Vortex	Miss Fanny Morant
Jessy Oatland	Mrs. Hoey
Ellen Vortex	Miss M. Henriques

The Comedies of
EVERYONE HAS HIS FAULT,
and
LOVE IN A MAZE,
Are in preparation.

WINTER GARDEN.
T. B. JACKSON,
Treasurer,
has the honor to announce that his
FIRST BENEFIT IN NEW-YORK
has been fixed for
THURSDAY EVENING,
April 17,
on which occasion he has the pleasure of announcing that the great American Comedian,
Mr. J. S. CLARKE,
who has most kindly volunteered his services, will make his
LAST APPEARANCE
in New-York, prior to his departure for Europe on Saturday, in his great comic character of
TOODLES.
The charming Comedienne,
MISS SARA STEVENS,
who also departs for Europe on Saturday, being engaged by Mr. Bourcicault for the Adelphi Theatre, London, has also most generously tendered her services, and will
BID FAREWELL TO HER FRIENDS
and the public of New-York, in the character of
LUCY ARUNDEL,
in
TWO CAN PLAY AT THAT GAME.
THREE PIECES
will be presented, embracing in addition,
MANY OTHER EMINENT ARTISTS.

WINTER GARDEN.
THIS (Wednesday,) EVENING, April 16, the performances will be for
THE BENEFIT
OF THE
WIDOW AND ORPHANS OF THE LATE THOMAS B. MORGAN,
Who died in the discharge of his duty as a member of
THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.
The entertainment will embrace Tom Taylor's best piece,
STILL WATERS RUN DEEP,
Presented for the first time at this Theatre, with a powerful cast, and beautiful drama of
ROBERT MACAIRE.
With a variety of songs between the pieces
THURSDAY,
BENEFIT
OF
T. B. JACKSON,
TREASURER OF WINTER GARDEN.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
EVERY NIGHT,
THE MAGNIFICENT OPERATIC SPECTACLE OF
THE ENCHANTRESS.
The young American Prima Donna,
MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS,
In her celebrated character of
STELLA, THE ENCHANTRESS.
E. L. DAVENPORT, W. WHEATLEY, P. RICHINGS,
in the leading characters of the spectacle.

Premiere danseuse	ANNETTI GALETTI
Entire new Scenery by	JOHN H. SELWYN
Beautiful Music by	BALFE AND DR. CUNNINGTON

will be rendered by an
AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA AND FULL CHORUS,
UNDER DIRECTION OF MR. JOHN COOKE.

Admission, Dress Circle and Parquet	50 cents
Secured Parquet Stalls	75 cents
Family Circle, entrance on Crosby-st	25 cents

Doors open at 7¼, to commence at 7¾ o'clock.

WONDERFUL WONDERS!!!

At the PARISIAN CABINET OF WONDERS AND ANATOMY, No. 553 Broadway, next door to Ball, Black & Co.'s, New-York. Just added to this large, superb and world-famed collection, a perfect freak of nature, a monster Child, with two heads, four legs and three arms. In conjunction with this interesting sight, there are wonders of an unsurpassed and thrilling nature. At one glance is seen 1,700 parts of the human body. The institution has been pronounced, by the many thousands who crowd to it daily, to have a truly moral tendency.

Lectures daily on interesting scientific and pathological subjects.

Open, for gentlemen only, from 10 A. M. until 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

DODWORTH'S HALL, NO. 806 BROADWAY.
DE CORDOVA'S
HUMOROUS AND HIGHLY ENTERTAINING LECTURE,
"THE BALL IS UP,"
With an introduction in verse,
THURSDAY EVENING, April 17,
At 8 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.
A. P. HEPWORTH, Manager.

FINAL EXHIBITION
OF
"CHURCH'S HEART OF THE ANDES,"
AT GOUPIL'S, No. 772 BROADWAY,
From 9 to 6 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.
Visitors are requested to bring opera-glasses.

ST. NICHOLAS SOCIETY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—This Society will celebrate their annual PAAS FESTIVAL, with a supper, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, on EASTER MONDAY, April 21, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Members of the Society will please procure their tickets previous to 1 o'clock of the day of the Festival, in order that proper arrangements may be made for their accommodation, from either of the Stewards, viz.;

JAMES H. PINKNEY, No. 8 Wall-st.,
CLAUDIUS L. MONELL, No. 20 Nassau-st.,
JAMES M. McLEAN, No. 67 Wall-st.,
EDWARD SLOSSON, No. 40 Wall-st.,
AUGUSTUS R. MACDONOUGH, No. 15 Nassau-st.,
CARLISLE NORWOOD, No. 104 Broadway,
EDWARD SCHELL, No. 21 Maiden-lane,
And of R. E. MOUNT, JR., Secretary,
No. 11 Wall-st.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.—THE Thirty-seventh Annual Exhibition of the National Academy of Design, consisting of Original Works by Living Artists, is NOW OPEN, for the Season, at the Galleries No. 625 Broadway. Season tickets, 50 cents. Single admission, 25 cents. T. ADDISON RICHARDS,
Corresponding Secretary National Academy.

LECTURES.

LECTURE.—A LECTURE WILL BE DELIVERed by Rev. JOHN BRASH, in the Jane-st. United Presbyterian Church, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 16. Subject: *The John Browns of Scotland.* Tickets 25 cents. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock.

PRINTING MATERIALS.

NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDRY,
(ESTABLISHED, 1823,)
NO. 29 SPRUCE-STREET.

PRINTERS ARE INVITED TO CALL OF the subscriber, where they can be supplied with EVERY STYLE of PRINTING TYPES, made from UNRIVALED HARD METAL, and finished in the more accurate manner, with Presses and every article they require, at the LOWEST PRICE for cash or approved paper. ELECTROTYPING and STEREOTYPING; Second-hand Presses and materials bought and sold. Type copperfaced to order by the Newton Company. Old type taken in exchange for new at 10 cents per pound.

PETER C. CORTELYOU.

DELMONICO'S,

CORNER OF 5TH-AV. AND 14TH-ST.

WILL BE OPENED

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1862.

DRAKE'S
PLANTATION BITTERS.
S. T. 1860, X.

It invigorates, strengthens and purifies the system. Is a perfect appetizer and the most agreeable and effectual tonic in the world. It is composed of the celebrated Calasaya bark, roots, herbs and pure St. Croix Rum. Particularly adapted to delicate females. Cures dyspepsia and weakness, and is just the thing for the changes of the seasons. Sold by all grocers, druggists, hotels and saloons.

P. H. DRAKE & CO., No. 202 Broadway, New-York.

M. ARTHUR & SON, BOOT UPPERS,
SHOE UPPERS,
GAITER UPPERS,
BALMORALS.

The Customer Shoe Trade can always rely on our using none but the primest quality of every material in every variety of style and workmanship.

M. ARTHUR & SON, No. 89 Gold-st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
UNPARALLELED ATTRACTIONS!
Even the Museum has never before had a tithe of them.

COMMODORE NUTT, the smallest man alive.
THE BELGIAN GIANT, the largest man alive.
THE LIVING HIPPOPOTAMUS, LIVING WHALE, SEA LION, MAMMOTH BEAR SAMSON, THE AQUARIA, with its multitude of beautiful LIVING FISH, THE MADAGASCAR ALBINO FAMILY, WHAT IS IT? or Man Monkey, LIVING MONSTER SNAKES, WAX FIGURES, LIVING HAPPY FAMILY, and near a Million other Curiosities.

SPLENDID DRAMATIC PERFORMANCES EVERY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock, and EVERY EVENING at 7¾ o'clock, consisting of
HOP O' MY THUMB; Or, THE OGRE AND DWARF, in which COMMODORE NUTT appears as the DWARF, and the BELGIAN GIANT as the OGRE; other characters by the Company, concluding with the magnificent scene BOWER OF BEAUTY, followed by
THE FARCE, LESSON FOR LOVERS,
in which Mrs. J. J. PRIOR, Miss C. ALLFORD, and Messrs. HADAWAY and NAGLE appear.

HEADS OF FAMILIES will please observe that no profane or vulgar language is allowed on the stage, nor intoxicating drinks on the premises.

Admission to all 25 cents; children under 10, 15 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.
Doors open at 7; performance to commence at 7¾ o'clock.
TO-NIGHT, AND EVERY NIGHT,
THE NEW AND ORIGINAL
THREE-ACT IRISH DRAMA,
By Laura Keene, entitled,
THE MACARTHY,
OR
PEEP O' DAY.
PEEP O' DAY.
NEW AND SPLENDID SCENERY
NEW DRESSES AND MUSIC.

Mary Kelly	Miss Laura Keene
Nelly Brady	Mrs. Waller
The Macarthy	Mr. Waller

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S
MAMMOTH MENAGERIE
AND
GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION.
HYATT FROST..........Manager.
SEVENTEENTH-ST., NEAR SIXTH-AV.
SEVENTEENTH-ST., NEAR SIXTH-AV.

Doors open at 10, 2 and 7 o'clock. Performance, 11½, 3½ and 8½ o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Children under 9 years, 15 cents.

OPEN MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING,
UNDER
AN IMMENSE NEW PAVILION,
Containing upward of 47,000 square feet of cloth, and manufactured by H. Dougherty, No. 171 South-st., N. Y.
THE LIVING WILD ANIMALS

All occupy superb cages, resembling miniature palaces, which are constructed by those incomparable carriage makers, FIELDING BROTHERS, 41st-st., N. Y. The ornamental paintings on them is the most extraordinary effort of pictorial art and enterprise ever seen in any country in the world. They were executed by H. BOESE, who has excelled in this particular instance any artist of the present day. This
UNEQUALED EXHIBITION
has been visited during the past week (notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather) by upward of
23,000 PERSONS,
And pronounced by the Press, clergy, and *elite* of the City, to surpass, in beauty and variety, any exhibition of the kind in the known world. Please remember this is
This is
POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK
POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK
of this Exhibition in New-York previous to its starting on its Annual Summer Tour. There will be eighteen performances given this week—three each day,
MORNING, AFTERNOON and EVENING,
rain or shine, sleighing or no sleighing, snow or no snow.
There is not the least shadow of a doubt but that there will be
IMMENSE AUDIENCES
UNDER THE
MAMMOTH PAVILION,
(the largest ever constructed in America,) to see this
MAMMOTH COLLECTION
of Living Animals, the largest in the world, of which is the
GREAT WAR ELEPHANT, HANNIBAL.
ALSO, THE
PERFORMING ELEPHANT, TIPPO SAIB,
and almost every variety of animals known to naturalists.
The public can form no idea of the cost of this
IMMENSE ZOOLOGICAL ENTERPRISE,
and Van Amburg & Co. assure them that the cost of the establishment is positively
$105,000,
and requires to transport and exhibit the services of eighty-four men, and one hundred and twenty horses.
LAST PERFORMANCE,
SATURDAY NIGHT, APRIL 19.
LAST PERFORMANCE,
SATURDAY NIGHT, APRIL 19.

BOWERY THEATRE TO LET, WITH scenery, wardrobe and properties; immediate possession given. Apply to JOHN S. GILES, Receiver, No. 34 Elisabeth-st.

DRY GOODS.

AT LEGRAIN'S,
NO. 729 BROADWAY,
Will be opened on MONDAY,
FRENCH PRINTED BRILLIANTS at 25c. worth 40c.
FRENCH PRINTED JACONETS at 25c. worth 38c.
FRENCH PRINTED ORGANDIES at 30c., worth 50c.
The above goods are QUITE NEW DESIGNS.
ALSO JUST RECEIVED,
A LARGE CHOICE OF ORGANDIES,
LATEST PARIS FASHION.
HONEY-COMB,
The newest material for traveling and garden dresses, (really stylish and ladylike.) ONE YARD WIDE, washes beautifully, ONLY 38 CENTS PER YARD.
For $1 75, a flounced robe, good barége Anglais,
REALLY WORTH $6.

CURTAIN MATERIALS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
UPHOLSTERER'S GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
IMPORTERS and DEALERS,

Call the attention of wholesale and retail buyers to the great bargains which they are now offering in the above goods.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN
PAPER HANGINGS.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway.
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS
AND PRACTICAL PAPER HANGERS,

Have the largest and best-selected stock of the above goods in this market. They will sell them by lot or roll to wholesale and retail buyers, and will take orders to hang them in plain and decorative styles at a small advance on cost.

HEAVY CURTAINS,
From the richest and most costly,
To the cheapest that are made.
SOLOMON & HART,
Upholsterers,
No. 369 Broadway,
are offering great inducements in the above goods.

WINDOW SHADES.
SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 Broadway,
Manufacturers,
offer them to the trade and at retail much below market prices.

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,
EVERY STYLE AND QUALITY.
AT GREAT BARGAINS.
SOLOMON & HART,
Importers,
No. 369 Broadway.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway,

Are now offering at retail their finely assorted stock of HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS, Consisting of the best styles and makes of SHIRTING LINENS.

Linen Sheetings, Table Damask, Napkins, &c., Towels, Quilts, Flannels, &c., &c.

Also, a large stock of DOMESTIC SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS, Cambric Muslins, Jaconets, Nainsooks and India Twills.

They would call particular attention to their very fine stock for BOYS' WEAR, Of plain, plaid and striped Linen Drills, Sateens, Nankeenetes and printed Linens, which they believe to be unequaled in this City, for style and cheapness.

LACE CURTAINS,

Chintzes, Cornices, Shades, Reps, Tapestries, Brocatels, Satins, &c., &c., in great variety, and at low prices.

PATON & CO.,
No. 341 Broadway.

A CARD.

Having given up our store, and being about to remove, and also to relinquish the Gentlemen's Furnishing part of our business, we would call the attention of the public to the stock, which, for excellent quality of goods, has never been surpassed.

This stock we now offer at and below cost, to close it up by the 15th of April. Families buying such goods can find a very desirable assortment, consisting of all styles of

SHIRTS, STOCKS,
SUSPENDERS, SOCKS,
UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS,

Pocket Handkerchiefs, Collars, French Bosoms, and every requisite for a gentleman's toilet.

A. & G. A. ARNOUX,
St. Nicholas Hotel, No. 521 Broadway.

MANTILLAS AND SACKS FOR SPRING,
OF THE LATEST PARIS STYLES,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
WOODBRIDGE & KEHOE,
No. 336 Broadway, corner Worth-st.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, NO. 657 BROADWAY—All kinds of children's cloaks, dresses, blankets, sacks, chemises, infants' waists, aprons, bibs, baskets, &c., &c. Garibaldi, Costumer. Ladies' embroidered chemises and night-gown yokes; also, ladies' ready-made under garments; fluted handkerchiefs; initials and coat-of-arms embroidered on handkerchiefs, table-linen and bed clothing; cotton and silk embroideries made to order. Stamping for embroideries executed in the most perfect manner.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—FROM 10 TO 15,000 dollars worth of drygoods or clothing; payment one-third cash, and two-thirds real estate. Address A. B. C., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

OLD POINT AND YORKTOWN.

[Continued from First Page.]

about a thousand yards in front, I fetched a halt here, and on inquiry of Col. LANSING's regiment, camping in a skirt of timber near by, learned that I stood under the rebel guns of Yorktown—that this was the site of Gen. BUTTERFIELD's camp the day before, who had the post of honor; and that Capt. GRIFFIN, that dauntless and skillful artillerist, had exchanged rounds with the enemy for two days past, from the position I occupied, the enemy's shells passing over his head and far to his rear. Having satisfied myself of the inhospitality of this locality, I withdrew slowly and in good order, (no single individual being ever regarded as worthy of a shot from a piece of artillery,) and sought Gen. BUTTERFIELD's camp, which, for prudential reasons, had that day been moved backward a mile.

Not finding Gen. BUTTERFIELD in his tent, I proceeded to Capt. GRIFFIN's quarters near by, and was welcomed with such kindness as a genuine soldier and good friend knows how to show. He offered me meat and bread, and the privilege of spreading my blanket beneath his tent, and sleeping for the night.

The day closed on me here more cheerfully than for a week past. The clouds had cleared away during the afternoon, the sun set gloriously, and a warm Spring air blessed the earth again. We lay in close proximity to York River, whose placid waters furnished a splendid foreground to the white spread sails of several schooners away down in the Chesapeake, which was in full view. As I had left the dreary plain of Gen. McCLELLAN's headquarters the roads appeared to become worse than I had traveled previously; but before reaching the neighborhood of York River, the surface of the peninsula became broken by ravines and the beds of little creeks, which drained the earth, and left dry and pleasant plateaus and ridges. These were covered by a wilderness of white tents, just erected, and soldiers swarmed like ants around them, cutting down bushes, gathering fuel, making fires and preparing suppers. And by the time daylight was gone, a myriad lights blazed out over the vast field, looking like the gas-lights of a great city, while the murmuring tumult of voices that reached the ear well maintained the illusion. YORK.

GEN. BURNSIDE'S COMMAND.

Arrival of the Transports Jersey Blue and George Peabody.

The Preparations for the Bombardment of Fort Macon.

The Difficulties Encountered in Transporting the Siege Train.

Continued Good Health of the Troops.

The United States transport *Jersey Blue*, Capt. JACKSON, arrived yesterday from Newbern, whence she sailed on the 11th, leaving Hatteras Inlet on the 13th. There had been nothing new at Newbern. Preparations were being made for the siege of Fort Macon—getting heavy guns into position, &c. The bridge over the River Neuse had been finished. The transport *Albany* would sail for New-York on the 12th, with two hundred and fifty Confederate prisoners, taken at Newbern. The health of the troops continued good, and but few cases of fever and ague had been known. The transport *Thomas Sparks* had just arrived at Hatteras. There had been no new arrivals at Newbern. The *Jersey Blue* has the following passengers:

Rev. Geo. Soulé, chaplain Eleventh Connecticut, having in charge the body of Capt. Edwin R. Lee, who fell at Newbern, March 14; Lieut. J. A. Shipman, of the Eleventh Connecticut, resigned; Capt. Francis L. Lewis and Samuel Steel, a private, discharged; Romazo Gage, private, on furlough, all of the Eleventh Connecticut. Rev. Horace James, chaplain Twenty-fifth Massachusetts, in charge of John S. Mayo, whose arm had been amputated, and Leonard D. Hadley, whose arm had also been amputated; Capt. Williard Clark, of Company B, resigned; Wm. H. Fairbanks, Daniel W. Eames. Charles Henry, privates, on furlough, all of the Twenty-fifth Massachusetts. Private Geo. Lawrence, of the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts, discharged; Sergeants John Meserole and John Merkle, of the Fifty-third New-York, D'Epeneuil Zouaves, on furlough; private A. J. Hood, Twenty-third Massachusetts, with the horse of Lieut.-Col. Merritt, who fell at Newbern.

The U. S. steam transport *George Peabody*, Commander TRAVIS, arrived at this port Monday night from Hatteras Inlet, bringing government dispatches and the mail.

She brings no news excepting that Fort Macon was still in possession of the rebels, and as all communication had been cut off from it both by land and water, it was expected it would soon surrender. There are about 500 rebel troops in the fort. The steamers *Jersey Blue* and *Albany* were both at Hatteras Inlet when the *George Peabody* sailed, both ready to sail for New-York, the former with wounded and sick, and the latter with prisoners. Major CHAS. W. LE GENDRE, of the Fifty-first Regiment New-York Volunteers, and forty soldiers on furlough, come home in the *George Peabody*.

OUR NEWBERN CORRESPONDENCE.

PROGRESS OF THE SIEGE OF FORT MACON—DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY—AFFAIRS NEAR NEWBERN—POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS—JUSTICE TO SURGEONS—SICK AND WOUNDED GOING NORTH.

NEWBERN, N. C., Saturday, April 5, 1862.

There is little of stirring importance to communicate by the mail of to-day. Since my last, dated on the 2d inst., considerable progress has been made in the preparations for the taking of Fort Macon, which is the next most essential step in the programme of the campaign in North Carolina. There being no locomotives on the road between this place and Merehend City, all the siege materials have to be carried hence by steamer fifteen miles to the head of Slocum's Creek, and then hauled one mile to the railroad station at Havelock. At the latter point they are placed on platform and baggage-cars, and, by the aid of mules, are slowly hauled to Carolina City, which is the headquarters of Gen. PARKE. Here there is a turn-out, and short track leading to a wharf on the edge of Bogue Sound, where the guns, mortars and ammunition are received on board of flatboats and conveyed across the sound to Bogue Beach, a distance of one and a half miles. When these heavy guns and other ponderous *materiel*, are on board the flats, the labor of transporting them to the desired place of operations has but just commenced. The *Sound* is so shallow that it can easily be sounded by wading knee-deep for more than half the distance across—a narrow channel, containing only some five or six feet at high water, intervening. Having reached the opposite shore at a point four miles due west of Fort Macon, a wide marsh must be crossed, in which the wheels of artillery carriages sink to the hub; and when this obstacle has been overcome, a continuous line of sandy knolls is reached, extending to the fort. These sand-hills are covered by a stunted growth of bush and briar, in which the wheels sink to the axle, and require a very great force to move the massive loads. I mention these matters for the purpose of explaining—if explanation should be necessary—the cause of any delay that may occur in the reduction of the fort, a result which is only the work of time.

There is good reason to believe that the force inside of Macon is not adequate to the effective working of the guns, and this is being daily weakened by desertions. It is certain that no important movement will be made until Beaufort is open to the entrance of our ships. With this accomplished, and with two or three good locomotives placed on the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad, operations will go on swimmingly.

The importance of this line of communication with the interior makes the rebels desperate in their efforts to retain it. Immense schemes of aggrandizement for the South and West were identified with the completion of this road. Direct trade with Europe was to flow in an unbroken stream through the magnificent harbor of Beaufort, (it has not room enough for half-a-dozen ships to anchor safely in,) and a new future was to be developed for the South, no longer dependent on the insignificant harbors of the North. Charleston, too, was to be thrown into the shade. Englishmen invested largely in the stock, and out of compliment to British cousins, each station on the route, which were hereafter to grow into towns and cities, was dignified with the names of "Havelock," "Lucknow," and "Newport." "Carolina City" is all on paper, there being only three or four miserable houses squatting upon burning sandy plains, and "Morehead City" has only some twenty-five houses, upon an equally desolate location, and not to exceed 400 inhabitants, white and black. It will take a century, with such materials as now occupy this country, to raise it to a condition of activity and importance equal to Marblehead or Newport. This, however, by way of parenthesis.

Some demonstrations were recently made at Newport Station by rebel cavalry, and the Fifth Rhode Island were turned out of their comfortable quarters and formed into line of battle, to receive the coming foe. After waiting in vain for the attack, they found out that there were only a hundred secession cavalry, which were advancing to capture the Union men of the neighborhood, or burn their houses and the new bridge. Finding the Rhode Island boys were ready for them, they deemed it prudent to retire.

The following day the New-Jersey Ninth were sent down to occupy the place, and support the Rhode Island Fifth.

The fortifications for rendering secure the town of Newbern against attack are in an advanced state, and New-York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts troops are encamped west of the town, upon the level plain extending in that direction, to make all things secure.

Comparatively few of the citizens have returned to Newbern. Those who remained receive full protection for person and property, and are going on with their business without hindrance or molestation.

Contrabands abound in the place, and the cry is, "Still they come." They exhibit great joy at the changed order of affairs, and work cheerfully for their new-found uncle—Sam. Their labor at the present time is of great service to the army, as they perform a great part of the drudgery of the camp, and thus enable the troops to look after the defence of the place.

The process of acclimation is causing some sickness among the men, but it is not generally of a serious type. The sick and wounded of the Twenty-first and Twenty-seventh Massachusetts Regiments will be sent home in a few days, under the care of Mr. LABAN MORSE, of Athol, Mass.

A large mail, for which we have waited with much impatience, arrived yesterday. There is much complaint at the tardiness of these visits from home. Cannot the Post-office Department do something to improve the communication between the troops of this expedition and their homes? If the Postmaster-General will do so, he will render himself the most popular man in this country next to Gen. BURNSIDE.

Col. KURTZ, of the Twenty-third Massachusetts Regiment, goes home by this steamer to recruit for his regiment.

I append a list of the dead of the Fifty-first New-York Regiment, who fell at the battle on the 14th of March:

Chaplain O. N. Benton, died of wounds, March 15.
First Lieut. George D. Allen, killed, March 14.
Capt. D. R. Johnson, wounded March 14, died March 19.
Private T. C. Mott, Co. A, killed, March 14.
Orderly Sergeant R. B. Smith, Co. B, killed, March 14.
Private G. Zimmerman, Co. B, killed, March 14.
Private Patrick Keyes, Co. C, killed, March 14.
Orderly Sergeant H. I. Kendall, Co. D, killed, March 14.
Private Mathew Meghan, Co. D, killed, March 14.
Sergeant J. Hayre, Co. E, killed, March 14.
Private F. McCarty, Co. F, killed, March 14.
Private N. Fitzmaurice, Co. H, killed, March 14.
Private Charles Lusty, Co. H, killed, March 14.
Drummer John Gaylor, Co. H, killed, March 14.
Private George Cease, Co. I, wounded, March 14; died, March 16.
Private John Kavanagh, Co. K, killed, March 14.
Private A. Shelmer, Co. A, wounded, died March 20.
Sergeant Cyrus A. Powers, Co. I, wounded, March 14; died, March 22.
Private John Walsh, Co. H, wounded, March 14; died, March 26.
Private George Odell, Co. H, wounded, March 14; died, March 23.
Capt. Jefferson Dopp, Co. H, died, March ——, of disease.
Private John Moore, Co. E, wounded, March 14; died, March 28.
Private Andrew Kelter, Co. H, wounded, March 14; died, March 30.

In justice to the Surgeons at the late battle, I inclose the following statement from one of them:

NEWBERN, March 27, 1862.

SIR: In your description of the "attentions to the wounded," you mention correctly the principal dépôts, and pay a deserved tribute to the courageous and faithful labors of Dr. DERBY. You omit, however, altogether to mention the hospital established in the group of shanties a hundred yards distant from the farm-house occupied by Dr. DERBY, (known as HARRISON's house,) between that house and the battle-field. In those shanties, there were thirty-one men severely wounded, and over thirty others were dressed there, and sent on to the hospitals in the rear.

You will recollect that, on that morning, the Twenty-fourth Massachusetts formed on the right of the road, but without opening fire until the howitzers were put in position. The Twenty-seventh Massachusetts formed on the left, and opened fire. The Twenty-third Massachusetts came up rapidly, and formed on the left of the Twenty-seventh. The first man wounded was a private of the Twenty-seventh, whose arm was carried away by grape (JOHN CUSHMAN, Company D. I had him carried a little way down and across the road, where I prepared for the necessary amputation near the shoulder. But we were perfectly within range, and one of the attendants was wounded as we stood there, and it was necessary to convey the first patient to the shanties, the location of which, on the lane leading to HARRISON's house, you will recollect. Here I did this operation, and had hardly completed it when the house began to be thronged with wounded men. I had just got through with a second amputation, when Dr. DERBY came in, accompanying Capt. SAWYER, whose thigh he had just before removed on the field, under a hot fire. Finding that the shanties were already crowded with wounded, Dr. DERBY went on and occupied the farm-house.

The shanties were repeatedly struck by musket-balls and grape. One of the attendants volunteered to climb to the roof of the principal building, to attach a hospital flag thereon, and the flag was presently perforated by a ball. I here performed seven of the major amputations, three operations for the extraction of balls, besides several amputations of fingers and such like minor procedures. I was assisted for a portion of the time by Assistant-Surgeons LATHROP, of the Eighth Connecticut Volunteers, and CAMP, of the Twenty-seventh, each of whom performed an amputation of the arm, and applied a great number of dressings for patients subsequently moved further to the rear.

I remained in charge of thirty-one patients of the Twenty-seventh Massachusetts, Fourth Rhode Island, Eleventh Connecticut, Twenty-fifth Massachusetts, and Naval Brigade, too severely wounded to be moved, for five days, when I moved them to the steamer *Union*, and accompanied them to Newbern.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient, servant,
GEORGE A. OTIS,
Surgeon Twenty-seventh Mass. Vol.

North Carolina Correspondent of the TIMES. E. S.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SHENANDOAH.

WOODSTOCK, Va., *via* EDENBURG, Tuesday, April 15.

A National salute was fired at noon, to-day, in honor of the recent victories, by order of Gen. BANKS. Great enthusiasm is manifested throughout the division.

The rebels continue barbarously to fire on our pickets.

Arrest of Ex-Secretary Cameron on Complaint of Pierce Butler.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, April 15.

Ex-Secretary CAMERON was arrested in this city, to-day, on a warrant issued by the sheriff's officers, on complaint of PIERCE BUTLER, for alleged illegal retainor in Fort Lafayette.

To-night a hundred citizens, headed by a number of public officers, visited the residence of Mr. BUTLER, and regaled him with the noise of horns, fiddles and other discordant instruments.

Mr. CAMERON had made ready to start for Europe at an early period, and this arrest will materially interfere with his arrangements.

Mr. WALL and friends, of Burlington, N. J., have been in town all day, waiting to castigate Mr. CAMERON for the arrest of Mr. WALL last Fall.

The ex-Secretary is guarded by the United States Marshal, the District-Attorney and others. For the present, Mr. CAMERON has declared his intention not to sail for Russia until the case in question is disposed of.

The arrest took him entirely by surprise, and occasioned much mortification.

The Welland Canal.

ST. CATHERINES, C. W., Tuesday, April 15.

The Welland Canal opened to-day. Vessels are moving each way. There are about 60 to 90 up.

THE NEWS FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the City of Baltimore, and the Mails by the Norwegian.

Debate in the British House of Commons on Iron-Clad Vessels.

The screw steamship *City of Baltimore*, Capt. JEFFREY, which sailed from Liverpool at noon on the 2d, and from Queenstown on the 3d inst., arrived here late last night. A summary of her news was received by the *Norwegian*, at Portland, and published yesterday morning.

Our mails by the *Norwegian* also reached this City last night. We find little in them to add to our full telegraphic summary.

Iron-Clad Vessels of War.

INTERESTING DEBATE IN THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Sir F. SMITH called attention to the reports of an engagement between an American iron-clad frigate in the naval service of the Confederate States, called the *Merrimac*, and an iron gunboat called the *Monitor*, in the naval service of the Federal States, having a shot-proof roof, and asked whether, in consequence of the results of that action, it would not be prudent to suspend the construction of some of the proposed forts at Spithead until the value of such iron-roofed gunboats for the defence of our ports and roadsteads should have been fully considered, especially referring to the fortification of Spithead and Portsmouth. He pointed out that already the Americans were constructing a formidable iron fleet, calculated for every species of defence of their coasts and harbors.

Mr. LAIRD urged that the success of the *Monitor* had shown that small iron-clad vessels could contend with large ones, while the action of the *Merrimac* had settled the question of wooden ships, and he understood that the Americans were so satisfied with the capabilities of the new vessels that they meant to give up fortifications and trust to a fleet of *Monitors* for the defence of their harbors. He contended that the whole British fleet should be reconstructed by the adoption of iron-clad ships, and it would be a saving of expense to construct docks on our naval stations abroad for the repair of these vessels, which would obviate the objection which was made to such vessels being employed abroad.

Mr. GREGORY thought that what had just occurred had caused a complete revolution in naval warfare; and, although the Americans had declared that the naval supremacy of England was at an end, he believed that, with our natural resources and mechanical appliances, we might easily retain that supremacy. The adoption of iron-built vessels, such as were now in question, would be a cheaper system than that at present existing, and would remove the burden entailed by the erection of fortifications, while the question of colonial fortification was decided. Naval superiority on the American lakes, and the invulnerability of Quebec, were involved in this question of small iron-clad vessels. It was hardly doubtful but that an encounter between the *Warrior* and the *Monitor* would have ended in the success of the latter.

Sir J. D. HAY, who, as Chairman of the iron-plate commission had been appealed to by Sir F. SMITH, said that his opinion as to the fortifications of Portsmouth had changed, and that the defence of that arsenal ought to be intrusted to iron-clad vessels instead of to forts. He was of opinion that the smallest kind of war-vessels ought still to be constructed of wood, as they could only bear thin iron plates, but all large fighting ships ought to be, and must be, iron-cased. He thought that all our line-of-battle ships should be cut down to their lower deck beams, and plated with iron, and with Capt. COLES' cupolas placed on them, one of them would be more effective than eight or nine of those ships as they now were. He thought that the money proposed to be spent on fortifications should be expended on docks at Malta, Bermuda, and other naval stations, for the repair of iron vessels. He thought it was proved that sloping sides were not necessary.

After some observations from Mr. A. DUFF,

Lord A. VANE-TEMPEST said that, having seen the *Merrimac*, he could state that she was deeply immersed in the water—she was only adapted for river purposes, and was not a sea-going vessel.

Sir G. C. LEWIS said that Mr. GREGORY had suggested that revolutionizing our naval system would lead to diminution of expense; but all experience had shown that such steps had led to large expenditure. It was possible that a great change in our naval system was required, but if so, it would involve a large expenditure of public money, and it would be necessary to bring in a supplementary estimate of ten or twelve millions. The question raised by Sir F. SMITH was the same as that which was brought before the Defence Commission, and they had recommended the construction of forts at Spithead; but they were to be combined with a force of iron-clad vessels. The question now was, Whether recent events rendered an alteration in that plan necessary. His information led him to believe that the recent naval engagement had not settled the question. In reference to the defence of our coast against iron-clad vessels, by vessels of the same description, in such a case there would be something like equality between them; but the question was whether by means of improved and still more powerful ordnance the present acknowledged superiority of land batteries against ships might not be maintained; and he saw no reason why there should not be invented ordnance which could smash the side of any iron-clad vessels. The Government were not prepared precipitately to incur great cost, but every attention would be paid to the subject. He could not undertake to say that the construction of the forts at Spithead would be suspended.

Mr. BRIGHT said the question raised was a simple one, from which the Government ought not to escape without some definite statement. It was, that the fortifications now in course of construction were proved to be useless against iron-clad vessels like the *Monitor*. There was no doubt that what had occurred in the James River was a very serious matter, and was sufficient to induce the Government to suspend the expensive fortifications which were being erected.

Capt. JERVIS said that it was now proved that the plan of fortifications agreed on two years ago was a mistake, and their construction ought to be suspended.

Mr. OSBORNE had hoped that among the numerous conversions on the subject of fortifications he should have found the Government. A scheme for converting a number of our line-of-battle ships into floating batteries for the defence of our harbors, was long ago proposed by Admiral Sir RICHARD DUNDAS; but it seemed that the Government was about going on with these costly fortifications. What had occurred in America justified the House in calling on the Government to suspend their construction.

Sir J. PARKINGTON said that the impression on his mind was that it was the duty of the Government to pause and consider the real tendency of recent events before persevering in the construction of fortifications.

Lord C. PAGET said that important as the event alluded to was, there was nothing beyond what was previously known to induce the Government to take any sudden and decided step in reference to our means of defence. The relative merits of iron and wooden ships and the power of the former to run down on another vessel with their stems, were well known for the last three years, and the navy was being remodeled from that point of view. But the navy of England had certain duties to perform which could be performed as yet by iron-clad ships. He maintained that nothing had taken place which altered the necessity of having a combined system of defence of our naval harbors by forts and iron-clad ships. With regard to Capt. COLES' cupolas, he believed that was a plan which was capable of great development, but the vessels constructed on that principle were not capable of keeping the sea, and a ship on the plan which was being constructed by the Admiralty was far superior to the *Monitor*, for she could carry her guns nine feet out of the water.

Mr. BENTINCK and Mr. CONINGHAM argued against the usefulness of the proposed fortifications of Spithead.

The subject then dropped.

Mr. Raymond's Speech on Our Relations with Great Britain.

From the London Times.

What we have sought for in vain in the Federal Chambers, we have just found in the State Assembly of New-York. The NEW-YORK TIMES reports a speech of Mr. H. J. RAYMOND, delivered in that Assembly, which is really that of a calm, reasoning man, taking a comprehensive and business-like view of the foreign relations of his State, and clearing away before him the ridiculous conceits and absurd panic which seem to have possessed his coadjutors in the State Assembly. On this side of the water people will probably laugh when we go on to say that the object of this speech, which has thus drawn from us an expression of some gentle surprise and moderate applause, was of no higher aim than to convince the people of New-York that the State Assembly might adjourn without any fear that New-York would be invaded by England before it again met. Loudly, however, as London may laugh at there being a necessity for such reassurance, it would seem to exist, since the proposition which drew forth Mr. RAYMOND's elaborate speech, occupying eleven columns in the NEW-YORK TIMES, was to enrol and discipline an army of one hundred thousand men, and to build and arm forts upon the Western frontier, as a security against invasion from Canada! It might be supposed, from the interruptions with which Mr. RAYMOND was met when he argued against this waste of energy and against this permanent establishment of a great State army, that the *Trent* affair had been settled in a hostile fashion, and that the Guards were already advancing from the eastern shores of Lake Ontario. "The truth cannot be concealed," says the telegram we publish to-day, "that many Americans look still to a possibility of a war with England." It would be a very good thing if these "many Americans" would steadily read through Mr. RAYMOND's sensible speech upon the matter. He is the first man who, without ceasing from the usual nonsense about the envy by Great Britain of the superior freedom and prosperity of the United States, does justice to the course of policy which has been pursued by this country from the outbreak of the Civil War to the present moment.

Very Latest per City of Baltimore.

PARIS, Thursday, April 3.

The steamer *Seine*, having embarked at Oran troops for Mexico, with Gen. DOUAY and Staff, left for Vera Cruz on the 1st.

The *Pays* states that the final instructions to the French Minister in Mexico, were to act vigorously, and sign no treaty unless in the City of Mexico. The other Powers have probably given similar orders.

The *Débats* says a pacific solution of the question with Mexico is indefinitely adjourned.

BERLIN, Thursday, April 3.

The Government has no chance of victory in the elections. Wherever a Government candidate appears, Liberal electors appear against him.

AFFAIRS AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 15.

The following bills were reported upon favorably:

Extending the term of office of the Code Commissioners. Relative to the Commissioners and Jurors of Kings County. Providing for the public defence and protection of New-York harbor.

BILLS PASSED.

Facilitating the taking of oaths, affirmations, and proofs of written instruments by persons in military service; amending the revised statutes relative to insolvent debtors, and facilitating the appointment of referees; dividing the State into Congressional Districts; (Messrs. Connolly, Hutchinson, Montgomery, Murphy, Robertson, Sanford and Woodruff voted against this bill;) providing for the extension of the Chenango Canal; providing licenses for ballast-lighters for the port of New-York; extending the time to complete the Erie and New-York City Railroad; amending the charter of the Atlantic Fire Insurance Company of Brooklyn; to prevent attempts at burglaries and other crimes; to incorporate the Blind Mechanics' Association of New-York.

Messrs. BELL, TRUMAN, and MURPHY, were appointed a Committee of Conference on the part of the Senate for the appropriation bill.

The Committee of the Whole took up the bill to allow the Children's Aid Society to participate in the Common School Fund.

Mr. CONNOLLY moved an amendment, that new schools may be established in the same manner that Common Schools are established in said City. Lost.

Mr. BRADLEY moved an amendment, to provide that schools of the said Society shall be subject to visitation by the Board of Education of New-York. Lost—9 to 13.

The bill was ordered to a third reading.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

To amend the charter of the New-York Christian Association; punishing frauds on laborers and others seeking employment.

The Senate then took up the special order, the bill to reorganize the militia of the State. After a debate on the provisions of the bill, the Committee rose and the bill was made the special order for to-morrow evening. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 16.

Mr. DARCY moved to recommit the bill to repeal the act to widen Main-street, Brooklyn. Carried.

The whole session was occupied in the consideration of the bill to amend the assessment laws, in Committee of the Whole, P. E. HAVENS in the Chair. After a long debate, the clause exempting the taxation of all deposits in Savings' Bnnks and Life Insurance Companies, which are held solely for the benefit of the insured, was stricken out. Mr. LEWIS spoke against the inquisitorial character of the portion of law which seeks out personal property for taxation. Mr. PHELPS opposed some of the provisions of the bill which bear most heavily upon the commerce of New-York City. He moved an amendment, giving informers in cases of willful concealment of real or personal estate, half the legal tax received from such concealed property. The Committee rose at 1½ o'clock, when Mr. ALVORD moved to order the bill to a third reading.

Mr. PIERCE moved certain amendments, allowing offsets on real estate for mortgages held in this State, and on personal estate for debts, and requiring the returns of mortgages on property out of this State.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

After a long debate, the Assessment bill was referred to a Committee of Nine, with instructions to amend, inserting provisions compelling payment of taxes on mortgages on real estate by the mortgagee, allowing offsets for debt on real personal estate, bringing into assessment bonds and mortgages on lands out of this State; the Committee to have power to report complete.

On motion of Mr. HULBURT, the Supply bill was taken up, out of its order, and passed.

The report of the Committee of Nine was taken up. On motion of Mr. DARCY, the bill allowing the Brooklyn and Coney Island Railroad Company to lay rail of less weight than is required by the General Railroad law, was stricken from the report of the Committee.

Mr. SHERWOOD moved to strike from the report of the Committee the whole bill relating to negotiation of personal securities on short credit. He said the bill was an attempt to evade the Usury laws to a great extent in New-York.

Mr. PHELPS spoke in favor of the bill as one of vast importance to his constituents. It was a commercial necessity in New-York. They did not ask to interfere with bonds, mortgages or banks, but only to be allowed to loan their money at any rate they pleased. It was not proposed to interfere with the Usury laws; for if a person after borrowing money did not choose to pay more than the legal rate, 7 per cent., there was no power to recover more than that rate.

Messrs. PEARCE, BENEDICT and SHERWOOD spoke on the motion, and it was agreed to.

Mr. SCHOLEFIELD moved to strike from the report, and recommit the bill to provide for the appointment of a Supreme Court Reporter. A long debate ensued, Mr. TRACEY opposing the motion to recommit, when the previous question was ordered, and the bill recommitted.

Mr. ALVORD moved to strike out, and send to Committee of the Whole, the bill in relation to County Treasurers. After a debate, the motion was agreed to.

Mr. TRACEY moved that the bill be made the special order for Thursday morning. Agreed to.

Mr. McMULLEN, on a question of privilege, offered a resolution referring back to the Special Committee to examine the proceedings of the State Military Board so much of the report of said Committee as relates to the late Col. WM. JACKSON, to take additional testimony. He stated it was believed that the Committee had done injustice to the deceased Col. JACKSON, and they were desirous of making amends at the earliest moment.

Mr. PIERCE thought there were other portions of the report that needed early attention, and while he was willing to keep this subject separate from the other, he yet hoped the resolution would be so amended as to give a review to the whole report.

Mr. BENEDICT wanted to know if the report would be construed so as to extend to the existence of the Comittee. He though they were already discharged.

Mr. McMULLEN said the Committee had only made a partial report, and could not therefore be discharged.

The Speaker decided that the resolution was not a question of privilege.

Mr. McMULLEN asked for unanimous consent to offer the resolution. Refused.

Recess till 8 o'clock.

Mr. WILBUR, by consent, introduced a bill relative to unclaimed dividends in banks; also, a bill to facilitate the construction of the Lebanon Springs Railroad.

The bill to prevent the adulteration of milk and to prevent traffic in swill milk came up on third reading.

Mr. DARCY moved to recommit. Mr. DUTCHER advocated the bill and explained its provisions. The motion was lost and the bill passed.

Mr. DARCY moved to reconsider the vote. Lost.

On motion of Mr. RAYMOND, the bill to incorporate the Exchange Company of New-York was taken up out of its order and passed.

The following were also passed:

To amend the act in relation to the rates of wharfage in New-York and Brooklyn. To incorporate the New-York Commercial Association. To authorize Brooklyn to issue bonds for the relief of families of volunteers.

Adjourned at 10½ o'clock.

The State Canals, &c.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 15.

A resolution was adopted at a meeting of the Board of Canal Commissioners to-day, opening the Canals of the State on the 1st of May.

It is rumored that the following will be sent in as Harbor-masters to-morrow by the Governor; Coller Tinkham, Owen Brennan, Hewitt A. Beakley, —— Kirby, New-York; Robert Crittenden, Albany; Hall, Ex-Canal Appraiser, Steuben; Brainerd J. Carhow, Brooklyn.

The New-England Soldiers' Relief Association.

Last evening, the New-England Soldiers' Relief Association, located at No. 194 Broadway, was formally opened. There were present Dr. OSGOOD, Prof. HITCHCOCK, Judge BONNEY, Gen. WETMORE, R. B. GOULD, Esq., Col. HOWE, Judge PEABODY, and others. Mr. LOW, Treasurer, Chairman of the Financial Committee, reported that, for the furnishing of the hospital wards, and for current expenses, it was supposed that $5,000 would be necessary. The circulars requesting aid were only printed last Friday, and up to yesterday $2,455 had already been subscribed.

The whole of the upper part of the building, No. 194 Broadway, will be devoted expressly to the care and comfort of New-England wounded soldiers on the way to their respective homes. One hundred and fifty beds have already been furnished, and as many more can be erected if wanted. Drs. BUCK, STONE, and LAMBERT have undertaken the organization of a proper medical staff, and the selection of a number of young surgeons to assist in the care of the men upon arrival here.

An auxiliary committee of thirty ladies have also been appointed, six of whom are to act weekly, and call upon our New-England soldiers, converse with them, and endeavor to alleviate their sufferings.

The Association has already received a number of blankets, beds, sheets, and other articles necessary for the furnishing of a hospital. Mr. A. T. STEWART contributed a carpet, and Messrs. FRANCIS & LOUTREL a set of books to the Association.

A janitor and two women have been appointed to attend to the building and sick while stopping at the institution.

A collation was served. After which, speeches were made by Col. HOWE, Dr. OSGOOD, Judge BONNEY, Dr. PARMLEE, Prof. HITCHCOCK, Gen. WETMORE, Mr. LOW, and others. The health of Mr. R. G. MOULTON was drunk with appropriate honors, in consequence of the energy he displayed while in England at the commencement of the war, in raising a sufficient contribution from Americans abroad to present to the United States a full battery of WHITWORTH's rifle guns.

Funeral of Lieut.-Col. Haggerty.

The officers of the old Sixty-ninth Regiment held a meeting last evening for the purpose of making arrangements for the funeral of Lieut.-Col. HAGGERTY, which is to take place at 9 A. M. to-day. Communications were received from the officers of the Fifth, and also of the Seventh Regiment, intimating their intention to take part in the ceremonies. On motion of Quartermaster TULLY it was voted that the line of march should be as follows: Through Grand to and through the Bowery to Prince; through Prince to the Roman Catholic Cathedral; thence up Mott-street to Houston; Houston to Bowery; Bowery to Canal; Canal to Broadway; Broadway to Tenth, to the ferry, and thence to Calvary Cemetery, the place of burial. The salute will be fired by Company A, to which the deceased once belonged.

NEW-YORK FIRE ENGINES SENT TO FORTRESS MONROE.—At 4½ o'clock yesterday afternoon Mayor OPDYKE received a telegraphic dispatch from Washington, asking that two of the most powerful hand engines of this City be immediately forwarded to Fortress Monroe. In the absence of Chief-Engineer DECKER, his Assistant, Mr. BAULCH, was instructed to select the engines to be sent on. Engines Nos. 16 and 31 were accordingly prepared, and with their respective foremen and assistant foremen, were started for Baltimore by the 11 o'clock train last night, over the New-Jersey Central Railroad. Assistant Foreman BAULCH accompanied them. The engines selected are regarded as two of the best hand engines in NewYork. They took with them about 1,500 feet of hose.

Boston Weekly Bank Statement.

BOSTON, Tuesday, April 15.

Capital Stock	$38,231,700
Loans and Discounts	61,650,000
Specie	8,688,600
Due from other Banks	7,173,400
Deposits	[illegible]
Circulation	6,170,400

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, April 15.

FLOUR dull. WHEAT dull, at 73c. CORN firm. MESS PORK—Limited demand. *Receipts*—2,100 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bush. Wheat, 19,000 bush. Corn. Exchange and Gold unaltered.

BROOKLYN CIRCUIT CALENDAR FOR THIS DAY.—Nos. 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65.

[Advertisement.]

COAL—QUALITY TEST OF CHEAPNESS.—We are now discharging, direct from the mines, the celebrated Locust Mountain coal, from Locust Gap, prepared expressly for family use, which we offer at the lowest market price to families and others. Dealers supplied, in quantities less than a cargo, at a small advance on cargo price. We trust our long experience in the coal business is a sufficient guarantee that all orders will receive prompt and honest attention. Orders can be sent by post or left at No. 24 William-street. Dépôt Twenty-first-street, corner of Tenth-avenue. ASHFIELD & CO.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX HAS ACHIEVED ANOTHER VICTORY.—We have it from undoubted authority, that the principal reason which induced Mr. JENNY, the President of the Secession Convention of Virginia, to take the oath of allegiance to the United States, was to enable him to procure one of KNOX's Hats. This is a triumph of genius alone, and while the fame of KNOX's Hats produces such results among the disloyal, it easily accounts for the crowds who throng his store daily and hourly to adorn themselves with the best and most stylish hat in the City.

[Advertisement.]

Holloway's Ointment and Pills are a certain cure for all wounds, sores and ulcers. Only 25 cents per box or pot.

In India and the Crimea, British soldiers were amply provided with Holloway's Ointment and Pills, for wounds, sabre cuts, &c.

[Advertisement.]

Two splendid performances at BARNUM's Museum to-day, at 3 and 7¾ o'clock, P. M. "Hop O' My Thumb," with Commodore NUTT and the Belgian Giant; and the "Lesson for Lovers," at each. All the living novelties at all hours.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 15—*In steamship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool*—Mrs. Muirhead, Miss E. Thornton, H. Lawson, A. Osler, B. Lawrence, J. B. Leach, A. F. Marsh, Mr. Stockford, Charles E. Hess, Wm. Wellington, C. Dubois, W. P. Eastman, M. Carroll, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. Thorpe, Mr. Morian. *From Queenstown*—Mrs. Conway and lady, Mr. Scully, James Sullivan, Miss Hanna, and 469 in the steerage.

In steamship Plantagenet, from Kingston, Jam.—Messrs. Burk, Fitzgerald, Brown, Londell, Weeks, Hitchcook, Mr. and Mrs. Carl.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LILLIE'S

CHILLED AND WROUGHT-IRON SAFES.

The recent fires on Broadway and Fulton sts. have again demonstrated the superiority of these Safes over any others in use. After a test of eleven years, in which they have been extensively manufactured, the proprietor has yet to hear of a single case where they have failed to secure the contents against burglars or fire. A full variety of Bank and Office Safes, Bank Vault Doors and Frames, all of which are furnished with Lillie's New Powder, Drill and Pick-Lock-Proof Locks; also, Fire-Proof Safes, Second-Hand Safes, now offered at prices to suit the times, at No. 189 Broadway.

H. R. HUBBELL, Agent.

ISAAC PECK,
INSURANCE AND COMMISSION AGENT,
No. 36 Pine-st. Office hours, 9 to 10, 12 to 1, 4 to 5.

Effects insurances in first-class Fire and Life Companies, upon the most reliable terms. Special attention given to filling orders for general merchandise, which will be selected and bought with the utmost care and fidelity, or he will act as assistant buyer. For experience, ability, &c., references and testimonials of the highest respectability in the City, can be produced.

SAPONACEOUS TOOTH-POWDER.

Made by F. S. Cleaver. Prepared from pure white soap, as recommended by Dr. Bowditch, being the only dentrifice calculated to preserve and thoroughly cleanse the teeth. Sold by drug and fancy stores everywhere. Wholesale dépôt, Nos. 31 and 33 Dey-st.

J. C. ROYSTON.

WM. WITTERS, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 454 Canal-st., the entire furniture, &c., of a three-story house; 27 carpets, beds, bedding, dining-room and parlor suites, china, glass, &c.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—NO. 158 WEST 43d-st., near 8th-av., house, three story and basement, replete with all modern improvements. Price $6,000. Will be let very low, and may be leased for a term of years. Enquire of L. BETTS, No. 294 West 43d-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED AS COOK, by a respectable Protestant woman; is an excellent cook and baker; no objections to the country for the Summer. Best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 333 6th-av.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A respectable young woman as a good cook, and a first-rate washer and ironer, and would go as laundress; with the best of City reference. Call at No. 195 West 17th-st., second floor, front room. Can be seen for two days.

A BEAUTIFUL MICROSCOPE, MAGNIFYing 500 times, 28 cents, (silver.) Five, (different powers) $1. Mailed free. F. O. BROWN, Box No. 220, P. O., Boston, Mass.

HELMBOLD'S

GENUINE PREPARATION.
"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED,"
COMPOUND FLUID
EXTRACT BUCHU,
A Positive and Specific
REMEDY
FOR DISEASES OF THE
BLADDER,
KIDNEYS,
GRAVEL,
AND
DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine increases the power of Digestion, and excites the Absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or Calcerous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU,

Has cured every case of DIABETES in which it has been given.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER AND INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS.

For these diseases it is indeed a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU.

Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brickdust Deposit and Mucous or Milky Discharges.

AND FOR ENFEEBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS OF BOTH SEXES,
ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion,
Difficulty of Breathing,
Eruptions on the Face,
Flushing in the Body,
Dryness of the Skin,
Pain in the Back,
Horror of Disease,
Dimness of Vision,
Loss of Memory,
Loss of Power,
Weak Nerves,
Wakefulness,
Trembling,
Hot Hands.

PALLID COUNTENANCE,
UNIVERSAL LASSITUDE OF THE MUSCULAR SYSTEM.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a DIURETIC

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU
—IS—
THE GREAT DIURETIC,
AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES ALL DISEASES
ARISING FROM
HABITS OF DISSIPATION, EXCESSES AND IMPRUDENCES IN LIFE,
IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD, &c.

And it is certain to have the desired effect in Diseases for which it is recommended.

EVIDENCE
OF THE
MOST RESPONSIBLE AND RELIABLE CHARACTER
WILL ACCOMPANY THE MEDICINES.

"PHYSICIANS," PLEASE "NOTICE,"
WE MAKE NO "SECRET" OF "INGREDIENTS."

HELMBOLD'S
EXTRACT BUCHU

is composed of Buchu, Cubebs, Juniper Berries, selected with great care by a competent druggist. Prepared in vacuo, by H. T. HELMBOLD, practical and analytical chemist, and sole manufacturer of

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATION!
AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, who, being duly sworn, doth say his preparations contain no narcotic, mercury or other injurious drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 23d day of November, 1854.

WM. P. HIBBARD, Alderman,
9th-st., above Race, Philadelphia.

☞ Physicians in attendance from 8 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock P. M.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE, OR SIX FOR FIVE DOLLARS.

Delivered to any address, securely packed from observation.

Address letters for information, in confidence,

H. B. HELMBOLD,
Chemist,
DEPOT,
NO. 104 SOUTH TENTH-STREET,
(BELOW CHESTNUT,)
Philadelphia.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,
WHO ENDEAVOR TO
Dispose of "their own" and "other" articles on the reputation attained
BY
HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE PREPARATIONS!!!

HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU.
HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.
HELMBOLD'S
GENUINE IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S
TAKE NO OTHER.

☞ Cut out the Advertisement and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure.